FY 2019 ANNUAL TAX INCREMENT FINANCE REPORT



STATE OF ILLINOIS COMPTROLLER SUSANA A. MENDOZA

Name of Municipality:	Village of Bartlett	Reporting Fiscal Year:	2019
County:	Cook/DuPage/Kane	Fiscal Year End:	4/30/2019
Unit Code:	016/030/32		
		Iministrator Contract Information	

	FT 2019	TIF Administrator Contac	ct information		
First Name:	Todd	Last Name:	Dowden		
Address:	228 S. Main Street	Title:	Finance Directo	r	
Telephone:	630-837-0800	City:	Bartlett	Zip:	60103
E-mail-					

required tdowden@vbartlett.org

I attest to the best of my knowledge, that this FY 2019 report of the redevelopment project area(s)

in the City/Village of:

is complete and accurate pursuant to Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.] and or Industrial Jobs Recovery Law [65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-10 et. seq.].

(0 m

Written signature of TIF Administrator

10/24/19 Date

Bartlett

Section 1 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (1.5) and 65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (1.5)*)

FILL OUT ONE FOR EACH TIF DISTICT				
Name of Redevelopment Project Area	Date Designated DD/MM/20YY	Date If Terminated		
Bluff City	2/3/2009			

*All statutory citations refer to one of two sections of the Illinois Municipal Code: The Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 et. seq.] or the Industrial Jobs Recovery Law [65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-10 et. seq.]

SECTION 2 [Sections 2 through 5 must be completed for <u>each</u> redevelopment project area listed in Section 1.] FY 2019

Name of Redevelopment Project Area (below):

Bluff City

Primary Use of Redevelopment Project Area*: Combination/Mixed

* Types include: Central Business District, Retail, Other Commercial, Industrial, Residential, and Combination/Mixed.

If "Combination/Mixed" List Component Types: Comm/Industrial
Under which section of the Illinois Municipal Code was Redevelopment Project Area designated? (check one):
Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act X
Industrial Jobs Recovery Law

Please utilize the information below to properly label the Attachments.

	NO	Tes
Were there any amendments to the redevelopment plan, the redevelopment project area, or the State Sales Tax Boundary? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (1) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (1)]	x	
If yes, please enclose the amendment (labeled Attachment A).	^	
Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of the municipality that the municipality has complied with all of the requirements of the		
Act during the preceding fiscal year. [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (3) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (3)]		X
Please enclose the CEO Certification (labeled Attachment B).	1	
Opinion of legal counsel that municipality is in compliance with the Act. [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (4) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (4)]		
Please enclose the Legal Counsel Opinion (labeled Attachment C).		x
Statement setting forth all activities undertaken in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan, including any project		
implemented and a description of the redevelopment activities. [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (7) (A and B) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (7) (A and B)]		x
If yes, please enclose the Activities Statement (labled Attachment D).		
Were any agreements entered into by the municipality with regard to the disposition or redevelopment of any property within the		
redevelopment project area or the area within the State Sales Tax Boundary? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (7) (C) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d)	v	
(7) (C)]	х	
If yes, please enclose the Agreement(s) (labeled Attachment E).		
Is there additional information on the use of all funds received under this Division and steps taken by the municipality to achieve the		
objectives of the redevelopment plan? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (7) (D) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (7) (D)]	Х	
If yes, please enclose the Additional Information (labeled Attachment F).		
Did the municipality's TIF advisors or consultants enter into contracts with entities or persons that have received or are receiving		
payments financed by tax increment revenues produced by the same TIF? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (7) (E) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (7)	х	
If yes, please enclose the contract(s) or description of the contract(s) (labeled Attachment G).		
Were there any reports submitted to the municipality by the joint review board? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (7) (F) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (7) (F)]		
If yes, please enclose the Joint Review Board Report (labeled Attachment H).		X
Were any obligations issued by the municipality? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (8) (A) and		
5/11-74.6-22 (d) (8) (A)]		
If yes, please enclose any Official Statement (labeled Attachment I). If Attachment I is answered yes, then the Analysis	X	
must be attached and (labeled Attachment J).		
An analysis prepared by a financial advisor or underwriter setting forth the nature and term of obligation and projected debt service		
including required reserves and debt coverage. [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (8) (B) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (8) (B)]	x	1
If attachment I is yes, then Analysis MUST be attached and (labeled Attachment J).		
Has a cumulative of \$100,000 of TIF revenue been deposited into the special tax allocation fund? 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (2) and		
5/11-74.6-22 (d) (2)		x
If yes, please enclose Audited financial statements of the special tax allocation fund		~
(labeled Attachment K).		
Cumulatively, have deposits of incremental taxes revenue equal to or greater than \$100,000 been made into the special tax		
allocation fund? [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (9) and 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (9)]		
If yes, the audit report shall contain a letter from the independent certified public accountant indicating compliance or		X
noncompliance with the requirements of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 (labeled Attachment L).		
A list of all intergovernmental agreements in effect to which the municipality is a part, and an accounting of any money transferred		
or received by the municipality during that fiscal year pursuant to those intergovernmental agreements. [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (10)]	x	
If yes, please enclose the list only, not actual agreements (labeled Attachment M).		

SECTION 3.1 - (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d)(5)(a)(b)(d)) and (65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (5)(a)(b)(d)) Provide an analysis of the special tax allocation fund.

FY 2019

Bluff City

100%

Special Tax Allocation Fund Balance at Beginning of Reporting Period \$ 21,787

SOURCE of Revenue/Cash Receipts:	R	evenue/Cash eceipts for Current porting Year	Re	Cumulative Totals of evenue/Cash ceipts for life of TIF	% of Total
Property Tax Increment	\$	491,057	\$	831,865	9%
State Sales Tax Increment	\$	-	\$		0%
Local Sales Tax Increment	\$	-	\$	-	0%
State Utility Tax Increment	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Local Utility Tax Increment	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Interest	\$	3,835	\$	5,174	0%
Land/Building Sale Proceeds	\$	_	\$	-	0%
Bond Proceeds	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Transfers from Municipal Sources	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Private Sources	\$	-	\$	-	0%
Other (identify source; if multiple other sources, attach					
schedule)	\$	6,218,210	\$	8,515,710	91%

All Amount Deposited in Special Tax Allocation Fund	\$ 6,713,102
Cumulative Total Revenues/Cash Receipts	\$ 9,352,749

Total Expenditures/Cash Disbursements (Carried forward from Section 3.2)	\$ 6,679,943
Transfers to Municipal Sources	\$ -
Distribution of Surplus	
Total Expenditures/Disbursements	\$ 6,679,943
Net/Income/Cash Receipts Over/(Under) Cash Disbursements	\$ 33,159
Previous Year Adjustment (Explain Below)	\$ -
FUND BALANCE, END OF REPORTING PERIOD*	\$ 54,946

* If there is a positive fund balance at the end of the reporting period, you must complete Section 3.3

Previous Year Explanation:

FY 2019

TIF NAME:

SECTION 3.2 A- (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (5) (c) and 65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (5)(c))

Bluff City

ITEMIZED LIST OF ALL EXPENDITURES FROM THE SPECIAL TAX ALLOCATION FUND

(by category of permissible redevelopment project costs)

PAGE 1		
Category of Permissible Redevelopment Cost [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3 (q) and 65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-10 (o)]	Amounts	Reporting Fiscal Year
1. Cost of studies, surveys, development of plans, and specifications. Implementation and administration of the redevelopment plan, staff and professional service cost.		
Architecural/Engineering Services	297,761	
		R H . In States
2. Annual administrative cost.		\$ 297,76
2. Control mandration allos		\$
3. Cost of marketing sites.		and the part of the second
		\$
4. Property assembly cost and site preparation costs.		
Site Preperation - Earthwork	4,068,214	
5. Costs of renovation, rehabilitation, reconstruction, relocation, repair or remodeling of existing public or	and a the lot of	\$ 4,068,214
private building, leasehold improvements, and fixtures within a redevelopment project area.		
		CERTIFIC ELECTRON
		The second second
Costs of the constructuion of public works or improvements.		\$
Streetscape Improvements	46,790	
Road Improvements	695,558	A
Public Infrastructure	926,342	En la segura de la segura de
		\$ 1,668,690

PAGE 2 7. Costs of eliminating or removing contaminants and other impediments. Impediments. Impediments. Impeditsunce. Impediments.	SECTION 3	3.2 A		
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evelopment project.		3	
Interest cost incurred by redeveloper or other nongovernmental persons in connection with a			COLUMN
		\$	-
		100020-22.0	
		37638.0	
Costs of job training, retraining, advanced vocational or career education.		\$	-
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Payments in lieu of taxes.			
		\$	-
		Lake 2 8	
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			Ma Bran
PAGE 3 Relocation costs.			1.5

FY 2019

Section 3.2 B

TIF NAME:

Bluff City

Optional: Information in the following sections is not required by law, but would be helpful in creating fiscal transparency.

List all vendors, including other municipal funds, that were paid in excess of \$10,000 during the current reporting year.

Name	Service	Amount
Bluff City Materials Inc.	Interest Payment	\$ 461,733.4 ⁻

SECTION 3.3 - (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (5d) 65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (5d) Breakdown of the Balance in the Special Tax Allocation Fund At the End of the Reporting Period by source

FY 2019 TIF NAME:		В	luff City	
FUND BALANCE BY SOURCE			\$	54,947
	Amo	ount of Original Issuance	Amo	unt Designated
1. Description of Debt Obligations				
2009 Developer Note (Maximum \$13,500,000)	\$	2,297,500	\$	8,515,710
Total Amount Designated for Obligations	\$	2,297,500	\$	8,515,710

2. Description of Project Costs to be Paid

Ent letter and

Total Amount Designated for Project Costs

\$-

TOTAL AMOUNT DESIGNATED

SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)

\$ 8,515,710

\$ (8,460,763)

SECTION 4 [65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-5 (d) (6) and 65 ILCS 5/11-74.6-22 (d) (6)]

FY 2019

TIF NAME:

Bluff City

Provide a description of all property purchased by the municipality during the reporting fiscal year within the redevelopment project area.

Х

Check here if no property was acquired by the Municipality within the Redevelopment Project Area.

Property Acquired by the Municipality Within the Redevelopment Project Area.

Property (1):	
Street address:	
Approximate size or description of property:	
Purchase price:	
Seller of property:	
Property (2):	
Street address:	
Approximate size or description of property:	
Purchase price:	
Seller of property:	
Property (3):	
Street address:	
Approximate size or description of property:	
Purchase price:	
Seller of property:	

Property (4):	
Street address:	
Approximate size or description of property:	
Purchase price:	
Seller of property:	

SECTION 5 - 20 ILCS 620/4.7 (7)(F) PAGE 1

FY 2019

TIF Name:

Bluff City

Page 1 is to be included with TIF report. Pages 2 and 3 are to be included ONLY if projects are listed.

Select ONE of the following by indicating an 'X':

1. NO projects were undertaken by the Municipality Within the Redevelopment Project Area.	

 The Municipality <u>DID</u> undertake projects within the Redevelopment Project Area. (If selecting this option, complete 2a.) 	х
2a. The total number of <u>ALL</u> activities undertaken in furtherance of the objectives of the redevelopment plan:	3

LIST ALL projects undertaken by the Municipality Within the Redevelopment Project Area:						
			Estimated Investment			
			for Sul	bsequent Fiscal	nt Fiscal Total Estimated t	
TOTAL:	1	1/1/99 to Date	Year Complete		mplete Project	
Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Public Investment Undertaken	\$	7,618,656	\$	1,300,000	\$	13,626,342
Ratio of Private/Public Investment		0				0

Project 1*: Site Prep - Earthwork

*PROJECT NAME TO BE LISTED AFTER PROJECT NUMBER

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)				
Public Investment Undertaken	\$ 5,198,808	\$ 1,100,000	\$	9,600,000
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0		-	0

Project 2*: Road Improvements

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)			
Public Investment Undertaken	\$ 1,493,506	\$ 200,000	\$ 3,100,000
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0		0

Project 3*: Public Infrastructure

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)			
Public Investment Undertaken	\$ 926,342	\$ -	\$ 926,342
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0		0

Project 4*:

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)		
Public Investment Undertaken		
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0	0

Project 5*:

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)		
Public Investment Undertaken		-
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0	0

Project 6*:

Private Investment Undertaken (See Instructions)		
Public Investment Undertaken		
Ratio of Private/Public Investment	0	0

Optional: Information in the following sections is not required by law, but would be helpful in evaluating the performance of TIF in Illinois. *even though optional MUST be included as part of the complete TIF report

SECTION 6 FY 2019

TIF NAME:

Bluff City

Provide the base EAV (at the time of designation) and the EAV for the year reported for the redevelopment project area Year redevelopment

project area was		Reporting Fiscal Year
designated	Base EAV	EAV

List all overlapping tax districts in the redevelopment project area. If overlapping taxing district received a surplus, list the surplus.

Check if the overlapping taxing districts did not receive a surplus.

Overlapping Taxing District	Surplus Distributed from redevelopment project area to overlapping districts
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$
	\$

SECTION 7

Provide information about job creation and retention:

Number of Jobs Retained	Number of Jobs Created	Description and Type (Temporary or Permanent) of Jobs	Total Salaries Paid
			\$
			\$
			\$
			\$
			\$
			\$

SECTION 8

Provide a general description of the redevelopment project area using only major boundaries:

Optional Documents	Enclosed	
Legal description of redevelopment project area		
Map of District		



228 S. MAIN STREET BARTLETT, ILLINOIS 60103 PHONE 630.837.0800 FAX 630.837.7168 www.village.bartlett.il.us

> VILLAGE PRESIDENT Kevin Wallace

ADMINISTRATOR Paula Schumacher

VILLAGE CLERK Lorna Giless

TRUSTEES Michael E. Camerer D.C. Vince Carbonaro Raymond H. Deyne Kristina Gabrenya, OD, FAAO Adam J. Hopkins Aaron H. Reinke October 3, 2019

State of Illinois Comptroller TIF Administrator Local Government Division 100 W. Randolph Suite 15-500 Chicago, IL 60601

Re: Bluff City Redevelopment Project

Dear Illinois Comptroller:

I, Paula Schumacher, the duly appointed Chief Administrative Officer of the Village of Bartlett, in the Counties of Cook, DuPage, and Kane, in the State of Illinois, and as such, do hereby certify that the Village of Bartlett has complied with all requirements pertaining to the Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act during the municipal fiscal year ended April 30, 2019.

Attachment "B"

Sincerely,

Village of Bartlett

Peula Schumacher

Paula Schumacher Village Administrator

cc: Todd Dowden, Finance Director



228 S. MAIN STREET BARTLETT, ILLINOIS 60103 PHONE 630.837.0800 FAX 630.837.7168 www.village.bartlett.il.us

> VILLAGE PRESIDENT Kevin Wallace

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State of Illinois Comptroller TIF Administrator Local Government Division 100 W. Randolph Suite 15-500 Chicago, IL 60601

Re: Bluff City Redevelopment Project

Dear Illinois Comptroller:

I, Bryan E. Mraz, am the Village Attorney for the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, and have been such for the year ended April 30, 2019.

I have reviewed all information provided to me by the Village administration and staff, and I find the Village of Bartlett has conformed to all applicable requirements of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act set forth there under to the best of my knowledge and belief.

This opinion relates only to the time period set forth, and is based upon all information available to me as of the end of said fiscal year.

Sincerely,

Bryan E. Mraz Village Attorney

cc: Todd Dowden, Finance Director

Attachment "C"

Attachment "D"



228 S. MAIN STREET BARTLETT, ILLINOIS 60103 PHONE 630.837.0800 FAX 630.837.7168 www.village.bartlett.il.us

> VILLAGE PRESIDENT Kevin Wallace

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State of Illinois Comptroller TIF Administrator Local Government Division 100 W. Randolph Suite 15-500 Chicago, IL. 60601

Re: Bluff City Redevelopment Project

Dear Illinois Comptroller:

The Bluff City and Blue Heron parcels were approved as a Tax Increment Financing district in May 2009 to redevelop the Bluff City Quarry Area into a mixed use business park, similar to Brewster Creek Business Park with the additional allowance for heavier, land-intensive industrial uses.

The project area consists of the southeast and northeast corners of West Bartlett Road and Route 25. The southern portion (Southwind Business Park) consists of 27 acres and the northern portion (Blue Heron Business Park) consists of several parcels that cover approximately 115 acres. The Blue Heron Business Park has three completed projects, Elgin Beverage, TCP, Inc. and Trafic Services Inc.

Currently, Cathay Industries'102,062 square foot facility is well underway and staff is reviewing two additional projects, Parkland Prep Academy's 20,797 square foot day school building and an 11,553 square foot addition to Traffic Safety Incorporated's building. The business park owner and staff is working with an additional prospect for another building next year.

This TIF District has existed for ten years and is scheduled to run through 2032.

Sincerely.

Village of Bartlett Tony Fradin Economic Development Coordinator

cc: Todd Dowden, Finance Director

Attachment

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT Bluff City TIF Joint Review Board Meeting October 24, 2019

The Village was most recently audited by the accounting firm, Lauterbach & Amen, LLP, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. The Bluff City TIF Fund ending fund balance as of April 30, 2018 was \$21,787. Revenues for the fiscal year totaled \$184,771 and expenditures totaled \$172,584. Property taxes and interest income accounted for all of the revenue. Developer note interest was paid with the Project Fund property tax in the amount of \$172,584. A breakdown of the revenue and expenditure categories since inception through 4/30/18 follows:

REVENUES EXPENDITURES		ES	
PROJECT FUND		PROJECT FUND	
Property Tax	\$320,358	Engineering	\$70,187
Interest Income	602	Debt Issuance Costs	345,562
Note Proceeds	2,297,500	Site Prep - Earthwork	1,130,594
		Roadwork	751,158
		Developer Notes Interest	320,358
MUNICIPAL FUND		MUNICIPAL FUND	
Property Tax	20,449	Professional Services	
Interest Income	737		
Miscellaneous Income			
Total Revenues:	\$2,639,646	Total Expenditures:	\$2,617,859

Report on Equalized Assessed Value (EAV) of District:

The 2018 total EAV for the district was \$6,331,755. The base EAV for this TIF District is \$1,285,899, leaving \$5,045,856 as TIF increment.

TIF District Annual Report to State of Illinois:

Each year, the Village is required to submit an annual report for the Bluff City TIF to the State of Illinois' Office of the Comptroller. The Village is in compliance with this requirement with the most recent report being submitted October 26, 2018 for the fiscal year ending April 30, 2018. A complete copy of the report is available on the Illinois Comptroller's website at https://illinoiscomptroller.gov.

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

Prepared by: Finance Department

Paula Schumacher, Village Administrator Todd Dowden, Finance Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		P	AGE	
INTRODUCTORY SECTION				
List of Principal Officials Organization Chart Transmittal Letter Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	3	-	1 2 12 13	
FINANCIAL SECTION				
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	14	-	15	
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS		-	28	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS				
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	29 31	-	30 32	
Fund Financial Statements Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	33	-	34	
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in			35	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	36	-	37 38	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund	39	-	40	
Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	41 43	-	42 44 45 46	
Notes to Financial Statements	47	-	93	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION - Continued		PAGE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Schedule of Employer Contributions		
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund		94 95
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability		20
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	96	- 97
Police Pension Fund	98	- 99
Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund		100
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability		100
Retiree Benefit Plan		101
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual		
General Fund		102
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES		
Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual – General Fund	103	- 104
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual – General Fund	105	- 113
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual		
Debt Service Fund		114
Municipal Building– Capital Projects Fund R. 59 and Lake TIF – Capital Projects Fund		115 116
Brewster Creek TIF– Capital Projects Fund		117
Bluff City Project TIF - Capital Projects Fund		118
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds		119
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		120
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Motor Fuel Tax – Special Revenue Fund		121
Capital Projects Fund		121
Developer Deposits – Capital Projects Fund		123
Brewster Creek Municipal TIF – Capital Projects Fund		124
Bluff City Municipal TIF – Capital Projects Fund		125
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual		126
Water – Enterprise Fund Sewer – Enterprise Fund		126
Golf – Enterprise Fund		127
Parking – Enterprise Fund		129
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds		130

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
FINANCIAL SECTION - Continued	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Internal Service Funds	131
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	132
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and Actual	
Central Services – Internal Service Fund	133
Vehicle Replacement – Internal Service Fund	134
Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Budget and Actual	107
Police Pension	135
Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	10.6
Bluff City Special Service Area – Agency Fund	136
Consolidated Year-End Financial Report	137
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters	
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Governmental</i>	120 120
Auditing Standards	138 - 139
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES	
Long-Term Debt Requirements	
General Obligation Refunding Bond Series of 2009	140
General Obligation Bond Series of 2012	141
General Obligation Bond Series of 2012	142
General Obligation Refunding Bond Series of 2017	143
Tax Increment Financing Taxable Senior Lien Bond Series of 2007	144
Tax Increment Financing Taxable Senior Lien Bond Series of 2016	145
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Installment Loan L17-4695	146
STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
STATISTICAL She from (enducided)	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years	147 - 148
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years	149 - 150
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	151 - 152
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years	153 - 154
Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten Tax Levy Years	155 - 156
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates – Last Ten Tax Levy Years	
Cook County	157 - 158
DuPage County	159 - 160
Kane County – St. Charles Township	161 - 162
Kane County – Elgin Township	163 - 164
Principal Property Tax Payers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago	165

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited) - Continued

PAGE

Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years			166
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	167	-	168
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years			169
Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt			170
Legal Debt Margin			171
Demographic and Economic Statistics – Last Ten Fiscal Years			172
Principal Employers – Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago			173
Full-Time Equivalent Village Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	174	-	175
Operating Indicators by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	176	-	177
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program – Last Ten Fiscal Years	178	-	179

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

This section includes miscellaneous data regarding the Village of Bartlett including: List of Principal Officials, Organization Chart, Letter of Transmittal, and Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting.

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

List of Principal Officials April 30, 2019

Principal Officials

Kevin Wallace, Village President

Lorna Giless, Village Clerk

Trustees

Kristina Gabrenya

Vince Carbonaro

Adam J. Hopkins

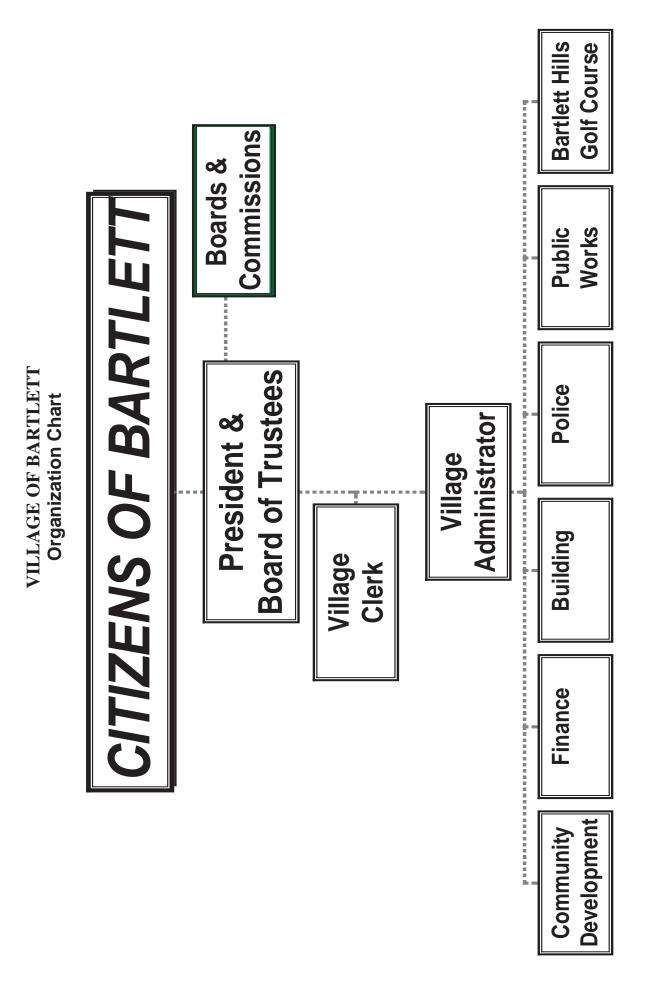
Michael E. Camerer D.C. Raymond H. Deyne Aaron H. Reinke

Executive

Paula Schumacher, Village Administrator

Department Directors

Todd Dowden, Finance Director Dan Dinges, Public Works Director Patrick Ullrich, Chief of Police Brian Goralski, Building Director Roberta Grill, Community Development Director





228 S. MAIN STREET BARTLETT, ILLINOIS 60103 PHONE 630,837,0800 FAX 630.837.7168 www.village.bartlett.il.us

> VILLAGE PRESIDENT Kevin Wallace

ADMINISTRATOR Paula Schumacher

VILLAGE CLERK Lorna Giless

TRUSTEES

Michael E. Camerer D.C. Vince Carbonaro Raymond H. Deyne Kristina Gabrenya, OD, FAAO Adam J. Hopkins Aaron H. Reinke September 5, 2019

To the Honorable Village President, Members of the Board of Trustees, Citizens of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, is hereby submitted as mandated by local ordinances and state statutes. These ordinances and statutes require that the Village of Bartlett issue annually a report on its financial position and activity, and that this report be audited by an independent accounting firm of certified public accountants.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. The Village is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control designed to ensure that the assets of the Village are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes in financial position of the various funds of the Village of Bartlett. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Village of Bartlett's financial activity have been included.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, for the year ended April 30, 2019 has been audited by the accounting firm of Lauterbach & Amen, LLP independent certified public accountants. The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

This letter complements management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and should be read in conjunction with it. The purpose of this letter of transmittal is to provide an overview of the Village and its operations. For detailed financial information and analysis, please see the MD&A. The MD&A can be found in the financial section of this report immediately following the report of the independent auditors. The financial reporting entity (the Village) includes all the funds of the primary government (i.e., the Village of Bartlett as legally defined). The Village has no component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Village provides a full range of services including police protection, water and sanitary sewer services, construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure, recreational activities, and cultural events.

The Village maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the Village's Board of Trustees. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Project Funds, Enterprise Funds, Internal Service Funds, and Trust Funds are included in the annual budget. Preparation of the annual budget document begins in September for the staff. Budget forms, spending guidelines, and deadlines are presented to the departments at the annual staff budget meeting in October. Budget requests are submitted in December. Review and analysis by the budget team begin at that time. Budget adjustments are made, and, if necessary, additional meetings are held with the departments regarding the adjustments. The proposed budget is presented to the Village Board near the end of February and is made available to the public at the Village Main office. Village Board review sessions and a public hearing are held in March. The budget is approved in April. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot exceed the budgeted amount) is established at the fund level.

GOVERNMENTAL STRUCTURE, LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION, AND OUTLOOK

The Village, incorporated in 1891, is located in DuPage, Cook, and Kane Counties, approximately 31 miles northwest of downtown Chicago. In the past 40 years, the Village has grown from 3,500 residents to the 2010 Census count of 41,208. During the same time frame, the land area of the Village of Bartlett grew from 8 square miles to over 15 square miles.

The Village operates with a Board of Trustees/Village Administrator form of government. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the Board of Trustees, which consists of a President and six members. The Board of Trustees is the policy-setting body for the Village, determining how it will be governed. This includes, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting budgets, and appointing committee members. The Village Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances set by the Board of Trustees, for overseeing day-to-day operations of the Village, and for appointing the heads of the Village's departments. The Board of Trustees is elected on a nonpartisan basis. Board members are elected to four-year staggered terms. The President is elected to a four-year term. The members of the Board of Trustees and the President are elected at large.

The Village staff is divided into departments that are responsible for providing the various services the Village offers. These departments include: Administration, Public Works, Police, Golf Course, Finance, and Planning and Development Services.

Bartlett's future is one of continued, controlled, well-planned growth. This growth includes an active program designed to attract business and industry to Bartlett, primarily along the western edge of the Village, and to expand the commercial and industrial base.

The Bartlett Comprehensive Plan was updated in December 2004. The Plan guides future land use developments, which will ensure that quality projects are placed in compatible locations throughout the Village. The updated plan includes changes that expand land use categories to include high-density attached residential areas to accommodate senior housing or apartment development. Additional land along Route 59 was changed from residential to commercial land use to help market commercial property and to increase the future tax base.

The Village of Bartlett employs a full-time economic development coordinator who implements programs to attract and retain quality businesses throughout the Village's commercial and industrial areas, with an added emphasis of promoting the existing businesses. The economic development coordinator works closely with retail and industrial brokers, developers and potential business owners to market downtown retail properties, Brewster Creek Business Park, and existing shopping centers and office buildings with available space throughout the Village.

The continuing goal of the Village's economic development staff is to create and implement economic policies, programs and projects that enhance and diversify Bartlett's tax base and the quality of life for Village residents. The Village promotes existing retail and industrial space via the Village's website, advertising in trade journals, targeted mailings and participation in area trade shows. The economic development coordinator also conducts business retention visits in conjunction with the Economic Development Commission and Chamber of Commerce. The goals of these visits are to proactively address issues that concern the business community and to open a line of communications between the Village and its businesses.

As the overall economy has continued to improve, the pace of economic development in Bartlett has expanded over the past year, with several more projects lined up for late 2019 and into 2020.

In the past year, the Village's downtown area has seen private investment in two key properties that have long suffered from deferred maintenance. 113 W. Railroad Avenue is one of the oldest buildings in town and has been utilized as a bar and grill for over one hundred years. Having fallen into a state of disrepair and vacancy, the new owner invested over \$100,000 into the property and, with the help of an incentive from the Village, has opened the Bartlett Tap to great success.

Directly west of the Bartlett Tap, the Village had acquired the former Lucky Jack's property at 121 Railroad Avenue and had the structure demolished. The Village has entered into a contract with MORE Brewing to purchase the property and construct a two-story restaurant/brew pub on the lot. The Village anticipates one of the more attractive buildings in town and should be a huge draw to the downtown area for many years to come.

Further east along Railroad Avenue, the Village continues seeking development of what is known as Opportunity Site E in the Downtown Transit-Oriented Development (TOD) Plan that was adopted by the Village Board in the fall of 2016.

The biggest redevelopment project in many years is currently underway at the former Bartlett Plaza, now being rebranded as Streets of Bartlett. A shopping center owner and developer has purchased the center from the original owners and is in the process of making in excess of \$2 million worth of improvements including the façade, lighting, parking lot, roof, and dividing the long-vacant 32,000 SF former grocery store into four units. One of these units has been leased to Armanetti Beverage Mart and another will be a restaurant called One Taco Dos Tequilas. The developer has also signed leases with an ice cream shop

called Cherry on Top and with D'Licious crepes & roti, one of the Village's most popular eateries that will be relocating from Bartlett Town Center.

Staff continues working with the developer to fill remaining vacancies in the shopping center, possibly with a fitness use for the largest portion of the former grocery store space. Additionally, staff is currently working with a local restaurateur on converting the Marre building at 120 Bartlett Avenue from an office/showroom to a bar and grill with a beer garden and live entertainment.

In Westgate Commons along West Bartlett Road between downtown and Route 59, Indian Express, the Village's first Indian restaurant, opened earlier this year with the owner becoming the first BEDA grant recipient.

The Route 59 commercial corridor has remained stable, near full occupancy. In 2019, Code Ninjas opened in the Brewster Creek shopping center and Orange Theory Fitness is soon to open in that center as well. Gambit's, a Cajun-themed restaurant that will include freshly baked goods, a wine bar, and video gambling, was approved in 2018 for the Bartlett Place shopping plaza on the southeast corner of Route 59 and Apple Valley Drive. The owners are nearing completion of the restaurant which should open in fall of 2019.

East of Route 59, another developer has gained Village approval to construct a strip retail center called the Galleria of Bartlett along Army Trail Road. The developer has signed leases with Beef Shack and 2x20 Fitness, which should both be operational by 2020.

The intersection of Route 59 and Lake Street remains undeveloped despite it being marketed for years and being part of a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district. This TIF was adopted in 2004 and is scheduled to terminate in approximately eight more years. The Village is currently working closely with a developer who intends to develop two hundred high-end apartment units on 6.68 acres of the site, leaving approximately four acres of commercial frontage along Lake Street which the Village is still marketing for development.

Brewster Creek Business Park continues to drive economic development in Bartlett, home to approximately 75 businesses housed in 40 buildings. This development was initiated via the creation of a TIF District in 1999. Growth in Brewster Creek Business Park has continued with multiple new tenants coming to four of the speculative buildings that were constructed in 2018.

In August 2019, the Village approved multiple incentives to attract the first major project to the Cook County portion of Brewster Creek Business Park. McKesson Surgical gained Village Board approval to construct a 400,000 square foot warehouse/distribution/office facility that will initially bring seventy new employees and eventually approximately two hundred. The \$40 million-plus project was the result of a nearly two year site search. With the addition of the aforementioned projects, development of the Brewster Creek Business Park is nearing completion in the next few years. The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district that helped set the stage for development of the business park was adopted in 1999 and is scheduled to end in three more years.

Just outside Brewster Creek Business Park, Logistics Property Company, one of the largest industrial developers in the Chicago area market, gained approval to construct two 207,000 square foot buildings at

Stearns and Munger Roads. These buildings are speculative and both the Village and developer expects to attract tenants to these two well-placed and attractive facilities within the next year.

The Southwind Business Park and Blue Heron Business Park parcels were approved as a TIF in May 2009 to redevelop the Bluff City Quarry Area into a mixed use business park, similar to the Brewster Creek Business Park with the additional allowance for heavier industrial uses and outside storage. This TIF will conclude in 2032, with thirteen more years to run. The Project Area is at the southeast and northeast corners of West Bartlett Road and Route 25. The southern portion (Southwind Business Park) consists of 27 acres and the northern portion (Blue Heron Business Park) consists of four (4) parcels that cover approximately 115 acres. All four parcels were former quarry sites and are located in Kane County.

There are currently three new permits in progress for Southwind. Traffic Services Inc. (TSI) has applied for an 11,500 square foot expansion. Cathay Industries has purchased a site and is completing its 102,000 square foot building. And Parkland Prep Academy is a private therapeutic day school that had been operating in an older leased industrial facility in a neighboring community. Parkland is in the process of purchasing a site and constructing a 20,800 square foot school.

To re-stimulate interest in Bartlett among developers, Village Staff created an Economic Development Marketing Plan for the entire Village in conjunction with the Village's Economic Development Commission. The Plan created a framework for promoting various development areas within the Village, defining goals, objectives and strategies to attract additional economic development to Bartlett from 2016 to 2020 with an emphasis on building upon the Village's industrial strengths while better utilizing current marketing practices to better address the Village's weaknesses, namely the vacancy rate in the Village's commercial areas. With one year to go on this marketing plan, the Village is close to achieving many of the objectives as set forth in the plan.

The Village Board increased the funding on an innovative economic development incentive program called the Bartlett Economic Development Assistance (BEDA) program to \$250,000 this fiscal year in support of projects deemed to serve the best interest of the community. The Village will continue to use this tool to attract private investments like the Bartlett Tap, Indian Express, 120 Live, the redevelopment of Streets of Bartlett and other great projects to come.

Over the last several budget cycles, the Village has continued to conservatively budget for its operating expenditures. Over the last six years, including this budget, operating expenditures in all funds have been held to minimal increases. Expenditures have been controlled by keeping vacant positions open and only funding capital equipment when necessary. Total expenditures for all funds did decrease 25% over last year's budget, with the majority of this decrease being attributed to completing the capital improvements necessary for the transition to Lake Michigan water and the construction of the new police building. Total revenues had a decrease of 20% over last year's budget due to the loans that were received the prior year to fund the water capital improvements. Property taxes for the General Fund are budgeted to be the same as the prior year's levy. This will be the tenth year the general corporate levy will be flat or reduced.

The Village has adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies to maintain the tradition of sound municipal financial management and long-term financial planning. In accordance with the revenue policy, the Village has endeavored to develop and maintain a diversified and stable revenue base to shelter it from short-term fluctuations in any one revenue source.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Accomplishments in the Fiscal Year 2018/2019

In developing the 2018/2019 fiscal year budget, the Village Board deferred hiring personnel and spending where possible while striving to maintain existing levels of service to meet the current and projected demands of the community at the lowest possible cost.

Public Works – Street, Water, and Sewer Accomplishments:

The Village started contracting out brush collection which has allowed the Streets Division to focus their time and efforts addressing roadway and sidewalk maintenance issues throughout the Village. While continuing to provide services for tree trimming, storm sewer repairs, and street sweeping, the crews were able to put in an additional 500 man hours paving and patching pavement repairs and 1,500 man hours removing and replacing sidewalks and curbs. The department also continues to utilize grant funding in order to become more energy efficient in regards to streetlights and lighting in municipal buildings.

It was an extremely busy, eventful, and successful year in the Water Department with the transition to Lake Michigan water coming to a close. All of the infrastructure projects that were required for the conversion to Lake Michigan water were substantially completed in FY 19, with a few finishing touches remaining in May, 2019. These infrastructure projects include the 5 ½ mile long DWC transmission main, the Bartlett transmission mains along Stearns and at Villa Olivia, Lake St. Pump Station upgrades, the Lake Michigan water receiving station and reservoir, and the DWC metering station. On 06/04/19 there was an official valve turning ceremony and the Village is now pumping 100% Lake Michigan water. The Lake Michigan transition was the main event in the Water Department this year; however, there were other water projects that were completed to help better the Village. The Water department replaced approximately 5,000 feet of water main on Martingale Drive, Bryn Mawr Avenue, Webster Avenue, Forest Court, and Valewood Road. The elevated water tower at Villa Olivia was painted to make it more aesthetically pleasing. And lastly, the Water Department had the entire water system surveyed for hidden leaks. A total of 138 leaks were detected which were then repaired by the Water Department staff.

The Sewer department continued to work on the Sanitary Sewer Televising Project, which consists of televising, cleaning, and then lining the sanitary sewer infrastructure. In FY 19, another 10% of the sewer mains were completed by the Sewer Department staff. In addition, RMS Utility Services televised and cleaned approximately 4,300 linear feet of sewer in the Hawk Hollow Forest Preserve while Visu-Sewer televised and cleaned approximately 3,158 linear feet of sewer in backyard easements along Stearns Road. The Sewer Department also repaired eight sanitary sewer mains along with seven aerobic digester valve structures, saving the Village close to \$50,000. Village staff also continues to work closely with MWRD in hopes of finalizing plans regarding the issues relating to the Devon Excess Flow Facility.

Motor Fuel Tax (MFT) allotments for the fiscal year totaled \$1,082,958. \$959,633 in MFT funds were spent on the annual MFT maintenance program, \$142,731 to complete the Stearns Road/Country Creek Culvert Extension, \$61,030 on the Schick and Petersdorf Road Resurfacing project, and \$58,689 on the Schick Road Bridge Rehabilitation. The next MFT maintenance program has a budget of \$1,795,000 for streets resurfacing.

Public Safety Accomplishments:

The big news for the Police Department in FY 19 was the completion of the beautiful new police building. Police staff were able to move into Phase 1 of the building on May 24, 2018 and then into the entire building on January 2, 2019. The building has been a huge success in providing the Police Department with the necessary workspace, amenities, and resources needed to protect and serve the Bartlett Community. All of the Police Department's hard work in planning and organizing this year's National Night Out Celebration paid off once again with another 1st place finish. The Police Department's time and hard work is rewarded by seeing all the happy faces enjoying the events and the community togetherness that National Night Out promotes. The department was actively involved with planning and participating in many civic events such as the 4th of July festivities, Heritage Days, the police open house, and various other civic functions and festivals. The Police Department was awarded the 2017 Railroad Safety Specialty Award as part of the Illinois Traffic Safety Challenge. The department continued to utilize the Mobile Outreach Program in neighborhoods throughout the community in order to share information with residents and build positive police-community relationships. The Bartlett Police Department continues to be highly dedicated to the concepts of crisis intervention tactics, which are used to meet with people who are in the midst of a mental health crisis. To date, 81% of our sworn personnel have been trained in crisis intervention. The department also participated in the Click It or Ticket safety campaign, the 5/9 on 59 traffic enforcement event, the Illinois Speed Awareness Day, and the Illinois Rail Safety Week.

Administrative Accomplishments:

Departments of Administration and Finance:

The Administrative departments of the Village of Bartlett (including Administration and Finance) accomplished a wide variety of projects in the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. The Administration Department continued its efforts of enhancing the public's awareness to Village services, activities, funding, etc. The Village still relies on the Bartletter, the Village website, and the Village of Bartlett cable channel to get information to its citizens. But within the past several years the Village has relied more on social media applications like Facebook and Twitter to get the word out. These applications allow the village to get real-time information such as traffic, safety, and severe weather concerns to the public on a faster and more easily accessible platform. Administration staff worked with the Alignment Collaborative for Education to create a pilot internship program. Through this program, seven students had opportunities to bring their classroom work into the real world with a 40 hour unpaid internship. These students had the opportunity to participate in Engineering, GIS, or Local Government internships. Going out on storm sewer inspections, completing impervious surface drawings, and creating new resident welcome packets are just a few examples of projects these students worked on. Museum Director Pam Rohleder was recognized with a 2018 award for Best Practices from the Illinois Association of Museums. The award was for the March 2018 Facebook daily postings of matchbooks. Human Resources staff conducted mandatory health insurance education/plan selection meetings for all employees. Administration and HR staff also evaluated staffing levels and vacant positions in each department, leading to the elimination of positions.

The Finance department received its 36th consecutive GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and its 26nd consecutive GFOA Budget Presentation award. The Village implemented a home rule sales tax beginning in July, 2018. This tax replaces the natural gas and electric utility taxes that were eliminated in FY 19. The home rule sales tax should provide a reliable source of revenue for the Village, bringing in \$1.37 million in FY 19. The Finance Department also assisted with obtaining a low interest loan from the Illinois EPA for the construction of the Lake Michigan water receiving station. The water bills that had always been printed and mailed out on small postcards are no longer being used. In FY 2019, these old bills were replaced with a full letter bill in order to provide more information and a more reliable delivery.

Planning & Development Services Department:

The Planning & Development Services staff continues to work hard to make Bartlett a bike-friendly community. Staff began reviewing the Comprehensive and Future Land Use Plans which will include an update to the Bike Plan Map. The Bike and Run Committee worked with staff to recommend adding onstreet bike routes to the Village's Official Bike Plan Map. The on-street bike routes will improve connectivity to the Village's existing bike path network. The Village Board, based upon the Bike and Run Committee's recommendation, increased funding in the Capital Budget for existing bike path maintenance. And staff also applied for and received a grant for a bike shelter adjacent to the Metra Station. Staff will continue to work with the IDNR to construct bike path connections from James Phillip State Park to Koehler Fields and the Lakewood Mill Subdivision. Staff also worked with the property owner for Bluff City to install a bike path along the south side of West Bartlett Road from Southwind Boulevard to Route 25. The Planning & Development Services staff have reviewed the permitting process to make it faster and more efficient. All permits are now sent via email to the applicants who provide an email address, which is about 95% of all applicants. Permit applications have also been revised to make it easier and less time consuming to complete. Digitizing files will also continue to be an ongoing project for the department staff. New and existing files are continuously being scanned into the department's database. The Vacant Building Registry continues its downward trend as less than thirty homes were registered this year and are estimating about the same for next year. The department has reviewed and approved over \$65 million of improvements within the Village. The department also worked with the Metropolitan Mayors Caucus to support all solar installations in the Village to become a SolSmart community. A few other highlights are that the speed limit in the downtown was reduced to 25 mph as recommended in the TOD plan. The village received a \$25,000 grant from the RTA to develop a form based code for Downtown Bartlett to help spur development. And the GIS team used GPS technology on the entire Bartlett Hills Golf Course including each of the holes, tees, greens, fairways, trees, bunkers, and water areas.

Bartlett Hills Golf Course and Restaurant:

Wedding bookings for 2019 totaled fourteen more than the previous year. In 2018, four new holiday parties were added making both November and December record revenue months for the golf course. The Bridal Suite Expansion was completed just in time for the busy wedding visitation season. Bartlett Hills was awarded the highly coveted "Best of the Knot" award for 2018. Staff successfully recruited and added Knights of Columbus on the Tuesday evening league schedule. The league averages 24 golfers weekly and has already renewed for 2019. Staff promoted and implemented a new 18 hole ladies guest day event in coordination with a "trunk show" after golf. Ladies and their guests were shown clothing lines from various vendors and were given the opportunity to purchase items at a discount. This event will become part of the annual schedule going forward. And the "hole in one" camera produced over \$12,000 in gross revenues in 2018 with anticipated growth in future years.

Goals for Fiscal Year 2019/2020

The 2018 Strategic Plan was approved by the Village Board at the January 16, 2018 board meeting. This new plan involved input from a variety of stakeholders within the community, including civic groups, other taxing bodies, business groups, residents, and Village Staff. This Strategic Plan prioritizes the goals for the community into four categories – short-term routine; short-term complex; long-term routine; and long-term complex. Short-term implies one to three years while long-term implies three to five years. The plan will act as a road map for the Village going forward and department heads will incorporate this vision into day-to-day operations and the budget.

The goals in the short-term routine category consist of enhancing resident's awareness of Village services and activities thru an educational campaign and enhancing community events. The long-term routine goals are to improve Village bike and pedestrian pathways and routes, examine service delivery methods and approaches, and to maintain/enhance the Village's fiscal profile and financial strength.

The Complex categories for both short-term and long-term are as the name implies, much more complex. The number of goals for each category is more extensive and goes into greater detail. A few examples of some short-term complex goals are to develop a business strategy focused on attracting and incentivizing an additional grocery store to town, undertake a comprehensive review of the building permit and development process, develop a strategy to attract a hotel/motel into the Village, and develop a community branding plan. A few long-term complex goals are to develop a plan to refurbish/rebuild the Village's sewage treatment plant, work with IDOT to improve traffic safety along Route 59, develop an overall Village-wide technology master plan, and to produce a strategy to redevelop the lot on Lake Street and Route 59.

The Capital Improvements Program is usually approved by the Village Board in the fall of each year, immediately prior to the start of the operating budget process. This has allowed the Village Board to spend more time evaluating the operating budget, since the capital plan is approved in advance. It also provides a coordinated long-range plan for spending scarce revenues on capital improvements. In the next five years, the Village is scheduling approximately \$133 million to be spent on a variety of water, sewer, street, economic development, and other projects.

The Water Fund capital project budget consists of infrastructure improvements related to the water main replacements, water tower painting, and the remaining Lake Michigan water transition expenses for a total of \$4,242,500. The Sewer Fund capital project budget totals \$7,920,951 with the Devon Excess Flow Rehabilitation making up \$5.75 million of this figure. Other sewer capital projects consist of the Bittersweet Treatment Plant improvements, Lift Station Upgrades, and the Sanitary Sewer System Rehabilitation.

The Streets Department projects included within the 2019/20 budget are the MFT roadway maintenance project, Schick and Petersdorf Road resurfacing, IDOT intersection improvements, and parking lot improvements. Other projects for the coming year include the W. Bartlett and Devon Ave Drainage Swale and Bike Path project, storm water system improvements, and ongoing work at the Brewster Creek and Blue Heron business parks.

Other Information

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Bartlett for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018. This was the 36th consecutive year that the Village of Bartlett received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and all applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement from the GFOA is valid for the period of one year only. We believe that our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Village's Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report with special thanks to Millie Oleksyk and Matt Coulter. Due credit should also be given to the President and Board of Trustees for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of the Village in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Paula Schumacher

Paula Schumacher Village Administrator

Iran Donolin

Todd Dowden Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Village of Bartlett Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedules

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the Village's independent auditing firm.

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Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 5, 2019

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Bartlett, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Village's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, as of April 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Village of Bartlett, Illinois September 5, 2019 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Bartlett, Illinois' basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, supplemental schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules and supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Lauterbach & Amen. LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Village of Bartlett, we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Village's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets/deferred outflows of the Village exceeded its liabilities/deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$86,931,241 including \$153,473,608 invested in capital assets, net of related debt. The Total Net Position decreased over \$15.2 million, mainly due to the \$11.9 million DuPage Water Commission transmission main and depreciation of infrastructure.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds, which do not reflect long-term debt or capital assets, reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,964,628, a decrease of \$5,046,897 in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is due to \$6.0 million spent on the construction of the new Police Station from bond proceeds and designated fund balance reserves.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,029,715, or 46 percent of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Village of Bartlett's long-term debt totaled \$93,975,440 at the end of the current fiscal year. The GO bonded debt decreased by \$1,865,936. TIF debt also decreased \$2,735,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements which consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements present two different views of the Village through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Village of Bartlett.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the government-wide financial statements on pages 3-6. These are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Village's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Village's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Village's net position and how it has changed. The statement of net position presents the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Measuring the net position is one way to gauge the Village's financial condition. The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include the Village's basic services such as public safety, public works, and general administration. Property taxes, state revenue sharing, and fees finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Village charges residents to provide. These include water, sewer, parking, and golf services offered by the Village of Bartlett.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements on pages 33-38 provide a more detailed look at the Village's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village of Bartlett, like most governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village of Bartlett can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Village's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Village's programs. The reconciliation between the net change in total fund balance for all governmental funds (reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances) and the change in net position of governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) on pages 35 and 38 is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Village of Bartlett adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by Illinois Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Village, the management of the Village, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Village to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Village complied with the budget and whether or not the Village succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting (which is the same basis of accounting as modified accrual accounting) and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows three columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; and 3) the actual revenues, expenditures, and ending balances in the General Fund. This budgetary comparison statement can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section on page 102.

Proprietary Funds – The Village of Bartlett has two different kinds of proprietary funds. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its water,

sewer, parking, and golf operations. These fund statements are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the Village. The Village uses two internal service funds to account for its central services and vehicle replacement operations. Because these operations benefit predominantly governmental rather than business-type activities, the internal service funds operations have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds – The Village of Bartlett has two fiduciary funds (Police Pension Trust Fund and Bluff City SSA Agency Fund) that are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Village programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes on pages 47-93 provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Village's pension and other post-employment benefit obligations to its employees and the General Fund on pages 94-102. Other supplemental information on pages 103-146 includes schedules of the General Fund's revenues and expenditures, a schedule of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance of the major funds, combining statements and schedules of the non-major funds, enterprise funds, fiduciary funds, internal service funds, and schedules of the long-term debt requirements. The last section of the report is the statistical section beginning on page 147. It includes information on government-wide revenue and expenditures, fund balances, property taxes, outstanding debt, and miscellaneous statistics.

Village of Bartlett Financial Analysis

Net Position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Village of Bartlett exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of activities by \$86,931,241 as of April 30, 2019. Total net position decreased \$15,169,492 in 2019. Governmental activities resulted in a decrease of \$5,491,383 and business-type activities resulted in a decrease of net position in the amount of \$9,678,109. The main reason for the decrease in governmental net position can be attributed to the depreciation of public infrastructure and the continued development in the Brewster Creek and Blue Heron Business Parks. Business-type net position decreased due to an operating loss in the Water fund related to the Lake Michigan water source project. The Water Fund had an operating loss of \$10,914,598 as a result of the Village paying \$11.9 million to the DuPage Water Commission to construct a transmission line. Depreciation of buildings, structures, and distribution systems contributed \$2,260,000 towards the operating losses in the business-type funds.

			Net Posi	tion		
	 Governm	ental	Business	-Type		
	 Activiti	ies	Activi	ties	Tota	ıl
	 2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Current Assets	\$ 40,869,358	48,027,226	8,059,523	5,137,375	48,928,881	53,164,601
Capital Assets	 130,983,539	127,125,787	53,613,646	43,337,457	184,597,185	170,463,244
Total Assets	171,852,897	175,153,013	61,673,169	48,474,832	233,526,066	223,627,845
Deferred Outflows	 8,863,862	4,477,373	2,036,906	908,377	10,900,768	5,385,750
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows	 180,716,759	179,630,386	63,710,075	49,383,209	244,426,834	229,013,595
Current Liabilities	11,050,967	13,423,231	3,185,560	1,455,272	14,236,527	14,878,503
Long-Term Debt	 88,664,912	77,742,240	43,870,346	20,448,984	132,535,258	98,191,224
Total Liabilities	99,715,879	91,165,471	47,055,906	21,904,256	146,771,785	113,069,727
Deferred Inflows	10,329,349	12,458,080	394,459	1,595,976	10,723,808	14,054,056
Total Liabilities and						
Deferred Inflows	 110,045,228	103,623,551	47,450,365	23,500,232	157,495,593	127,123,783
Net Position						
Net Investment in						
Capital Assets	107,646,851	104,839,347	45,829,757	41,509,512	153,476,608	146,348,859
Restricted	7,904,869	7,640,457	120,000	120,000	8,024,869	7,760,457
Unrestricted	 (44,877,189)	(36,472,969)	(29,690,047)	(15,746,535)	(74,567,236)	(52,219,504)
Total Net Position	 70,674,531	76,006,835	16,259,710	25,882,977	86,934,241	101,889,812

The largest portion of net position reflects the Village's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, streets, water mains, sewers, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Governmental restricted net position includes the Debt Service Fund balance, Motor Fuel Tax Fund balance, Tax Increment Financing funds related to economic development and debt service, Capital Projects Fund balance, and forfeited funds. Governmental restricted net position increased from the prior year due to the increase of funds restricted for public safety. Business-type restricted net position remained at \$120,000 for the radium removal contingency reserve.

Unrestricted net position for governmental activities, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, had a negative balance of \$44.9 million compared with a negative balance of \$36.5 million the previous year. The negative balance is caused by outstanding tax increment financing bonds, developer notes issued for redevelopment costs, general obligation bonds issued for the construction of projects that did not produce a capital asset owned by the Village, and pension and post retirement healthcare liabilities. The Statement of Net Position reflects this debt as a reduction of unrestricted net position. However, there is a dedicated future revenue stream that will be used to pay the tax increment financed debt service. As the debt is paid, the unrestricted net position will increase. Unrestricted net position for business-type activities decreased to a negative ending balance of \$29.7 million due to the Lake Michigan water project

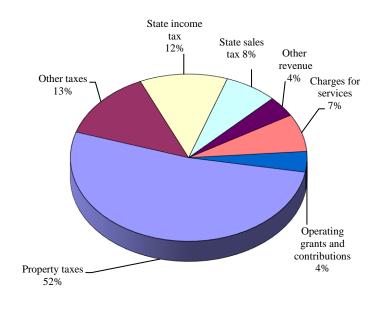
balance of \$29.7 million due to the Lake Michigan water project expenses and the loans due to the DuPage Water Commission and the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, revenue from all sources totaled \$52.2 million. Governmental revenue accounted for \$33.3 million of that total, while business-type activities accounted for \$18.9 million. Expenses for all functions totaled \$67.4 million, with \$39.1 million for governmental activities and \$28.3 million for business-type activities.

			Changes in I	Net Position		
		nmental	Busines	• •		
		vities	Activ		То	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues						
Program Revenues						
Charges for Services	\$ 2,418,715	2,702,242	17,665,452	14,781,497	20,084,167	17,483,739
Operating Grants/Contrib.	1,327,281	1,413,524	-	-	1,327,281	1,413,524
Capital Grants/Contrib.	-	-	853,963	-	853,963	-
General Revenues						
Property Taxes	17,369,069	16,571,246	-	-	17,369,069	16,571,246
Income Taxes	4,000,843	3,736,819	-	-	4,000,843	3,736,819
Sales Taxes	2,386,593	2,454,481	-	-	2,386,593	2,454,481
Other Taxes	4,439,109	3,576,662	-	-	4,439,109	3,576,662
Interest Income	675,382	477,616	94,372	44,850	769,754	522,466
Miscellaneous	665,710	653,446	302,889	176,057	968,599	829,503
Total Revenues	33,282,702	31,586,036	18,916,676	15,002,404	52,199,378	46,588,440
Expenses						
General Government	5,846,318	6,099,230	-	-	5,846,318	6,099,230
Public Safety	14,348,182	12,853,084	-	-	14,348,182	12,853,084
Public Works	15,517,930	11,148,368	-	-	15,517,930	11,148,368
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,382,040	2,974,959	-	-	3,382,040	2,974,959
Water	-	-	20,986,909	10,970,904	20,986,909	10,970,904
Sewer	-	-	4,864,486	4,792,625	4,864,486	4,792,625
Golf	-	-	2,221,022	2,298,982	2,221,022	2,298,982
Parking	-	-	201,983	229,191	201,983	229,191
Total Expenses	39,094,470	33,075,641	28,274,400	18,291,702	67,368,870	51,367,343
Change Before Transfers	(5,811,768)	(1,489,605)	(9,357,724)	(3,289,298)	(15,169,492)	(4,778,903)
Internal Activity-Transfers	320,385	343,250	(320,385)	(343,250)	-	-
Change in Net Position	(5,491,383)	(1,146,355)	(9,678,109)	(3,632,548)	(15,169,492)	(4,778,903)
Net Position-Beginning as Restated	76,162,914	77,153,190	25,937,819	29,515,525	102,100,733	106,668,715
Net Position-Ending	70,671,531	76,006,835	16,259,710	25,882,977	86,931,241	101,889,812

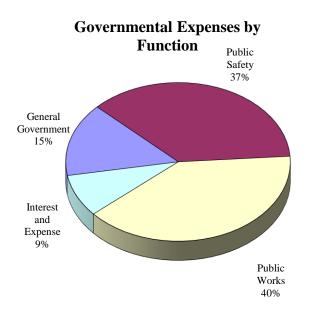
Governmental Activities – For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, governmental revenues totaled \$33.3 million, with 85% coming from taxes. Total taxes increased by 7% or \$1.9 million from the prior year. Fifty-two percent of governmental revenues came from property taxes, which totaled \$17.4 million in 2019. State income, sales, and other taxes combined accounted for 33% of total revenues in 2019. State income tax was up 7% after being down 4% the prior year. The Village's share of the state sales tax was down 2.5% after being up 3.2% in 2018. Overall, sales tax generated \$2.4 million in 2019. Other taxes include the local use, real estate transfer, telecommunications, and home rule sales tax. Other tax revenue



Governmental Revenues by Source

was up 24%, or \$862 thousand due to utility taxes being replaced by a 1% home rule sales tax.

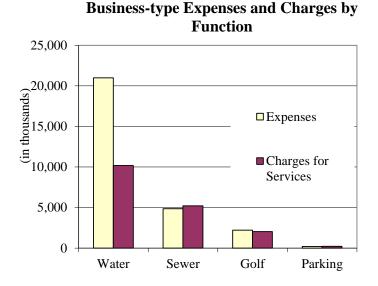
Charges for services, at \$2.4 million, represent 7% of total governmental revenues. Charges for services include fees, licenses, and fines. Building permit fees accounted for 20% of the charges for services and were down 40% from the prior year due to decreased commercial permit activity. Franchise fees make up 35% of charges for services. A total of \$297,532 was received for fines and towing fees. Other sources of revenue that combine to make up 4% of governmental revenues include investment income of \$675,382, and miscellaneous income of \$665,710.



Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$39.1 million, up from \$33.1 million the prior year, and include public works, public safety, general government, and interest expense functions. Public works made up 40% or \$15.5 million of all governmental expenses in fiscal 2019. Public works expenses were up from \$11.1 million the prior year. Public works expenses are accounted for in the General Fund Streets department, Motor Fuel Tax Fund, and the Capital Projects Funds. Capital expenses can vary from one year to the next depending on current projects. Public Safety expenses are mainly accounted for in the Public Safety department in the General Fund and totaled \$14.3 million. General Government expenses are also accounted for in the General Fund and include the Village Board and Administration, Professional

Services, Liability Insurance, Finance, Community Development, and Building departments. Total General Government expenses were \$5.8 million in fiscal 2019. Interest and fiscal charges of \$3.4 million were charged to the Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Funds. These charges are for interest paid on outstanding debt along with the costs of issuing and maintaining the debt.

Business-type Activities – Total business-type charges for services were \$17.7 million for the 2019 fiscal year and fell short of total expenses by \$10.6 million. Water charges for services of \$10.2 million made up 58% of the total charges for services, while sewer charges of \$5.2 million were 30%. Charges for water and sewer were up \$3.0 million from the previous year with water and sewer rate increases. Water consumption was lower by 1.6% compared to being up 1.3% the prior year. Golf charges were down \$74,828 at \$2.0 million. Parking charges were steady at



\$230,490. The Water and Sewer Funds received grants and contributions of \$853,963 for the year.

Total business-type expenses including transfers were \$28.6 million. Water expenses were \$21.0 million and sewer expenses were \$4.9 million. Water expenses were up significantly due to the DuPage Water Commission transmission main reflected in additional capital costs of \$11.9 million for the transition to Lake Michigan water. Sewer expenses were up just \$71,861 from the previous year. Parking expenses were level with no major capital outlay expenses. Golf expenses were offset by the sale of old golf carts.

Major Funds Discussion

General Fund Functions and Fund Balance

The schedule on the following page presents a summary of General Fund revenues and other financing sources for the year ended April 30, 2019 and compares the information to the prior year. Total revenues were up \$926 thousand from the prior year with taxes being up the most. The total Property Taxes in 2018/19 were \$8,115,526, compared to \$8,098,776 in 2017/18. This represents an increase of \$16,750, or a 0.21% increase in Property Taxes. The Police Pension levy had an increase of \$120,791. The general levy was down due to collections timing from Cook County. The largest tax increase was due to the Village implementing a home rule sales tax of 1% effective July 2018. Home rule sales tax revenue totaled \$1,369,189. This was offset by the elimination of the gas and electric utility taxes which totaled \$676,189 in 2018. Telecommunications tax continued its trend and was down \$68,242. Local Use tax was up \$185,122 and Gaming tax was up \$31,730.

General Fund				Increase	% Increase
Revenues and	2018/19	2017/18	% of Total	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Other Financing Sources	Amount	Amount	2018/19	From 2017/18	From 2017/18
Taxes	\$12,598,292	\$11,713,801	55.26%	\$884,491	7.55%
Licenses and Permits	1,965,903	2,274,495	8.62%	(308,592)	-13.57%
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,782,540	6,645,688	29.75%	136,852	2.06%
Fines	297,532	286,070	1.31%	11,462	4.01%
Investment Income	249,084	143,789	1.09%	105,295	73.23%
Miscellaneous	561,747	465,020	2.46%	96,727	20.80%
Transfers-In	343,250	343,250	1.51%	0	0.00%
-	\$22,798,348	\$21,872,113	100.00%	\$926,235	4.23%

Licenses and permits were down \$308,592 or 13.6%, compared to the prior fiscal year. Building permits decreased by \$338,652 from the previous year. Permits totaled \$494,534, down 40.7% due to a one year slowdown in large commercial building permitting in the business parks. Franchise fees for garbage, natural gas and cable television totaled \$856,973 and were down \$40,668 due to a decrease in cable charges and garbage collection fees. Other licenses included business, contractor, liquor, and antenna licenses and combined for a total of \$614,396.

Intergovernmental revenues increased \$136,852. State income tax was up 7.1%, or \$264,024, after decreasing 4.1% the prior year, totaling \$4,000,843. Offsetting part of this increase, sales tax decreased from the 2017/18 level by \$61,004 or 2.5%. \$155,280 of intergovernmental revenue was reimbursement to the Village for the police liaison officer with School District U-46. The remainder of intergovernmental revenues were grants for police programs and equitable sharing of seized assets. Towing fees and fines were up \$11,462 and investment income was up \$105,295. Miscellaneous revenues of \$561,747 were up \$96,727 from the prior year and included \$122,194 from mining royalties, \$267,592 for use of the IRMA excess reserve, and \$53,135 for insurance claims reimbursements. Transfers-in from other funds totaled \$343,250 and remained the same as the prior year. Transfers were from the Water, Sewer, Golf and Parking Funds for liability and administrative costs.

General Fund Expenditure by Function	2018/19 Amount	2017/18 Amount	% of Total 2018/19	Increase (Decrease) From 2017/18	% Increase (Decrease) From 2017/18
General Government	\$5,491,983	\$5,565,660	25.00%	(\$73,677)	-1.32%
Public Safety	12,594,793	12,216,837	57.33%	377,956	3.09%
Highways and Streets	3,883,680	3,713,910	17.68%	169,770	4.57%
Totals	\$21,970,456	\$21,496,407	100.00%	\$474,049	2.21%

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2019 and compares the information with the prior year.

Public Safety accounted for 57% of the total General Fund expenditures in 2018/19. Public Safety expenditures were up by \$377,956. Personnel increased by \$305,810 due to an increased contribution to the Police Pension Fund and fewer open positions. Costs were also up for the DuPage Public Safety Communications contribution for their facilities charge and for the transfer to the Central Services department for shared Village services.

Within the General Fund, general government expenditures accounted for 25% of the total expenditures and decreased \$73,677, or 1.3% from the previous year. General government personnel costs increased a total of \$153,911 from the 2018 fiscal year. Contractual expenditures in the Community Development and Building combined for a total decrease of \$125,021, which was due mainly to less plan review costs. Senior utility rebate costs were also down due to the discontinuation of utility taxes.

Public works accounted for 18% of General Fund expenditures, up from the prior year with a cost increase of 4.6% or \$169,770. Personnel cost were up 1.6% for an increase of \$35,385. Commodities including equipment maintenance materials and street light materials were up \$52,960. Snow plowing contracts were also up \$48,825 from the prior year. Tree purchases for the tree replacement program totaled \$35,825 and were down from the prior year of \$91,951.

The General Fund unassigned balance of \$10,029,715 is 46% of the current year fund expenditures and is a decrease of 4.3%, or \$447,562, below the 2017/18 balance. The prior year General Fund unassigned balance of \$10,477,277 was 49% of the 2018 fiscal year General Fund expenditures. The reduction in fund balance is the result of a planned transfer of \$1,011,250 to the Municipal Building Fund for the construction of a new Police Station. The total fund balance decreased by \$283,358 as the restricted balances increased slightly. The fund balance remains over the minimum balance required by the Village's fund balance policy and will be used in the coming years for non-recurring expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund budget was not amended from the original budget. Actual revenues in the General Fund were \$788,349 above the budgeted amount. Overall, taxes were \$540,043 above the budget. The State use tax was \$194,855 over budget due to the State collection of online taxes. Real Estate Transfer taxes were over by \$155,899 with increased commercial activity. Intergovernmental revenue was over by \$438,540 with Income tax being over \$300.843 as the State did not reduce the revenue sharing rate as expected. Sales tax was under budget by \$42,906 due to a seasonal slowdown. Equitable sharing budgeted revenue is for under miscellaneous and totaled \$213,741, accounting for the rest of the budget intergovernmental difference in revenue. Building permits accounted for the difference in Licenses revenue, being under budget by \$195,466.

General Fund Budget to Actual

(in thousands)

	B	riginal Sudget 2019	F	Final Budget 2019	1	Actual 2019
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	12,058	\$	12,058	\$	12,598
Intergovernmental		6,344		6,344		6,782
Licenses		2,128		2,128		1,966
Fines		330		330		298
Interest		90		90		249
Miscellaneous		717		717		562
Total revenues		21,667		21,667		22,455
Expenditures:						
General government		5,921		5,921		5,492
Public safety		12,980		12,980		12,583
Public Works		4,023		4,023		3,883
Debt Service		-		-		12
Total expenses		22,924		22,924		21,970
Deficiency of revenues						
over expenditures		(1,257)		(1,257)		485
Other financing sources						
Transfers net		(518)		(518)		(768)
Change in fund balance	\$	(1,775)	\$	(1,775)	\$	(283)

The General Fund actual expenditures were \$953,600 under the budgeted amount of \$22,924,076. General government departments were a combined \$412,724 under budget. Professional services were \$62,338 under budget due to legal services being less than expected. Administration was under in economic incentive expenditures by \$125,000. Building expenditures were under budget by \$32,517 for plan review services due to decreased development and Community Development was under in personnel due to a retirement during the year. The Finance Department was also under budget with the discontinuation of senior utility tax rebates. Public safety expenditures were \$396,491 under budget due to personnel, fuel purchases, contractual services, and professional developments cost all being under budget. Public works expenditures were \$139,831 below budget due to stormwater maintenance costs and tree purchases being under budget.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund had \$3,252,683 in total revenues in 2018/19, up from \$3,098,955 the previous year. Property tax revenues increased by \$146,223 due to the timing of Cook County collections. Income from investments was also up \$12,883 from the previous year. Miscellaneous income totaled \$42,952 for the Fire District's share of debt service payments on the Fire Station Bonds. Principal payments on debt totaled \$1,800,000, up \$120,000 with interest payments decreasing. Interest and fiscal charges were down \$153,412 from the previous year, due to less outstanding debt and the cost of refunding the 2007 bonds being in the prior year. The ending fund balance was \$794,770, a net increase from the previous year of \$83,995.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for funds committed for capital improvements. The current year did not have any project activity. In the current year, \$752 was received as investment income. The ending fund balance was \$40,830.

Municipal Building Fund

The Municipal Building Fund had \$2,492,846 in total revenues in 2018/19. Revenue included developer contributions totaling \$10,328, income from investments of \$71,268 and transfers in of \$2,411,250 for the construction project from the General Fund and from the Developer Deposits Fund. Total expenditures of \$6,080,885 were for the construction of a new Police Station. The ending fund balance was \$985,844.

Brewster Creek TIF Project Fund

The Brewster Creek TIF Project Fund had \$7,647,101 in total revenues in 2018/19. The property tax increment accounted for \$4,839,304 and note proceeds totaled \$2,683,300. Incremental property taxes increased \$281,836, or 6.18% from the previous year. Total expenditures of \$7,722,323 included \$2,683,300 for capital outlay to develop the industrial park, \$1,208,023 for interest and debt related expenses, and \$3,831,000 for principal payments. Outstanding TIF bonds total \$19,085,000 at the end of the year. The ending fund balance was \$4,248,017, a decrease of \$75,222 from the previous year.

Route 59 and Lake Street TIF Fund

The Route 59 and Lake Street TIF Fund is considered a major fund due to the amount of advances from other funds which are shown as a liability on the balance sheet. The fund has received advances totaling \$3,552,669 from the Sewer, Developer Deposits and Municipal Building Funds. The advanced funds were used to purchase part of the land to be developed and for professional services related to the creation of the TIF district. No incremental property taxes were received in fiscal 2019. The advances will be repaid when funds are available.

Water Fund

Operating revenues of the Village's water system totaled \$10,072,311 and had an increase of \$1,921,771, or 24%, above 2017/18 levels. Charges for services increased due to a 27% water rate increase effective May 1, 2018. Consumption for the year was down 1.6% from the prior year.

Operating expenses in the Water Fund before depreciation totaled \$20,239,582, an increase of \$10,014,595 from 2017/18. Contractual expenses including the cost of well maintenance and water purchases from the City of Elgin were up a total of \$373,154. Personnel, retirement, and insurance expenses decreased by a total of \$64,114, or 7% with the reduction of staff by one maintenance worker. Capital Outlay related to the Lake Michigan water project increased by \$9,733,051. Depreciation expense of \$747,327 for the fiscal year added to an operating loss in the amount of \$10,914,598. The ending net position balance was a negative \$3,682,317, consisting of \$25,541,848 net investment in capital assets, \$120,000 restricted for radium removal, and a negative \$29,344,165 being unrestricted. The decrease in unrestricted net balance is due to the cost to construct the DuPage Water Commission's transmission line to connect with the Village's water system. The total loan payable to the DuPage Water Commission was \$31,015,214 at the end of the fiscal year. There is also a low interest loan from the Illinois EPA for the construction of the water receiving station for \$6,051,689. A third planned rate increase was effective May 1, 2019, as payments began on the DuPage Water Commission loan.

Sewer Fund

Operating revenues of the Village's sewer system totaled \$5,107,574 and had an increase of \$1,074,869 above the 2017/18 levels. The increase reflects the sewer rate increases effective May 1, 2018. The operating revenues are based on water consumption and a fixed fee that is not dependent on water consumption. Revenue from connection fees of \$106,237 was down \$10,811 from the prior year.

Sewer operating expenses before depreciation totaled \$3,560,227, an increase \$74,673 from the prior year. Capital Outlay expenses for sewer evaluation and repairs were down by \$85,677. Personnel costs were up \$137,825. The retirement and insurance included in personnel costs included an increase of \$73,252 from the prior year due to an increase in the IMRF pension and OPEB liability. Depreciation expense of \$1,263,483 for the fiscal year brought the result of sewer operations to an operating gain in the amount of \$283,864. Net gain after non-operating revenues, interest charges, transfers out, and developer contributions was \$639,046 compared to a net loss of \$751,963 the prior year. The ending net position balance was \$19,590,309, consisting of \$17,640,977 net investment in capital assets and \$1,949,332 being unrestricted. Sewer rates have been increased in anticipation of two major capital projects that have begun for a combined cost estimated to be about \$35 million.

Golf Operations

Golf operating revenue decreased \$74,828 in 2018/19 and operating expenses increased \$20,316. Food and beverage sales of \$892,521 decreased by \$49,682 below 2017/18 sales. Golf-related fees of \$1,153,312 decreased \$25,146, or 2% below 2017/18. Personnel expenses were up a total of \$58,338 mainly due to retirement contributions being up \$47,228 and insurance costs being up \$11,073. Capital outlay expenses were consistent with the prior year for a total of \$25,422 for equipment. The ending net position balance was \$265,590, consisting of \$2,601,186 net investment in capital assets and a deficit unrestricted balance of \$2,335,596.

Capital Assets

As of the end of fiscal 2019, the Village had a combined total of \$184,597,185 invested in capital assets. Below is a table listing the assets by category. A more detailed account of the capital asset activity can be found in the notes to the financial statements on pages 65-66.

	2019	2018
Land	69,941,135	69,941,135
Construction in progress	11,500,468	14,954,435
Land improvements	634,461	712,088
Building/Bldg Improvements	30,395,448	12,823,990
Machinery and Equipment	6,202,386	6,412,704
Storm Sewers	17,821,287	17,955,664
Streets/Bridges/Sidewalks	15,935,812	16,534,358
Water & Sewer Lines	32,166,188	31,128,870
	\$184,597,185	\$170,463,244

Capital Assets at Year End Net of Depreciation

Debt Administration

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the Village had a total of \$35,145,000 in outstanding G.O. bonded indebtedness from four bond issues. The Village has \$19,085,000 in outstanding Senior Lien Tax Increment Revenue Bonds and has approved \$25,000,000 in developer notes that will be repaid solely from tax increment financing revenue from the Brewster Creek Industrial Park and the Blue Heron Industrial Park. It has Special Service Area Bonds of \$4,510,000 that were issued to develop the Bluff City Industrial Park. These bonds are the sole obligation of the special service area. It has an IEPA loan balance of \$7,783,889 for sewer treatment improvements which entered the repayment phase in fiscal 2015 from the Sewer Fund and for the construction of the water receiving station in 2019. The Village has also entered into loans payable to the DuPage Water Commission for the construction of connection facilities and buy-in currently totaling \$31,015,214. The repayment of the loans began in May of 2019 when the connection was completed. The Village bond rating remains at Aa1 based on the global rating scale of Moody's Investors Services, evidencing the Village's sound fiscal practices. The details of the current and long-term debt of the Village are covered in the notes to the financial statements on pages 68-76.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Village of Bartlett continues to conservatively budget for its operating expenditures. The Village's Equalized Assessed Value increased for the fourth time since its low in 2014. The Village

has traditionally endeavored to maintain a level or declining property tax rate and has budgeted to not increase the General property tax levy again this year. Commercial and industrial development has continued to pick up in two TIF districts within the Village. Sales tax was down 2.5% in fiscal 2019 but is beginning to increase again in the current year. The Village's share of state income tax revenue is expected to increase again this year for the second year in a row. The State reduced the amount shared with municipalities by 10%, or an estimated \$400,000, for their 2018 fiscal year, but changed the reduction to 5% for their fiscal 2019. No change was made to the State's income tax sharing rate for the fiscal 2020 year.

The budget for the fiscal year starting May 1, 2019 was approved by the Board on April 2, 2019. Total expenditures for all funds are \$76,174,619, a 25% decrease from last year's original budget of \$101,627,659. The operating portion of the budget totals \$49,588,443, a 10.7% increase from the 2018/19 operating total of \$44,791,550. The budget includes \$20.9 million in capital projects. \$2.5 million is related to the transition of receiving water from the DuPage Water Commission, \$5.8 million for the Devon Avenue Excess Flow sewer project, \$3.5 million for streets projects, and \$3.9 million is related to economic development in the Brewster Creek and Blue Heron Industrial Parks. Other significant projects include the water main replacement program, water tower painting, and stormwater improvements.

Both water and sewer rates were increased for the year beginning May 1, 2019. The water rate was increased 21% and the sewer rates were increased 7% in Kane County, 19% in Cook County, and 23% in DuPage County. The last rate adjustment was an increase of 27% for water and 8% in Kane County, 24% in Cook County, and 30% in DuPage County for sewer effective May 1, 2018. The water rate was increased to pay for the infrastructure improvements related to changing the Village's water source to Lake Michigan water through the DuPage Water Commission. The two year total was about \$41.5 million. The Village used an IEPA low interest loan and DuPage Water Commission loans to fund the project. Sewer rates were also increase to cover the cost of capital projects that are currently in the design phase. Water and sewer rates will be reviewed on an annual basis as project cost are finalized.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Village's finances and to show the Village's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or wish to request any additional information, please contact the Finance Department of the Village of Bartlett, 228 S. Main Street, Bartlett, IL 60103.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

Proprietary Funds

Fiduciary Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2019

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2019

	Р	rimary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 29,481,667	4,644,619	34,126,286
Receivables - Net	10,875,428	2,740,464	13,615,892
Due from Other Governments	97,477	511,169	608,646
Internal Balances	(62,887)	62,887	-
Inventories	-	79,206	79,206
Prepaids	477,673	21,178	498,851
Total Current Assets	40,869,358	8,059,523	48,928,881
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets			
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	67,833,893	13,607,710	81,441,603
Depreciable Capital Assets	144,637,019	110,348,206	254,985,225
Accumulated Depreciation	(81,487,373)	(70,342,270)	(151,829,643)
Total Noncurrent Assets	130,983,539	53,613,646	184,597,185
Total Assets	171,852,897	61,673,169	233,526,066
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Unamortized Loss on Refunding	474,788	-	474,788
Deferred Items - IMRF	3,632,657	1,995,740	5,628,397
Deferred Items - Police Pension	4,611,805	-	4,611,805
Deferred Items - RBP	144,612	41,166	185,778
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,863,862	2,036,906	10,900,768
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	180,716,759	63,710,075	244,426,834

		Primary Government	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Totals
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,527,386	2,773,815	5,301,201
Accrued Payroll	492,298	108,528	600,826
Accrued Interest Payable	2,011,555	17,227	2,028,782
Gift Certificates Payable	-	71,118	71,118
Deposits Payable	435,990	-	435,990
Other Payables	1,158,361	-	1,158,361
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	4,425,377	214,872	4,640,249
Total Current Liabilities	11,050,967	3,185,560	14,236,527
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Compensated Absences Payable	956,177	356,042	1,312,219
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	6,858,106	3,767,759	10,625,865
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	15,295,919	-	15,295,919
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	3,192,361	908,765	4,101,126
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net	34,224,438	-	34,224,438
Developer Notes Payable	11,262,911	-	11,262,911
Tax Increment Financing Bonds Payable	16,875,000	-	16,875,000
Loan Payable	-	31,015,214	31,015,214
IEPA Loan Payable	-	7,685,934	7,685,934
Installment Contract		136,632	136,632
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	88,664,912	43,870,346	132,535,258
Total Liabilities	99,715,879	47,055,906	146,771,785
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Taxes	8,988,431	-	8,988,431
Deferred Items - IMRF	717,998	394,459	1,112,457
Deferred Items - Police Pension	622,920	-	622,920
Total Deferred Inflows of Resouces	10,329,349	394,459	10,723,808
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	110,045,228	47,450,365	157,495,593
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	107,643,851	45,829,757	153,473,608
Restricted - Public Safety	771,277	-	771,277
Restricted - Debt Service	3,031,232	-	3,031,232
Restricted - Highways and Streets	3,482,130	-	3,482,130
Restricted - Capital Projects	40,830	-	40,830
Restricted - Redevelopment	579,400	-	579,400
Restricted - Radium Removal	-	120,000	120,000
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(44,877,189)	(29,690,047)	(74,567,236)
Total Net Position	70,671,531	16,259,710	86,931,241

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

			Program Revenue	s
		Charges	Operating	Capital
		for	Grants/	Grants/
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 5,846,318	1,965,903	-	-
Public Safety	14,348,182	452,812	244,323	-
Public Works	15,517,930	-	1,082,958	-
Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,382,040	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	39,094,470	2,418,715	1,327,281	-
Business-Type Activities				
Water	20,986,909	10,175,318	-	485,000
Sewer	4,864,486	5,213,811	-	368,963
Golf	2,221,022	2,045,833	-	-
Parking	201,983	230,490	-	-
Total Business-Type Activities	28,274,400	17,665,452	-	853,963
Total Primary Government	67,368,870	20,084,167	1,327,281	853,963

General Revenues Taxes Property and Replacement Telecommunications Local Use Real Estate Transfer Utility Gaming Home Rule Sales Intergovernmental - Unrestricted State Income Taxes State Sales Taxes Investment Income Miscellaneous Transfers - Internal Activity Totals Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning as Restated

Net Position - Ending

	Net (Expenses)/Revenues Primary Government	
Governmental	Business-Type	
Activities	Activities	Totals
Activities	Activities	Totals
(3,880,415)	-	(3,880,415)
(13,651,047)	-	(13,651,047)
(14,434,972)	-	(14,434,972)
(3,382,040)	-	(3,382,040)
(35,348,474)	-	(35,348,474)
	(10.226.501)	(10.226.501)
-	(10,326,591)	(10,326,591)
-	718,288	718,288
-	(175,189)	(175,189)
-	28,507	28,507
-	(9,754,985)	(9,754,985)
(35,348,474)	(9,754,985)	(45,103,459)
17,369,069	-	17,369,069
753,858	-	753,858
1,274,855	-	1,274,855
800,899	-	800,899
25,289	-	25,289
215,019	-	215,019
1,369,189	-	1,369,189
4,000,843	-	4,000,843
2,386,593	-	2,386,593
675,382	94,372	769,754
665,710	302,889	968,599
320,385	(320,385)	
29,857,091	76,876	29,933,967
(5,491,383)	(9,678,109)	(15,169,492)
76,162,914	25,937,819	102,100,733
70,671,531	16,259,710	86,931,241

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds April 30, 2019

				Capital	Capital Projects			
		-			Brewster	Bluff City		
		Debt	Municipal	Rt. 59 and	Creek	Project		
	General	Service	Building	Lake TIF	Project TIF	TIF	Nonmajor	Totals
ASSETS								
Cash and Investments	\$ 11,045,010	794,245	1,224,969	3,552,669	4,248,017	3,437	6,909,890	27,778,237
receivables - net of Allowances Taxes	7,957,542	2,530,958	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	10,488,500
Accounts	62,307	324,621	ı	ı	ı	I	I	386,928
Other	ı	ı	ı	I	ı		ı	ı
Due from Other Governments	6,265	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	91,212	97,477
Advances to Other Funds	1,187,113	ı	279,989	I	I	ı	2,022,680	3,489,782
Prepaids	418,963							418,963
Total Assets	20,677,200	3,649,824	1,504,958	3,552,669	4,248,017	3,437	3,437 9,023,782	42,659,887

	General	Debt Service	Municipal Building	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	Brewster Creek Project TIF	Bluff City Project TIF	Nonmajor	Totals
LIABILITIES			C		ſ		D	
er Funds	\$ 705,070 457,658 - 649,931	- - 324,096	125,807 - - 393,307	3,552,669			1,920,781 25,926 435,990 - 115,593	$\begin{array}{c} 2.751,658\\ 483,584\\ 435,990\\ 3,552,669\\ 1,482,927\\ 1,482,927\end{array}$
Total Liabilities DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,812,659	324,096	519,114	3,552,669		ı	2,498,290	8,706,828
Property Taxes Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,457,473 8,270,132	2,530,958 2,855,054	- 519,114	- 3,552,669			- 2,498,290	8,988,431 17,695,259
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	1,606,076 771,277 - 10,029,715 12,407,068	- 794,770 - 794,770	- - 985,844 - 985,844		- 4,248,017 - 4,248,017	- 3,437 - 3,437	- 4,098,923 2,426,569 - 6,525,492	$\begin{array}{c} 1,606,076\\ 9,916,424\\ 3,412,413\\ 10,029,715\\ 24,964,628\end{array}$
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	20,677,200	3,649,824	1,504,958	3,552,669	4,248,017	3,437	9,023,782	42,659,887

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

April 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	24,964,628
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		130,983,539
Less Amount Reported in Internal Service Funds Below		(2,583,998)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures		
and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		324,566
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.		
Deferred Items - IMRF		2,914,659
Deferred Items - Police Pension		3,988,885
Deferred Items - RBP		140,335
Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of central services and vehicle replacement to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities		
in the Statement of Net Position.		4,123,085
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences Payable		(1,304,655)
Less Amount Reported in the Governmental Funds as Current Payables		313,106
Less Amount Reported in Internal Service Funds Above		35,372
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		(6,858,106)
Net Pension Liability - Police		(15,295,919)
Total OPEB Liability - OPEB		(3,192,361)
Less Amount Reported in Internal Service Funds Above		94,410
General Obligation Bonds Payable - Net		(36,089,438)
Developer Notes Payable		(11,262,911)
Tax Increment Financing Bonds Payable		(19,085,000)
Installment Contracts Payable		(1,899)
Unamortized Loss on Refunding		474,788
Accrued Interest Payable		(2,011,555)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	_	70,671,531

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	·		Capital	Capital Projects Brewster	Bluff City		
General	Debt Service	Municipal Buildings	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	Creek Project TIF	Project TIF	Nonmajor	Totals
\$ 12,598,292 3,	3,188,195	I	I	4,839,304	461,594	720,793	21,808,178
6,782,540	ı	I	I	4,499	I	1,082,958	7,869,997
1,965,903	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1,965,903
297,532	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	297,532
249,084	21,536	71,268	ı	119,998	2,974	183,252	648,112
561,747	42,952	10,328	ı		ı	50,683	665,710
22,455,098 3,25	,252,683	81,596	I	4,963,801	464,568	2,037,686	33,255,432
5,491,983	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	5,491,983
12,583,061	ı	I	I	ı	I	I	12,583,061
3,883,680	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	590,988	4,474,668
ı	I	6,080,885	ı	2,683,300	6,034,665	1,222,362	16,021,212
11,732 1,80	,800,000			3,831,000	ı	·	5,642,732
- 1,	,398,568	ı	58,699	1,208,023	645,278		3,310,568
21.970.456 3.1	100 560	200 000 2	20 600	272 272	6 670 0/3	1 813 350	77 574 774

	Totals	(14,268,792)	8,901,510	2,843,079	(2,522,694)	9,221,895	(5,046,897)	30,011,525	24,964,628
	Nonmajor	224,336 (14	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	- 2	(1,388,579) (2)	(1,388,579) 9	(1,164,243) (5	7,689,735 30	6,525,492 24
	Bluff City Project TIF	(6,215,375)	6,218,210	ı	-	6,218,210 (2,835 (602	3,437
rojects	Brewster Creek Project TIF	(2,758,522)	2,683,300	ı	ı	2,683,300	(75,222)	4,323,239	4,248,017
Capital Projects	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	(58,699)	ı	58,699	ı	58,699	I	I	,
	Municipal Buildings	(5,999,289)	ı	2,411,250	(22,865)	2,388,385	(3, 610, 904)	4,596,748	985,844
	Debt Service	54,115	ı	29,880	ı	29,880	83,995	710,775	794,770
	General	\$ 484,642	Ţ	343,250	(1,111,250)	(768,000)	(283,358)	12,690,426	12,407,068
		Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Debt Issuance	Transfers In	Transfers Out		Net Change in Fund Balances	Fund Balances - Beginning	Fund Balances - Ending

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (5,046,897)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlays	6,877,940
Depreciation Expense	(2,836,577)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that are not available in governmental	
funds are not reported as revenue in governmental funds until received.	(66,326)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds.	
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF	4,135,286
Change in Deferred Items - Police Pension	2,444,959
Change in Deferred Items - RBP	140,335
Internal service funds are used by the Village to charge the costs of	
insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities	
of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	139,186
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to	
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.	
Deductions to Compensated Absences Payable	54,184
Additions to Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(4,246,046)
Additions to Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	(3,472,015)
Additions to Total OPEB Liability - RBP	(351,488)
Issuance of Debt	(8,901,510)
Retirement of Debt	5,642,732
Amortization of Premium on Debt	65,936
Amortization of Loss on Refunding	(70,468)
Changes to accrued interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities	
does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 (614)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	 (5,491,383)

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Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds April 30, 2019

			Bus	Business-Type Activities	ties		Governmental
					Nonmajor		Activities
	Water	ter	Sewer	Golf	Parking	Totals	Internal Service
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,7	2,770,162	1,778,627	ı	95,830	4,644,619	1,703,430
Receivables - Net of Allowances							
Accounts	1,9	1,954,895	777,969		600	2,733,464	·
Accrued Interest		ı	7,000	ı	I	7,000	
Due from Other Governments	5	511,169	I	ı	ı	511,169	·
Inventories		I	ı	79,206	I	79,206	
Prepaids		8,735	3,239	9,204	I	21,178	58,710
Total Current Assets	5,2,	5,244,961	2,566,835	88,410	96,430	7,996,636	1,762,140
Noncurrent Assets							
Advances to Other Funds		ı	1,250,000	ı	ı	1,250,000	I
Capital Assets							
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	11,3	11,354,138	652,593	1,568,999	31,980	13,607,710	ı
Depreciable Capital Assets	49,50	49,560,245	54,396,827	6,115,780	275,354	110,348,206	8,164,444
Accumulated Depreciation	(29,3)	(29,320,846)	(35,676,243)	(5,083,593)	(261, 588)	(70, 342, 270)	(5,580,446)
Total Noncurrent Assets	31,5	31,593,537	20,623,177	2,601,186	45,746	54,863,646	2,583,998
Total Assets	36,8	36,838,498	23,190,012	2,689,596	142,176	62,860,282	4,346,138
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Items - IMRF	ũ	560,075	934,589	463,889	37,187	1,995,740	ı
Deferred Items - RBP		12,039	18,757	10,370		41,166	4,277
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,	572,114	953,346	474,259	37,187	2,036,906	4,277

4,350,415

64,897,188

179,363

3,163,855

37,410,612 24,143,358

Total Assets/ Deferred Outflows of Resources

		Bu	Business-Type Activities	ities		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Nonmajor Parking	Totals	Activities Internal Service
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	2,432,289	234,058	101,983	5,485	2,773,815	88,834
Accrued Payroll	26,837	47,378	31,286	3,027	108,528	8,714
Gift Certificates Payable		ı	71,118	ı	71,118	ı
Accrued Interest Payable		11,374	5,853	ı	17,227	ı
Compensated Absences Payable	23,094	28,605	21,820	1,244	74,763	35,372
IEPA Loan Payable		97,955	ı	ı	97,955	ı
Installment Contract			42,154		42,154	
Total Current Liabilities	2,482,220	419,370	274,214	9,756	3,185,560	132,920
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Advances from Other Funds	·	ı	1,187,113	ı	1,187,113	ı
Compensated Absences Payable	109,981	136,224	103,913	5,924	356,042	ı
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	1,057,366	1,764,412	875,776	70,205	3,767,759	I
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	265,760	414,076	228,929		908,765	94,410
Loan Payable	31,015,214	·	I		31,015,214	I
IEPA Loan Payable	6,051,689	1,634,245	I		7,685,934	I
Installment Contract		ı	136,632	ı	136,632	ı
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	38,500,010	3,948,957	2,532,363	76,129	45,057,459	94,410
Total Liabilities	40,982,230	4,368,327	2,806,577	85,885	48,243,019	227,330
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Items - IMRF	110,699	184,722	91,688	7,350	394,459	
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows of Resources	41,092,929	4,553,049	2,898,265	93,235	48,637,478	227,330
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,541,848	17,640,977	2,601,186	45,746	45,829,757	2,583,998
Restricted - Kadium Removal	120,000	ı	·	I	120,000	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(29, 344, 165)	1,949,332	(2,335,596)	40,382	(29,690,047)	1,539,087
Total Net Position	(3,682,317)	19,590,309	265,590	86,128	16,259,710	4,123,085

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

40

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Bı	ısiness-Type A	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	rtprise Funds		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Nonmajor Parking	Totals	Activities Internal Service
۹ بر ر						
Uperating Revenues Charges for Services	\$ 10.072.311	5.107.574	2.045.833	230.490	17.456.208	I
Interfund Services	, I ,			Ţ		1,807,826
Total Operating Revenues	10,072,311	5,107,574	2,045,833	230,490	17,456,208	1,807,826
Operating Expenses						
Personnel Services	1,249,858	2,162,078	1,414,088	78,799	4,904,823	461,780
Contractual Services	5,612,507	587,012	194,513	61,687	6,455,719	483,150
Commodities	174,115	407,748	455,179	8,670	1,045,712	32,464
Capital	13,015,652	134,509	25,422	35,942	13,211,525	120,044
Central Services	156,361	156,361	ı	ı	312,722	ı
Vehicle Replacement	20,879	48,879	ı	7,110	76,868	ı
Other Charges	10,210	63,640	48,407	ı	122,257	16,065
Total Operating Expenses	20,239,582	3,560,227	2,137,609	192,208	26,129,626	1,113,503
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(10,167,271)	1,547,347	(91,776)	38,282	(8,673,418)	694,323
Depreciation	747,327	1,263,483	239,634	9,775	2,260,219	677,673
Operating Income (Loss)	(10,914,598)	283,864	(331,410)	28,507	(10,933,637)	16,650

	ות	aning a b ball and an and a second a second				
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Nonmajor Parking	Totals	Activities Internal Service
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment Income	\$ 42.287	50.758	ı	1.327	94.372	27.270
	<i>a</i> ,		402	, I	302,889	1,658
Connection Fees	103,007	106,237	I	ı	209,244	I
Disposal of Capital Assets	ı	·	163,400	ı	163,400	93,608
Interest Expense	I	(40, 776)	(7, 179)	I	(47,955)	ı
	447,781	116,219	156,623	1,327	721,950	122,536
Income (Loss) Before Transfers, Capital Grant, and Capital Contributions	(10,466,817)	400,083	(174,787)	29,834	(10,211,687)	139,186
Transfers In	ı	ı	22,865	ı	22,865	ı
Transfers Out	(130,000) 485 000	(130,000)	(68,250)	(15,000)	(343,250)	1
Capital Contributions	-	- 368,963			368,963	
Change in Net Position	(10,111,817)	639,046	(220,172)	14,834	(9,678,109)	139,186
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	6,429,500	18,951,263	485,762	71,294	25,937,819	3,983,899
Net Position - Ending	(3,682,317)	19,590,309	265,590	86,128	16,259,710	4,123,085

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	I	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Activities - Ente	rprise Funds		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Nonmajor Parking	Totals	Activities Internal Service
)		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		1 551 700			15 501 753	
Receipts from Interfund Services	\$ 0,740,470	4,001,100	1,/94,U04	120,602	cc2,1UC,C1	- 1 807 876
Payments to Employees	(1,451,173)	(135,221)	(1,208,008)	(165,852)	(2,960,254)	(678)
Payments to Suppliers	(16, 756, 085)	(2, 492, 011)	(514,092)	(16, 230)	(19, 778, 418)	(1,057,556)
Payments for Interfund Services	(177, 240)	(205, 240)	ı	(7, 110)	(389,590)	·
	(9,438,000)	1,719,228	71,934	19,829	(7,627,009)	749,592
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Transfers In	I	I	22,865	·	22,865	I
Transfers Out	(130,000)	(130,000)	(68, 250)	(15,000)	(343, 250)	·
	(130,000)	(130,000)	(45,385)	(15,000)	(320,385)	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Purchase of Capital Assets	(11, 126, 591)	(194, 298)	(361,556)	ı	(11,682,445)	(494,063)
Disposal of Capital Asset		ı	163,400	·	163,400	93,608
Issuance of Capital Debt	21,053,180	I	340,860	ı	21,394,040	
Retirement of Debt	I	(95,745)	(162,074)	ı	(257, 819)	I
Interest Expense	ı	(40, 776)	(7, 179)	ı	(47, 955)	ı
	9,926,589	(330, 819)	(26,549)	ı	9,569,221	(400, 455)

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds	ctivities - Enter	prise Funds		Governmental
	Water	Sewer	Golf	Nonmajor Parking	Totals	Activities Internal Service
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment Income	\$ 42,287	50,758	1	1,327	94,372	27,270
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	400,876	1,309,167	ı	6,156	1,716,199	376,407
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	2,369,286	469,460	,	89,674	2,928,420	1,327,023
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	2,770,162	1,778,627	1	95,830	4,644,619	1,703,430
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	(10,914,598)	283,864	(331,410)	28,507	(10,933,637)	16,650
Depreciation Expense	747,327	1,263,483	239,634	9,775	2,260,219	677,673
Other Income	405,494	106,237	402	I	512,133	1,658
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	(1,531,307)	(662, 111)	(252, 201)	(21, 469)	(2,467,088)	27,041
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	1,855,084	727,755	415,509	3,016	3,001,364	26,570
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	(9,438,000)	1,719,228	71,934	19,829	(7,627,009)	749,592

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position April 30, 2019

	Pension	
	Trust	Agency
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,762,589	610,000
Investments		
U.S. Treasury Securities	7,917,064	-
U.S. Agency Securities	1,186,238	-
Municipal Bonds	100,224	-
Corporate Bonds	8,080,228	-
Equity Mutual Funds	21,923,416	-
Common Stock	2,661,212	-
Illinois Funds	23,298	-
Receivables - Net of Allowance		
Accrued Interest	98,281	-
Prepaids	44,792	
Total Assets	43,797,342	610,000
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	8,449	
Due to Village	6,265	-
Due to Bondholders	-	610,000
Due to Bolidioiders		010,000
Total Liabilities	14,714	610,000
NET POSITION		
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	43,782,628	

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Pension Trust
Additions	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,457,503
Contributions - Plan Members	522,540
Other Income	35
Total Contributions	1,980,078
Investment Income	
Interest Earned	479,190
Net Change in Fair Value	3,217,157
C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	3,696,347
Less Investment Expenses	(145,593)
Net Investment Income	3,550,754
Total Additions	5,530,832
Deductions	
Administration	33,090
Benefits and Refunds	1,767,984
Total Deductions	1,801,074
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	3,729,758
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	
Beginning	40,052,870
Ending	43,782,628

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Village of Bartlett (Village), Illinois, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected president and six-member Board of Trustees. The Village's major operations include public safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, water and sewer services, golf services, parking services, and general administrative services.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP in the United States). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP in the United States for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

REPORTING ENTITY

The Village's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Village of Bartlett

In determining the financial reporting entity, the Village complies with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Omnibus – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34," and includes all component units that have a significant operational or financial relationship with the Village. Based upon the criteria set forth in the GASB Statement No. 61, there are no component units included in the reporting entity.

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The Village's sworn police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS). PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the Village's President, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The participants are required to contribute a percentage of salary as established by state statute and the Village is obligated to fund all remaining PPERS costs based upon actuarial valuations. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the Village is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels. Although it is legally separate from the Village, the PPERS is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to provide retirement benefits for the Village's police employees. The PPERS is reported as a fiduciary fund, and specifically a pension trust fund, due to the fiduciary responsibility exercised over the PPERS.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Village's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Village as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Village's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Village's public safety, highway and street maintenance and reconstruction, building code enforcement, public improvements, economic development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The Village's water and sewer services, golf services, and parking services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are: (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column, and (b) reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets/deferred outflows and receivables as well as long-term debt/deferred inflows and obligations. The Village's net position is reported in three parts: net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. The Village first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Village's functions and business-type activities (general government, public safety, public works, etc.). The functions are supported by general government revenues (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, sales taxes, income taxes, interest income, etc.).

The Village does allocate indirect costs. Costs for data processing (Central Services) and fleet management (Vehicle Replacement) are provided to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursed basis.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Village as an entity and the change in the Village's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Village are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The Village electively added funds, as major funds, which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and

Total assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Village:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Village:

General fund is the general operating fund of the Village. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The Village maintains one nonmajor special revenue fund.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for the periodic payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt. The Debt Service Fund is treated as a major fund and is used to account for funds restricted, committed or assigned for principal retirements, interest and fiscal charges for debt issues.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type/proprietary funds). The Village maintains four major capital projects funds. The Municipal Building Fund is used to account for the funds restricted, committed or assigned for construction and/or improvements of municipal buildings. The Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund is used to account for incremental property taxes restricted for construction and/or improvements to the Rt. 59 and Lake Street Redevelopment Project Area. The Brewster Creek Project TIF Fund is used to account for the restricted revenues accumulated and expenditures incurred for the development of the Bartlett Quarry Project. The Bluff City Project TIF Fund is used to account for the Bluff City South Business property, Blue Heron Business Park property, and Bluff City Industrial Park property.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Village:

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Proprietary Funds – Continued

Enterprise funds are required to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs. The Village maintains three major enterprise funds. The Water Fund is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections. The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections. The Sewer Fund is used to account for the provision of sever services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections. The Golf Fund is used to account for the operations of the Village golf course. Financing is provide by the user charges from utilizing the golf course. The Village has chosen to report this fund as a major fund.

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis. The Village maintains two internal service funds. Internal service funds account for data processing (Central Services) and fleet management services (Vehicle Replacement) provided to departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The Village's internal service funds financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the Village's governmental activities, the financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. To the extent possible, the cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity (general government, public safety, public works, etc.).

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support Village programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Pension trust funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for pension benefit payments. The Police Pension Fund accounts for the activities of the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village which uses the annual property tax levy to fund the employer contribution.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Fund Financial Statements – Continued

Fiduciary Funds - Continued

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a purely custodial capacity. The Bluff City Special Service Area Fund is used to account for the repayment of noncommitment debt for the Bluff City Special Service Area.

The Village's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (pension trust and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, pension participants, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the Village, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

All proprietary and pension trust funds utilize an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary and pension trust fund equity is classified as net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Measurement Focus - Continued

Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The Village recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales and use taxes, income taxes, licenses, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

All proprietary, pension trust and agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Village's enterprise funds, and of the Village's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING – Continued

Basis of Accounting – Continued

The Village also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. For the purpose of the proprietary funds' Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agent, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Interfund Receivables, Payables and Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Internal service fund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances for governmental activities include property taxes, sales and use taxes, income taxes, and grants. Business-type activities report charges for services as their major receivables.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 to \$50,000, depending on asset class, or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the Village as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized. In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by the governmental activities) the government chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and storm sewers are capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Capital assets in the proprietary funds are capitalized in the fund in which they are utilized. The valuation bases for proprietary fund capital assets are the same as those used for the general capital assets. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	10 - 20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	25 - 50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Storm Sewers, Water Mains,	
Sewer Mains and Bridges	50 Years
Streets, Sidewalks, and Traffic Signals	15 - 25 Years

Compensated Absences

The Village accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenses at the time of issuance.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Long-Term Obligations – Continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.

Unrestricted – All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP in accordance with the Illinois Budget Officer Act. Annual budgets are adopted (at the fund level) for all funds except for the Town Center TIF Fund. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY – Continued

BUDGETARY INFORMATION – Continued

All departments of the Village submit requests for budget to the Village's manager so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and includes information on the past three-year actuals, current year estimates, current year budgets, and requested budgets for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds a public hearing and can add to, subtract from, or change budgets, but cannot change the form of the budget.

The total budget for any fund can only be amended by the governing body; the line item changes within each fund can be made by management, if the fund's total budget is not changed.

There was one budget amendment during fiscal year 2019.

DEFICIT/NET POSITION

The following fund had deficit fund balance/net position as of the date of this report:

Fund	Deficit
Water	\$ 3,682,317

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds except the pension trust fund. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, investments are separately held by several of the Village's funds. The deposits and investments of the pension trust fund are held separately from those of other funds.

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the Village to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Statutes authorize the Pension Fund to make deposits/invest in interest bearing direct obligations of the United States of America; obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured as to the payment of principal and interest by the United States of America; bonds, notes, debentures, or similar obligations of agencies of the United States of America; savings accounts or certificates of deposit issued by banks or savings and loan associations chartered by the United States of America or by the State of Illinois, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; credit unions, to the extent that the deposits are insured by the agencies or instrumentalities of the federal government; State of Illinois bonds; pooled accounts managed by the Illinois Funds Market Fund (Formerly known as IPTIP, Illinois Public Treasurer's Investment Pool), or by banks, their subsidiaries or holding companies, in accordance with the laws of the State of Illinois; bonds or tax anticipation warrants of any county, township, or municipal corporation of the State of Illinois; direct obligations of the State of Israel; money market mutual funds managed by investment companies that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Illinois Securities Law of 1953 and are diversified, open-ended management investment companies, provided the portfolio is limited to specified restrictions; general accounts of life insurance companies; and separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds, the mutual funds must meet specific restrictions, provided the investment in separate accounts and mutual funds does not exceed ten percent of the Pension Fund's plan net position; and corporate bonds managed through an investment advisor, rated as investment grade by one of the two largest rating services at the time of purchase. Pension Funds with plan net position of 2.5 million or more may invest up to forty-five percent of plan net position in separate accounts of life insurance companies and mutual funds. Pension Funds with plan net position of at least 5 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may through that investment advisor invest up to forty-five percent of the plan net position in common and preferred stocks that meet specific restrictions. In addition, Pension Funds with plan net position of at least 10 million that have appointed an investment advisor, may invest up to fifty percent of its net position in common and preferred stocks and mutual funds that meet specific restrictions effective July 1, 2011 and up to fiftyfive percent effective July 1, 2012.

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Village's deposits for governmental and business-type activities totaled \$26,245,345 and the bank balances totaled \$26,879,007. In addition, the Village has \$5,066,863 invested in the Illinois Funds and \$2,814,078 invested in Land Held for Resale.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

The Village has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2019:

- Illinois Funds of \$5,066,863 is measured by net asset value per share as determined by the pool
- Land Held for Resale of \$2,814,078 is valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Village limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for short and long-term cash flow needs while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the Village does not directly invest in securities maturing more than five years form the date of purchase. However, under no circumstances shall the Village portfolio dollar-weighted average maturity exceed three years. Illinois Funds have average maturities of less than one year.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Village limits its exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed above; prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisers with which the Village will do business in accordance with the Village's investment policy; diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one individual issuer will be minimized. At year-end, the Village's investment in the Illinois Funds is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. The Village's investment policy requires pledging of collateral or insurance policies for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by the Village's agent in the Village's name. At year-end, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or collateral held by the Village or safekeeping in the Village's name. At year-end, the Village's investment in the Illinois Funds was not subject to custodial credit risk.

For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Village's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by an independent third party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Village Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk - Continued

Concentration Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Village's investment in a single issuer. The Village's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk. The investments shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments to no more than 33% of the Village's investment portfolio at any one financial institution.
- Limiting investments deposited at a financial institution to no more than 50% of the capital stock and surplus of that institution.
- Limiting deposits in the Illinois Funds to no more than 50% of the Village's investment portfolio.

At year-end, the Village does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the Fund's deposits totaled \$1,762,589 and the bank balances totaled \$1,762,589.

Investments. The Fund has the following investment fair values and maturities:

Investment Type		Investment	Maturities (in	Years)	
	Fair	Less Than			More Than
	 Value	1	1 to 5	6 to 10	10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 7,917,064	119,179	2,141,732	2,914,644	2,741,509
U.S. Agency Securities	1,186,238	-	26,499	940,100	219,639
Municipal Bonds	100,224	-	100,224	-	-
Corporate Bonds	8,080,228	199,245	4,791,429	3,089,554	-
IL Funds	 23,298	23,298	-	-	-
	 17,307,052	341,722	7,059,884	6,944,298	2,961,148

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk – Continued

The Fund has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2019:

			Fair Va	lue Measureme	nts Using
			Quoted		
			Prices		
			in Active	Significant	
			Markets for	Other	Significant
			Indentical	Observable	Unobservable
			Assets	Inputs	Inputs
Investments by Fair Value Level		Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Debt Securities					
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$	7,917,064	7,917,064	-	-
U.S Agency Securities		1,186,238	-	1,186,238	-
Municipal Bonds		100,224	-	100,224	-
Corporate Bonds		8,080,228	-	8,080,228	-
Equity Securities					
Common Stock		2,661,212	2,661,212	-	-
Mutual Funds		21,923,416	21,923,416	-	-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		41,868,382	32,501,692	9,366,690	_
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NA	V)	_			
Illinois Funds	<i>.</i>	23,298			
		41,891,680			

Debt Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. It is the policy of the Fund to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the cash flow demands of the Fund and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, safety of principal, risk aversion, rate of return, and liquidity. In accordance with its investment policy, the Fund limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity for all reasonably anticipated operating requirements while providing a reasonable rate of return based on the current market.

Credit Risk. The Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in U.S. Treasury or U.S. Agency securities and corporate bonds rated at least A- or A3. The U.S. Agencies securities are rated AA+, the corporate bond ratings range from BBB- to AA+, the municipal bonds are rated AA, and the Illinois Funds are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk – Continued

Custodial Credit Risk. The Fund's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 110% of the uninsured deposits for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance. For investments, the Fund's investment policy recommends that, whenever possible, security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third-party custodian and evidenced by safekeeping receipts. In certain instances, the Fund may allow the broker clearing the trade to serve as custodian over the securities. In this instance, and in order to mitigate the exposure to custodial credit risk, the Fund may require the counter party to provide an excess SIPC policy. The money market mutual funds and Illinois Funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration Risk. The Fund's investment policy requires diversification of investment to avoid unreasonable risk. The investments shall be diversified by:

- Limiting investments in any one financial institution to no more than 40% of the Fund's investment portfolio, exclusive of the U.S. Treasury securities held in safekeeping.
- Limiting monies deposited at a financial institution to no more than 50% of the capital stock and surplus of that institution.
- Limiting deposits in the Illinois Funds to no more than 50% of the Fund's investment portfolio.

In addition to the securities and fair values listed above, the Fund also has \$21,923,416 invested in mutual funds and \$2,661,212 invested in common stock. At year-end, the Fund has no investments over 5 percent of net plan position available for retirement benefits (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

The Fund's investment policy in accordance with Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) establishes the following target allocation across asset classes:

Asset Class	Target	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	50.00%	2.20%
Domestic Equities	47.50%	6.90% - 8.00%
International Equities	2.50%	6.40% - 6.50%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.00%	0.00%

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Police Pension Fund Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, and Concentration Risk – Continued

Concentration Risk – Continued. Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) limit the Fund's investments in equities, mutual funds and variable annuities to 65%. Securities in any one company should not exceed 5% of the total fund.

The long-term expected rate of return on the Fund's investments was determined using an asset allocation study conducted by the Fund's investment management consultant in May 2019 in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding the expected inflation. Best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Fund's target asset allocation as of April 30, 2019 are listed in the table above.

Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 8.87%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2018 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). The DuPage and Kane County installments are due June 1 and September 1, while Cook County installments are due March 1 and August 1. The counties collect such taxes and remit them periodically. The allowance for uncollectible taxes has been stated at 1% of the tax levy, to reflect actual collection experience.

The 2019 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2019, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2019 as the tax has not yet been levied by the Village and will not be levied until December 2019 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2019.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

Governmental capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	.				<i></i>
Land	\$	67,283,557	-	-	67,283,557
Construction in Progress		14,066,400	5,673,554	19,189,618	550,336
		81,349,957	5,673,554	19,189,618	67,833,893
Depreciable Capital Assets					
Land Improvements		1,676,998	-	-	1,676,998
Buildings and Improvements		12,959,580	18,700,671	-	31,660,251
Machinery and Equipment		11,157,122	620,849	462,675	11,315,296
Storm Sewers		28,652,022	445,819	-	29,097,841
Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks		69,765,905	1,120,728	-	70,886,633
		124,211,627	20,888,067	462,675	144,637,019
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Land Improvements		1,070,865	61,450	-	1,132,315
Buildings and Improvements		5,710,186	361,618	-	6,071,804
Machinery and Equipment		7,726,841	791,713	462,675	8,055,879
Storm Sewers		10,696,358	580,196	-	11,276,554
Streets, Bridges, and Sidewalks		53,231,547	1,719,274	-	54,950,821
	_	78,435,797	3,514,251	462,675	81,487,373
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets		45,775,830	17,373,816	-	63,149,646
Total Net Capital Assets		127,125,787	23,047,370	19,189,618	130,983,539

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

General Government	\$ 198,522
Public Safety	190,804
Public Works	2,447,252
Internal Service	677,673
	3,514,251

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-Type Activities

Business-type capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 2,657,578	-	-	2,657,578
Construction in Progress	888,035	10,317,373	255,276	10,950,132
-	3,545,613	10,317,373	255,276	13,607,710
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	1,425,004	-	-	1,425,004
Buildings, Structures and Distribution Systems	100,015,847	2,077,954	75,000	102,018,801
Improvements Other Than Structures	172,605	-	-	172,605
Equipment and Vehicles	6,344,939	396,357	9,500	6,731,796
	107,958,395	2,474,311	84,500	110,348,206
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	1,319,049	16,177	-	1,335,226
Buildings, Structures and Distribution Systems	63,312,381	1,808,232	75,000	65,045,613
Improvements Other Than Structures	172,605	-	-	172,605
Equipment and Vehicles	3,362,516	435,810	9,500	3,788,826
	68,166,551	2,260,219	84,500	70,342,270
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	39,791,844	214,092	_	40,005,936
Total Net Capital Assets	43,337,457	10,531,465	255,276	53,613,646

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type as follows:

Water	\$ 747,327
Sewer	1,263,483
Golf	239,634
Parking	9,775
	2,260,219

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Advances

The composition of interfund advances as of the date of this report, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Municipal Building	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	\$ 279,989
Developer Deposits	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	2,022,680
Sewer	Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	1,250,000
General	Golf	1,187,113
		4,739,782

The purpose of the advances is as follows:

- \$279,989 from Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund to Municipal Building Fund for land purchases.
- \$2,022,680 from Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund to Developer Deposits Fund (nonmajor governmental) for land purchases.
- \$1,250,000 from Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund Sewer Fund to for land purchases.
- \$1,187,113 from the General Fund to the Golf Fund for temporary deficits in the fund's balance in the internal pooled cash and investments.

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
General	Water	\$ 130,000
General	Sewer	130,000
General	Parking	15,000
General	Golf	68,250
Debt Service	Brewster Creek	29,880
Municipal Buildings	General	1,111,250
Municipal Buildings	Developer Deposits	1,300,000
Golf	Municipal Buildings	22,865
Rt. 59 and Lake TIF	Developer Deposits	58,699
		2,865,944

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS - Continued

Interfund Transfers - Continued

The purpose of significant transfers is as follows:

- \$130,000 from Water Fund to General Fund for liability insurance and general administrative costs.
- \$130,000 from Sewer Fund to General Fund for liability insurance and general administrative costs.
- \$68,250 from Golf Fund to General Fund for liability insurance and general administrative costs.
- \$1,111,250 from General Fund to Municipal Buildings Fund for construction of the new Police Building and Village parking lot.
- \$1,300,000 from Developer Deposits Fund to Municipal Buildings Fund for construction of the new Police Building.

LONG-TERM DEBT

Installment Contracts

Installment Contracts are being used to finance new police department software and the new golf cart fleet. Installments contracts currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$124,455 Installment Contract dated March 28, 2011, due in annual installments of \$11,732 through 2021.	General	\$ 13,631	-	11,732	1,899
\$340,860 Installment Contract dated May 18, 2018, due in annual installments of \$42,154 to \$162,074 through 2022.	Golf	_	340,860	162,074	178,786
		13,631	340,860	173,806	180,685

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

General Obligation Bonds

The Village issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$10,980,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond dated December 22, 2009, due in annual installments of \$335,000 to \$900,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 4.125% through December 1, 2029.	Debt Service	\$ 7,095,000	-	685,000	6,410,000
\$13,525,000 General Obligation Bond dated May 1, 2012, due in annual installments of \$200,000 to \$1,945,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 4.00% through December 1, 2031.	Debt Service	12,415,000	-	300,000	12,115,000
\$15,455,000 General Obligation Bond dated December 15, 2016, due in annual installments of \$525,000 to \$1,130,000 plus interest at 3.00% to 5.00% through January 1, 2037.	Debt Service	14,930,000	_	565,000	14,365,000
\$2,535,000 General Obligation Refunding Bond dated July 27, 2017, due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$310,000 plus interest at 2.00% to 3.00% through December 1, 2026.	Debt Service	2,505,000		250,000	2,255,000
		36,945,000	-	1,800,000	35,145,000

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Developer Notes

Developer notes are issued to reimburse developers for qualifying costs incurred in the tax increment financing (TIF) districts and are expected to be repaid solely from tax increment financing revenues. Since these revenues are not determinable, there is no debt service requirement to maturity schedule. None of the developer notes produced a capital asset owned by the Village. Developer notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Subordinate Lien Tax Increment Revenue Note Series 2009 not to exceed \$13,500,000, interest payable in annual installments at 6.5%, principal due in one lump sum at maturity on September 25, 2029. The note is subordinate to the tax increment financing bonds.	Bluff City TIF	\$ 2,297,500	6,218,210	-	8,515,710
Note Series 2016 not to exceed \$11,500,000, interest payable in annual installments at 7.0%, principal due in one lump sum at maturity on December 31, 2023. The note is subordinate to the tax increment financing bonds.	Brewster Creek TIF	1,159,901	2,683,300	1,096,000	2,747,201
		3,457,401	8,901,510	1,096,000	11,262,911

LONG-TERM DEBT-Continued

Tax Increment Financing Bonds

Tax increment financing (TIF) bonds are expected to be repaid solely from tax increment financing revenues and are being used to finance various projects within the tax increment financing district. None of the TIF bonds produced a capital asset owned by the Village. Tax increment financing bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$26,000,000 Tax Increment Financing Tqaxable Senior Lien Bonds dated August 22, 2007, due in annual installments of \$135,000 to \$2,875,000 plus interest at 5.35% to 5.60% through January 1, 2023.	Brewster Creek TIF	\$ 12,620,000	-	2,125,000	10,495,000
\$9,200,000 Tax Increment Financing Taxable Senior Lien Bonds dated October 25, 2016, due in annual installments of \$610,000 to \$3,500,000 plus interest at 4.00% through July 1, 2024.	Brewster Creek TIF	9,200,000	-	610,000	8,590,000
		21,820,000	_	2,735,000	19,085,000

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Loans Payable

The Village entered into loans payable for the construction of connection facilities and buy-in to the DuPage Water Commission. Loans payable are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village. The terms of the loans will not be finalized until construction is completed; therefore, repayment schedules are not available at the date of this report. Loans payable currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$13,030,632 Loan Payable dated February 7, 2017, due in monthly installments of \$36,196 for 360 payments.	Water	\$ 13,030,632	-	-	13,030,632
Loan Payable dated May 10, 2017, due in monthly installments after construction is complete for 240 payments.	Water	2,983,091	15,001,491	_	17,984,582
		16,013,723	15,001,491	-	31,015,214

IEPA Loan

The Village has entered into loan agreements with the IEPA to provide low interest financing for sewer and water improvements. The repayment schedule for IEPA loan L17-5512 is not final as of year-end. IEPA loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
\$2,146,359 Illinois EPA Installment Loan L17-4695 due in semi-annual installments of \$137,150, including interest of 2.295%, through January 17, 2034.	Sewer	\$ 1,827,945	-	95,745	1,732,200
\$7,753,470 Illinois EPA Installment Loan L17-5512 due in semi-annual installments, including interest of 1.84%, through August 15, 2039.	Water		6,051,689	-	6,051,689
-		1,827,945	6,051,689	95,745	7,783,889

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Restated Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 1,363,198	58,543	117,086	1,304,655	348,478
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	2,612,060	4,246,046	-	6,858,106	-
Net Pension Liability - Police Pension	11,823,904	3,472,015	-	15,295,919	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	2,830,161	362,200	-	3,192,361	-
General Obligation Bonds	36,945,000	-	1,800,000	35,145,000	1,865,000
Plus: Premium on Issuance	1,010,374	-	65,936	944,438	-
Developer Notes	3,457,401	8,901,510	1,096,000	11,262,911	-
Tax Increment Financing Bonds	21,820,000	-	2,735,000	19,085,000	2,210,000
Installment Contracts	13,631	-	11,732	1,899	1,899
	81,875,729	17,040,314	5,825,754	93,090,289	4,425,377
Business-Type Activities					
Compensated Absences	454,465	23,660	47,320	430,805	74,763
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	1,471,412	2,296,347	-	3,767,759	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	805,660	103,105	-	908,765	-
Loans Payable	16,013,723	15,001,491	-	31,015,214	-
IEPA Loan	1,827,945	6,051,689	95,745	7,783,889	97,955
Installment Contract	-	340,860	162,074	178,786	42,154
	20,573,205	23,817,152	305,139	44,085,218	214,872

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Long-Term Liability Activity - Continued

For governmental activities, the net pension liabilities, and the total OPEB liability are generally liquidated by the General Fund. The compensated absences are liquidated by the General Fund and the Brewster Creek Project TIF Fund and for April 30, 2019, \$298,749 and \$14,357 were recorded in the funds, respectively, as current payables. The general obligation bonds are being liquidated by the Debt Service Fund. The Brewster Creek Project TIF and the Bluff City Project TIF funds make payments on the developer notes. The Brewster Creek Project TIF liquidates the tax increment financing bonds. The General Fund is making payments on the installment contracts.

At year end, \$35,372 of internal service funds' compensated absences is included in the above amount and is generally liquidated by the Central Services Fund. In addition, \$94,410 of internal service funds' total OPEB Liability is included in the above amount and is also being liquidated by the Central Services Fund.

For business-type activities, compensated absences, the net pension liability and total OPEB liability are being liquidated by the Water, Sewer, Golf and Parking Funds and the net other post-employment benefit obligation is liquidated by the Water, Sewer and Golf Funds. The Sewer Fund makes payments on the IEPA loan.

Conduit Debt

The Village has issued industrial development revenue bonds to provide financing for certain economic development projects. The bonds are secured solely by the property financed and are payable solely from the payments received on the underlying mortgage loans on the property. The Village is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds outstanding are not reported as a liability in these financial statements. As of April 30, 2019, there was one series of bonds outstanding with the original issuance of \$4,000,000. The outstanding balance as of April 30, 2019 is \$1,833,333.

Noncommitment Debt

Special Service Area Bonds outstanding as of the date of this report totaled \$4,510,000. These bonds are not an obligation of the Village and are secured by the levy of real estate taxes on certain property within the special service area. The Village is in no way liable for repayment but is only acting as agent for the property owners in levying and collecting the assessments and forwarding the collections to bondholders.

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities						
	Gene	eral	Tax Inc	rement	IEPA Inst	allment		
Fiscal	Obligation	n Bonds	Financin	g Bonds	Loan L1	7-4695	Installment C	Contracts
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$ 1,865,000	1,342,324	2,210,000	587,720	97,955	39,195	42,153	7,804
2021	1,925,000	1,285,900	3,425,000	807,560	100,216	36,934	43,439	6,819
2022	1,995,000	1,224,886	3,395,000	628,240	102,529	34,621	45,511	4,447
2023	2,060,000	1,160,982	3,655,000	448,200	104,896	32,254	47,683	2,275
2024	2,130,000	1,092,006	2,900,000	256,000	107,316	29,834	-	-
2025	2,200,000	1,019,831	3,500,000	140,000	109,794	27,356	-	-
2026	2,275,000	948,731	-	-	112,328	24,822	-	-
2027	2,350,000	877,231	-	-	114,921	22,229	-	-
2028	2,460,000	802,018	-	-	117,573	19,577	-	-
2029	2,540,000	720,180	-	-	120,287	16,863	-	-
2030	2,640,000	610,930	-	-	123,064	14,086	-	-
2031	2,740,000	496,800	-	-	125,904	11,246	-	-
2032	2,830,000	378,800	-	-	128,810	8,340	-	-
2033	930,000	256,750	-	-	131,783	5,367	-	-
2034	975,000	210,250	-	-	134,824	2,325	-	-
2035	1,025,000	161,500	-	-	-	-	-	-
2036	1,075,000	110,250	-	-	-	-	-	-
2037	1,130,000	56,500	-	-	-	-	-	-
	35,145,000	12,755,869	19,085,000	2,867,720	1,732,200	325,049	178,786	21,345

Legal Debt Margin

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs the computation of legal debt margin. "The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent:...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts." To date the Illinois General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities. The Village is a home rule municipality.

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

NET POSITION - NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2019:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 130,983,539
Plus: Unamortized Loss on Refunding	474,788
Less Capital Related Debt: General Obligation Refunding Bond of 2009 General Obligation Refunding Bond of 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bond of 2017 Premium on General Obligation Bonds Installment Contracts	(6,410,000) (14,365,000) (2,255,000) (782,577) (1,899)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	107,643,851
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	53,613,646
Less Capital Related Debt: IEPA Loan Payable Net Investment in Capital Assets	(7,783,889) <u>45,829,757</u>

Net Position Restatement

Beginning net position was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. The following is a summary of the net position as originally reported and as restated:

				Increase
Net Position		As Reported	As Restated	(Decrease)
Governmental Activities	\$	76,006,835	76,162,914	156,079
Business-Type Activities		25,882,977	25,937,819	54,842
Water		6,397,246	6,429,500	32,254
Sewer		18,946,545	18,951,263	4,718
Golf		467,892	485,762	17,870
Central Services		555,568	531,054	(24,514)

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

In the governmental funds financial statements, the Village considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The Village first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS - Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

	Capital Projects							
		Debt	Municipal	Rt. 59 and	Brewster	Bluff City		
	General	Service	Building	Lake TIF	Creek TIF	Project TIF	Nonmajor	Totals
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	¢ 410.0 <i>c</i> 2							410.062
Prepaids	\$ 418,963	-	-	-	-	-	-	418,963
Advances	1,187,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,187,113
	1,606,076	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,606,076
Restricted								
	771 077							771 077
Police	771,277	-	-	-	-	-	-	771,277
Debt Service	-	794,770	-	-	4,248,017	-	-	5,042,787
Highways and Streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,482,130	3,482,130
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,830	40,830
Redevelopment	-	-	-	-	-	3,437	575,963	579,400
-	771,277	794,770	-	-	4,248,017	3,437	4,098,923	9,916,424
Assisted								
Assigned			005044				0 10 5 5 50	
Capital Projects	-	-	985,844	-	-	-	2,426,569	3,412,413
Unassigned	10,029,715	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,029,715
Total Fund Balances	12,407,068	794,770	985,844	_	4,248,017	3,437	6,525,492	24,964,628

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The Village's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS – Continued

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The Village has established a fund balance policy for the General Fund. The policy requires unassigned fund balance to be maintained in the General Fund equivalent to 25%-35% of the audited expenditures. Any fund balance in the General Fund in excess of the maximum can be assigned for nonrecurring expenditures or transferred to the Municipal Building Fund for future capital needs.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; natural disasters; illness of employees; and injuries to the Village's employees. The Village purchases third party indemnity insurance for employee health, dental, and vision.

Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA)

The Village also participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois which have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperations Statute to pool its risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance coverages; property/casualty and workers' compensation claim administration/litigation management services; unemployment claim administration; extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs; and a risk information system and financial reporting service for its members.

The Village's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes the first \$50,000 of each occurrence, and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts about that level.

Each member appoints one delegate, along with an alternate delegate, to represent the member on the Board of Directors. The Village does not exercise any control over the activities of the Agency beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

Initial contributions are determined each year based on the individual member's eligible revenue as defined in the by-laws of IRMA and experience modification factors based on past member loss experience. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of IRMA attributable to a membership year during which they were a member. Supplemental contributions may be required to fund these deficits.

There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage during the year. The Village did not have any claims that exceeded insurance coverage for the last three fiscal years.

VILLAGE OF BARTLETT, ILLINOIS

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

COMMITMENTS

The Village has certain contracts for various funds for construction projects which were in progress at April 30, 2019. Remaining commitments under these contracts approximated \$4,886,832.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The Village is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Village's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Village.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Village expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Village contributes to two defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system, and the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan. A separate report is issued for the Police Pension Plan and may be obtained by writing to the Village at 228 S. Main Street, Bartlett, Illinois 60103. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online <u>www.imrf.org</u>. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

The aggregate amount of pension expense recognized for the two pension plans is:

IMRF Police Pension	\$ 1,180,838 2,484,559
	 3,665,397

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees (other than those covered by the Police Pension Plan) hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2018, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	83
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	65
Active Plan Members	109
Total	257

Contributions. As set by statute, the Village's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2019, the Village's contribution was 12.73% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2018, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	3.39% - 14.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.50%
Inflation	2.50%

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality tables was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	28.00%	3.75%
Domestic Equities	37.00%	7.15%
International Equities	18.00%	7.25%
Real Estate	9.00%	6.25%
Blended	7.00%	3.20% - 8.50%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	2.50%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% and 7.50% in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,556,848	10,625,865	4,915,956

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 47,764,149	43,680,677	4,083,472
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	833,775	-	833,775
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,540,960	-	3,540,960
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	772,868	-	772,868
Changes of Assumptions	1,527,802	-	1,527,802
Contributions - Employer	-	1,109,067	(1,109,067)
Contributions - Employees	-	378,835	(378,835)
Net Investment Income	-	(2,195,682)	2,195,682
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,936,470)	(1,936,470)	-
Other (Net Transfer)	-	840,792	(840,792)
Net Changes	4,738,935	(1,803,458)	6,542,393
Balances at December 31, 2018	52,503,084	41,877,219	10,625,865

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$1,180,838. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,262,202	(161,271)	1,100,931
Change in Assumptions	1,209,700	(951,186)	258,514
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	2,816,520	-	2,816,520
Total Pension Expense to be Recogonized in Future Periods	5,288,422	(1,112,457)	4,175,965
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent			
to the Measurement Date	339,975	-	339,975
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	5,628,397	(1,112,457)	4,515,940

\$339,975 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal	Net Deferred Outflows	Net Deferred Outflows		
Year	of Resources	_		
2020	\$ 1,323,467	'		
2021	705,165	,		
2022	808,506)		
2023	1,338,827			
2024	-			
Thereafter	-	_		
Total	4,175,965	,		

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. The Police Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn police personnel. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The Village accounts for the Fund as a pension trust fund. The Fund is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members of the Board are appointed by the Village President, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

Plan Membership. At April 30, 2019, the measurement date, membership consisted of the following:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	30
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	5
Active Plan Members	55
Total	90

Benefits Provided. The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided for in Illinois State Statutes.

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of ¹/₂ of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3 percent compounded annually thereafter.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Plan Descriptions - Continued

Benefits Provided – *Continued.* Covered employees hired on or after January 1, 2011 (Tier 2), attaining the age of 55 or older with 10 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officer salary for the pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3 percent compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such a salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least 10 years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., $\frac{1}{2}$ percent for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3 percent of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

Contributions. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The Village is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. However, effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the Village to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. For the year-ended April 30, 2019, the Village's contribution was 26.55% of covered payroll.

Concentrations. At year end, the Pension Plan does not have investments (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments) in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of net position available for benefits.

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of April 30, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.00%
Salary Increases	Service Based
Cost of Living Adjustments	3.00%
Inflation	2.50%

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 employee mortality, projected 5 years past the valuation date with Scale MP-2018. 10% of active deaths are assumed to be in the line of duty.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%, the rate used in the prior year was 7.125%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Village contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the Village calculated using the discount rate as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,812,628	15,295,919	7,617,209

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (A)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B)	Net Pension Liability (A) - (B)
Balances at April 30, 2018	\$ 51,876,774	40,052,870	11,823,904
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost	1,202,943	-	1,202,943
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	3,717,185	-	3,717,185
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	929,829	-	929,829
Changes of Assumptions	3,119,800	-	3,119,800
Contributions - Employer	-	1,457,503	(1,457,503)
Contributions - Employees	-	522,540	(522,540)
Contributions - Other	-	35	(35)
Net Investment Income	-	3,550,754	(3,550,754)
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(1,767,984)	(1,767,984)	-
Administrative Expenses		(33,090)	33,090
Net Changes	7,201,773	3,729,758	3,472,015
Balances at April 30, 2019	59,078,547	43,782,628	15,295,919

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - Continued

Police Pension Plan – Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized pension expense of \$2,484,559. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 1,701,435	(586,716)	1,114,719
Change in Assumptions	2,729,825	(36,204)	2,693,621
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	180,545		180,545
Total Deferred Amounts Related to Police Pension	4,611,805	(622,920)	3,988,885

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

	Ne	Net Deferred		
Fiscal	(Outflows		
Year	of	Resources		
2020	\$	914,093		
2021		471,114		
2022	483,650			
2023	378,616			
2024	663,411			
Thereafter		1,078,001		
Total		3,988,885		

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The Village's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the Village. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the Village. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the Village Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare insurance identical to active employees if they meet the eligibility for retirement under the applicable retirement plan.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	8
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	2
Active Plan Members	154
Total	164

Total OPEB Liability

The Village's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	2.64% to 11.00%
Discount Rate	3.21%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial trend rate of 7.75% with an ultimate trend rate of of 4.00%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond Index with a maturity of 20 years.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Table, Scale MP 2017.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2018	\$ 3,635,821
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	191,926
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	137,629
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	-
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs	209,000
Benefit Payments	(73,250)
Net Changes	465,305
Balance at April 30, 2019	4,101,126

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.21%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(2.21%)	(3.21%)	(4.21%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 4,668,901	4,101,126	3,627,987	

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using varied Healthcare Trend Rates, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using varied Healthcare Trend Rate that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Healthcare Cost Trend			
	1% Decrease (Varies)	Rates (Varies)	1% Increase (Varies)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 3,502,879	4,101,126	4,848,118	

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2019, the Village recognized OPEB expense of \$352,777. At April 30, 2019, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred tflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	-	-
Change in Assumptions		185,778	-	185,778
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		
Total Deferred Amounts Related to OPEB		185,778	-	185,778

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	N	et Deferred
Fiscal		Outflows
Year	of	Resources
2020	\$	23,222
2021		23,222
2022		23,222
2023		23,222
2024		23,222
Thereafter		69,668
Total		185,778

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Investment Returns Police Pension Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Ι	Actuarially Determined Jontribution	in the I	ontributions Relation to Actuarially Determined ontribution	E	tribution Excess/ ficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	1,016,321 1,040,584 1,087,231 1,070,078	\$	1,025,012 1,040,584 1,087,231 1,070,078	\$	8,691 - - -	\$ 8,434,199 8,085,352 8,207,681 8,407,413	12.15% 12.87% 13.25% 12.73%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	25 Years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.75% - 14.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection
	scale MP-2014 (base year 2012)

Notes:

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Ι	Actuarially Determined Contribution	in the I	ontributions Relation to e Actuarially Determined contribution	00	ntribution Excess/ eficiency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	\$	1,231,270 1,152,049 1,254,636 1,377,155 1,583,071	\$	1,222,637 1,311,249 1,202,963 1,331,419 1,457,503	\$	(8,633) 159,200 (51,673) (45,736) (125,568)	\$ 5,066,337 5,288,654 5,108,305 5,481,270 5,489,372	24.13% 24.79% 23.55% 24.29% 26.55%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	22 Years
Asset Valuation Method	3-Year Smoothed Market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Service Based
Investment Rate of Return	7.125%
Retirement Age	See the Notes to the Financial Statements
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality with a blue collar adjustment projected to the valuation date using Scale BB

Notes:

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2019

	D	ecember 31, 2015
Total Pension Liability		
Service Cost	\$	931,018
Interest Differences Detween Expected and Actual Experience		3,012,848 625,811
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions		115,233
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		115,255
of Member Contributions		(1,284,720)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,400,190
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		40,455,570
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	43,855,760
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer	\$	1,025,012
Contributions - Members		396,613
Net Investment Income		176,973
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		
of Member Contributions		(1,284,720)
Other (Net Transfer)		(303,866)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		10,012
Plan Net Position - Beginning		35,326,244
Plan Net Position - Ending		35,336,256
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$	8,519,504
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability		80.57%
Covered Payroll	\$	8,434,199
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a		
Percentage of Covered Payroll		101.01%
- •		

Note:

December 31,	December 31,	December 31,
2016	2017	2018
914,689	876,993	833,775
3,249,495	3,404,355	3,540,960
(418,896)	924,797	772,868
(236,462)	(1,491,591)	1,527,802
(1,508,373)	(1,806,618)	(1,936,470)
2,000,453	1,907,936	4,738,935
43,855,760	45,856,213	47,764,149
45,856,213	47,764,149	52,503,084
1 0 4 0 5 0 4	1 110 0 50	1 100 0 47
1,040,584	1,110,862	1,109,067
397,163	368,078	378,835
2,440,876	6,398,897	(2,195,682)
(1,508,373)	(1,806,618)	(1,936,470)
94,553	(191,601)	840,792
2,464,803	5,879,618	(1,803,458)
35,336,256	37,801,059	43,680,677
37,801,059	43,680,677	41,877,219
8,055,154	4,083,472	10,625,865
82.43%	91.45%	79.76%
8,085,352	8,128,060	8,376,635
99.63%	50.24%	126.85%

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2019

	 2015
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 1,405,472
Interest	2,769,463
Differences Between Expected	
and Actual Experience	77,998
Change of Assumptions	2,692,056
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	
of Member Contributions	 (1,113,048)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	5,831,941
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	 37,069,748
Total Pension Liability - Ending	 42,901,689
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,222,637
Contributions - Members	512,357
Contributions - Other	-
Net Investment Income	2,096,642
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	
of Member Contributions	(1,113,048)
Administrative Expense	 (21,844)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,696,744
Plan Net Position - Beginning	 31,295,453
Plan Net Position - Ending	 33,992,197
Employer's Net Pension Liability	\$ 8,909,492
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a	
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	79.23%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,066,337
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a	
Percentage of Covered Payroll	175.86%

2016	2017	2018	2019
1,034,022	1,126,541	1,113,232	1,202,943
3,137,656	3,264,617	3,526,152	3,717,185
(1,173,432)	732,645	573,017	929,829
-	-	(48,274)	3,119,800
(1, 215, 204)	(1, 262, 752)	(1, 621, 0.45)	(1 767 094)
(1,315,394)	(1,363,752)	(1,631,945)	(1,767,984)
1,682,852	3,760,051	3,532,182	7,201,773
42,901,689	44,584,541	48,344,592	51,876,774
44,584,541	48,344,592	51,876,774	59,078,547
1,311,249	1,202,963	1,331,419	1,457,503
504,401	506,233	521,064	522,540
20,530	195	477	35
268,993	2,595,984	2,211,339	3,550,754
(1,315,394)	(1,363,752)	(1,631,945)	(1,767,984)
(1,515,554) (28,815)	(33,162)	(41,106)	(1,707,904) (33,090)
760,964	2,908,461	2,391,248	3,729,758
33,992,197	34,753,161	37,661,622	40,052,870
34,753,161	37,661,622	40,052,870	43,782,628
9,831,380	10,682,970	11,823,904	15,295,919
77.95%	77.90%	77.21%	74.11%
5,288,654	5,108,305	5,481,270	5,489,372
185.90%	209.13%	215.71%	278.65%
		2	

Police Pension Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Investment Returns April 30, 2019

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net
Fiscal	of Investment
Year	Expense
2015	7.25%
2016	4.18%
2017	7.75%
2018	6.06%
2019	8.87%

Note:

Retiree Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2019

	4/30/2019
Total OPEB Liability	
Service Cost	\$ 191,926
Interest	137,629
Changes in Benefit Terms	-
Differences Between Expected and Actual	
Experience	-
Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs	209,000
Benefit Payments	(73,250)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	465,305
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	3,635,821
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	4,101,126
Covered Payroll	\$ 12,984,098
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	31.59%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Benefit Terms. There was no change in the retirees' share of health insurance premiums.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the trend rate each period. The following are the trend rates used in each period:

Fiscal Year	Rate
2020	7.75%
2021	7.25%
2022	7.00%
2023	6.75%
2024	6.25%
2025	6.00%
2026	5.75%
2027	5.50%
2028	5.50%
2029	5.50%
Ultimate	4.00%

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In 2019, there was no change in the healthcare trend rates from the prior year.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
_			
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 12,058,249	12,058,249	12,598,292
Intergovernmental	6,344,000	6,344,000	6,782,540
Licenses and Permits	2,128,000	2,128,000	1,965,903
Fines and Forfeitures	330,000	330,000	297,532
Investment Income	90,000	90,000	249,084
Miscellaneous	716,500	716,500	561,747
Total Revenues	21,666,749	21,666,749	22,455,098
Expenditures			
Current			
General Government	5,921,013	5,921,013	5,491,983
Public Safety	12,979,552	12,979,552	12,583,061
Public Works	4,023,511	4,023,511	3,883,680
Debt Service	.,,.	.,,	2,002,000
Principal Retirement	-	_	11,732
Total Expenditures	22,924,076	22,924,076	21,970,456
	;;,;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;		, ,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,257,327)	(1,257,327)	484,642
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	593,250	593,250	343,250
Transfers Out	(1,111,250)	(1,111,250)	(1,111,250)
Tunsiers out	(518,000)	(518,000)	(768,000)
	(510,000)	(310,000)	(700,000)
Change in Fund Balance	(1,775,327)	(1,775,327)	(283,358)
Fund Balance - Beginning			12,690,426
			, , -
Fund Balance - Ending			12,407,068

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Major Governmental Funds
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Pension Trust Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund
- Consolidated Year-End Financial Report

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Motor Fuel Tax Fund

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for revenue from the state gasoline tax restricted by the state for roadway improvements and maintenance.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for funds restricted, committed or assigned for principal retirements, interest and fiscal charges for debt issues.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital assets by the Village, except those financed by Proprietary and Trust Funds, including general and infrastructure capital assets.

Municipal Building Fund

The Municipal Building Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for the funds restricted, committed or assigned for construction and/or improvements of municipal buildings.

Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund

The Rt. 59 and Lake TIF Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for incremental property taxes restricted for construction and/or improvements to the Route 59 and Lake Street Redevelopment Project Area.

Brewster Creek Project TIF Fund

The Brewster Creek TIF Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for the restricted revenues accumulated and expenditures incurred for the development of the Bartlett Quarry Project.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS – CONTINUED

Bluff City Project TIF Fund

The Bluff City TIF Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for revenues restricted for the development of the Buff City South Business property, Blue Heron Business Park property, and Bluff City Industrial Park property.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for all funds restricted, committed or assigned for capital improvements not specifically accounted for in other funds.

Developer Deposits Fund

The Developer Deposits Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and issued to account for contributions and deposits made to the Village by developers that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital projects in the Village.

Town Center TIF Fund

The Town Center TIF Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for incremental property taxes restricted for construction and/or improvements to the Bartlett Downtown Redevelopment Project Area.

Brewster Creek Municipal TIF Fund

The Brewster Creek Municipal TIF Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for the incremental property taxes restricted for municipal expenditures related to the Bartlett Quarry Redevelopment Project Area.

Bluff City Municipal TIF Fund

The Bluff City Municipal TIF Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for the incremental property taxes restricted for municipal expenditures related to the Bluff City South Business property, Blue Heron Business Park property, and Bluff City Industrial Park property.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where it has been decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purpose.

ENTERPRISE FUNDS - Continued

Water Fund

The Water Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for the provision of water services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collections.

Sewer Fund

The Sewer Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the Village. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Golf Fund

The Golf Fund is reported as a major fund and is used to account for the operations of the Village golf course. Financing is provided by the user charges from utilizing the golf course.

Parking Fund

The Parking Fund is reported as a nonmajor fund and is used to account for the provision of parking services to the residents of the Village. Financing is provided by the user charges from utilizing the parking facilities.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies other governmental unit, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Central Services Fund

The Central Services Fund is used to account for data processing services provided to other departments or agencies of the Village, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Vehicle Replacement Fund

The Vehicle Replacement Fund is used to account for fleet management services provided to other departments or agencies of the Village, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

PENSION TRUST FUND

Police Pension Fund

The Police Pension Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to pay pension costs. Resources are contributed by members at rates fixed by state statutes and by the Village which uses the annual property tax levy to fund the employer contribution.

AGENCY FUND

Bluff City Special Service Area Fund

The Bluff City Special Service Area Fund is used to account for the repayment of noncommitment debt for the Bluff City Special Service Area.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Tamas			
Taxes			
Property	¢ 6442004	6 442 004	6 529 207
General Developed Dei Jac	\$ 6,443,094	6,443,094	6,538,287
Road and Bridge Police Pension	160,000	160,000	163,392
	1,377,155	1,377,155	1,413,847
State Replacement	40,000	40,000	43,657
Telecommunication	765,000	765,000	753,858
Local Use	1,080,000	1,080,000	1,274,855
Real Estate Transfer	645,000	645,000	800,899
Gas	25,000	25,000	16,435
Electric	10,000	10,000	8,854
Gaming	180,000	180,000	215,019
Home Rule Sales	1,333,000	1,333,000	1,369,189
Total Taxes	12,058,249	12,058,249	12,598,292
Intergovernmental			
Sales	2,425,000	2,425,000	2,382,094
State Income	3,700,000	3,700,000	4,000,843
Grants and Program	84,000	84,000	244,323
Liaison Officer Reimbursement	135,000	135,000	155,280
Total Intergovernmental	6,344,000	6,344,000	6,782,540
Licenses and Permits			
Chicken Licenses	-	-	100
Bee Licenses	-	_	25
Business Licenses	50,000	50,000	94,390
Contractor Licenses	55,000	55,000	60,490
Liquor-Bar Licenses	45,000	45,000	48,190
Dog Licenses	400	400	232
Building Permit Fees	690,000	690,000	494,534
Erosion Control Permits	2,000	2,000	2,975
Antenna License Fees	268,100	268,100	291,792
Plan Review Fees	120,000	120,000	115,552
Elevator Inspections	2,500	2,500	-
Franchise Fees	2,300	2,300	
Cable Television	705,000	705,000	670,897
Natural Gas	40,000	40,000	40,555
Garbage	150,000	150,000	145,521
Garbage	150,000	150,000	145,521

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Licenses and Permits Small Cell Wireless Permit Total Licenses and Permits	<u>\$</u> - 2,128,000	2,128,000	<u>650</u> 1,965,903
Fines and Forfeitures	2,120,000	2,120,000	1,705,705
Village	110,000	110,000	123,151
County	120,000	120,000	107,881
Towing/Impounding Fees	100,000	100,000	66,500
Total Fines and Forfeitures	330,000	330,000	297,532
Investment Income	90,000	90,000	249,084
Miscellaneous			
FOIA Requests Fees	4,000	4,000	7,783
Mining Royalties	125,000	125,000	122,194
Sale of Cemetery Lots	500	500	4,100
Miscellaneous Income	500,000	500,000	97,858
IRMA Reimbursement	80,000	80,000	53,135
IRMA Change in Excess Surplus	-	-	267,592
Yard Waste Bags	7,000	7,000	9,085
Total Miscellaneous	716,500	716,500	561,747
Total Revenues	21,666,749	21,666,749	22,455,098

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Village Board and Administration			
Personnel Services			
Regular Salaries	\$ 938,257	938,257	943,390
Overtime Salaries	4,000	4,000	3,934
Temporary Salaries	-	-	30,105
Employee Retirement Contribution	187,358	187,358	67,990
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	-	-	111,556
Employee Group Insurance	188,154	188,154	175,533
Total Personnel Services	1,317,769	1,317,769	1,332,508
Contractual Services			
Service Agreements	4,000	4,000	2,310
Commodities			
Subscriptions and Publications	750	750	961
Automotive Supplies	3,750	3,750	713
Office Supplies	3,500	3,500	3,321
Postage	2,500	2,500	2,249
Total Commodities	10,500	10,500	7,244
Other Charges			
Advertising	30,000	30,000	11,480
Professional Development	19,050	19,050	4,058
Economic Incentives	150,000	150,000	25,000
Dues	61,617	61,617	53,718
Community Relations	39,160	39,160	36,910
Historical Society	10,000	10,000	8,882
Contingencies	10,000	10,000	8,956
Total Other Charges	319,827	319,827	149,004
Capital Outlay			
Machinery and Equipment	-	-	971

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued Village Board and Administration			
Central Services	\$ 69,440	69,440	69,440
Vehicle Replacement	4,000	4,000	4,000
Total Village Board and Administration	1,725,536	1,725,536	1,565,477
Professional Services Contractual Services			
Actuarial Consultant	3,500	3,500	3,235
Legal Services	387,400	387,400	328,828
Engineering Services	60,000	60,000	56,499
Total Contractual Services	450,900	450,900	388,562
Other Charges			
Contingencies	20,000	20,000	80,743
Total Professional Services	470,900	470,900	469,305
Liability Insurance			
Other Charges			
IRMA Premiums	465,000	465,000	440,943
IRMA Deductible Payments	175,000	175,000	122,008
Total Liability Insurance	640,000	640,000	562,951
Finance Department Personnel Services			
	540 500	540 500	552 145
Regular Salaries Overtime Salaries	540,509	540,509	553,145
Employee Retirement Contribution	5,500 112,581	5,500 112,581	4,306 40,302
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	112,301	112,301	40,302 70,897
Employee Group Insurance	146,342	146,342	146,060
Total Personnel Services	804,932	804,932	814,710
TOTAL TOTSOINICE SELVICES	00+,952	00+,952	014,/10

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued			
Finance Department - Continued			
Contractual Services			
Service Agreements	\$ 5,000	5,000	3,218
Ordinance Codification	6,800	6,800	5,659
Advertising	250	250	202
Legal Publications	2,000	2,000	1,012
Audit Services	42,835	42,835	40,685
Other Contractual Services	1,600	1,600	1,140
Total Contractual Services	58,485	58,485	51,916
Commodities			
Subscriptions and Publications	1,700	1,700	1,664
Recycling Supplies	6,250	6,250	10,000
Office Supplies	10,350	10,350	6,698
Postage	30,000	30,000	16,387
Total Commodities	48,300	48,300	34,749
Other Charges			
Professional Development	2,200	2,200	1,201
Rebates	60,510	60,510	(1,350)
Dues	1,050	1,050	750
Contingencies	3,220	3,220	3,796
Total Other Charges	66,980	66,980	4,397
Central Services	76,964	76,964	76,964
Total Finance Department	1,055,661	1,055,661	982,736
Community Development			
Personnel Services			
Regular Salaries	612,046	612,046	585,577
Overtime Salaries	1,000	1,000	553
Temporary Salaries	5,000	5,000	-
Employee Retirement Contribution	126,481	126,481	52,344
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	-, -	_	71,745
I			

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued Community Development - Continued Personnel Services - Continued			
Employee Group Insurance	\$ 159,931	159,931	152,760
Total Personnel Services	904,458	904,458	862,979
Contractual Services			
Service Agreements	6,200	6,200	8,098
Document Imaging Services	2,000	2,000	1,915
Advertising	-	-	891
Legal Publications	3,000	3,000	-
Vehicle Maintenance	2,000	2,000	1,845
Total Contractual Services	13,200	13,200	12,749
Commodities			
Materials and Supplies	6,000	6,000	2,038
Subscriptions and Publications	1,000	1,000	952
Automotive Supplies	5,000	5,000	916
Office Supplies	2,000	2,000	813
Postage	4,000	4,000	475
Total Commodities	18,000	18,000	5,194
Other Charges			
Professional Development	7,070	7,070	4,366
Rebates	5,000	5,000	6,520
Dues	3,260	3,260	4,442
Contingencies	5,000	5,000	669
Total Other Charges	20,330	20,330	15,997
Capital Outlay			
Machinery and Equipment	5,500	5,500	4,048
Central Services	57,698	57,698	57,698
Vehicle Replacement	6,374	6,374	6,374
Total Community Development	1,025,560	1,025,560	965,039

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued			
Building Department			
Personnel Services			
Regular Salaries	\$ 518,365	518,365	556,493
Overtime Salaries	2,000	2,000	47
Temporary Salaries	38,000	38,000	-
Employee Retirement Contribution	109,242	109,242	39,006
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	-	-	62,096
Employee Group Insurance	146,342	146,342	139,784
Total Personnel Services	813,949	813,949	797,426
Contractual Services			
Uniform Rentals	300	300	-
Equipment Rentals	250	250	-
Document Imaging Services	1,500	1,500	1,406
Elevator Inspections	1,225	1,225	923
Vehicle Maintenance	3,000	3,000	2,103
Plan Review Services	80,000	80,000	47,483
Total Contractual Services	86,275	86,275	51,915
Commodities			
Subscriptions and Publications	1,323	1,323	1,258
Automotive Supplies	2,100	2,100	2,181
Office Supplies	4,798	4,798	4,069
Postage	1,707	1,707	320
Total Commodities	9,928	9,928	7,828
Other Charges			
Professional Development	4,480	4,480	1,418
Dues	815	815	737
Contingencies	200	200	49
Total Other Charges	5,495	5,495	2,204

General Fund

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government - Continued Building Department - Continued Capital Outlay			
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 2,450	2,450	1,843
Central Services	60,259	60,259	60,259
Vehicle Replacement	25,000	25,000	25,000
Total Building Department	1,003,356	1,003,356	946,475
Total General Government	5,921,013	5,921,013	5,491,983
Public Safety Police Protection Personnel Services			
Regular Salaries	6,497,220	6,497,220	6,411,683
Overtime Salaries	525,000	525,000	554,044
Crossing Guard	125,000	125,000	100,924
Employee Retirement Contribution	636,195	636,195	509,713
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	-	-	107,121
Employee Group Insurance	1,484,326	1,484,326	1,421,584
Total Personnel Services	9,267,741	9,267,741	9,105,069
Contractual Services			
Service Agreements	90,879	90,879	69,210
Equipment Rentals	23,800	23,800	21,314
Computer Services	42,927	42,927	22,823
Advertising	3,000	3,000	1,039
Towing	1,000	1,000	-
Impounding Animals	3,000	3,000	1,276
Communications	660,392	660,392	653,372
Vehicle Maintenance	60,000	60,000	45,015
Vehicle Setup	28,360	28,360	13,652
Auto Body Repairs	7,500	7,500	13,676
Total Contractual Services	920,858	920,858	841,377

General Fund

Public Safety - Continued Police Protection - Continued Commodities Materials and Supplies \$ Uniforms	Original 60,600 76,270	Final 60,600	Actual
Police Protection - Continued Commodities Materials and Supplies \$		60 600	
Police Protection - Continued Commodities Materials and Supplies \$		60 600	
Commodities Materials and Supplies \$		60 600	
Materials and Supplies \$		60 600	
11		00.000	36,974
UIIIUIIIS	10,210	76,270	60,849
Subscriptions and Publications	7,804	7,804	8,125
Shooting Range Supplies	40,125	40,125	25,658
Automotive Supplies	132,000	132,000	100,493
Office Supplies	20,000	20,000	12,982
Postage	17,750	17,750	4,111
Equipment Maintenance Materials	10,500	10,500	3,950
Total Commodities	365,049	365,049	253,142
Other Charges			
Professional Development	110,000	110,000	77,471
Planning and Research	11,363	11,363	10,904
Safety Program	14,580	14,580	4,376
Dues	26,107	26,107	23,215
Community Relations	42,000	42,000	32,996
Prisoner Detention	1,000	1,000	1,289
Emergency Management	5,000	5,000	4,557
Police and Fire Commission	21,100	21,100	19,993
Contingencies	10,000	10,000	5,540
Total Other Charges	241,150	241,150	180,341
Capital Outlay			
Machinery and Equipment	117,280	117,280	39,719
Equitable Sharing Expenditure	-	-	15,591
Total Capital Outlay	117,280	117,280	55,310
Central Services	458,319	458,319	458,319
Vehicle Replacement	232,000	232,000	232,000
Police Pension Contribution	1,377,155	1,377,155	1,457,503
Total Public Safety	12,979,552	12,979,552	12,583,061

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Public Works			
Streets			
Personnel Services			
Regular Salaries	\$ 1,438,500	1,438,500	1,437,815
Overtime Salaries	55,000	55,000	86,713
Temporary Salaries	13,367	13,367	10,618
Employee Retirement Contribution	307,569	307,569	110,010
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	-	-	181,581
Employee Group Insurance	414,706	414,706	396,147
Total Personnel Services	2,229,142	2,229,142	2,222,884
Contractual Services	25.000	25.000	22.000
Equipment Rentals	35,000	35,000	32,069
Advertising	1,300	1,300	-
Utilities	130,000	130,000	109,984
Snow Plow Contracts	150,000	150,000	178,200
Vehicle Maintenance	45,000	45,000	37,421
Services to Maintain Streets	30,000	30,000	4,799
Services to Maintain Traffic Signals	60,000	60,000	29,787
Services to Maintain Street Lights	15,000	15,000	26,812
Services to Maintain Grounds	75,000	75,000	77,172
Sidewalk and Curb Replacement	60,000	60,000	95,275
Tree Trimming	10,000	10,000	13,529
Total Contractual Services	611,300	611,300	605,048
Commodities			
Material Supplies	50,000	50,000	30,605
Uniforms	10,000	10,000	14,402
Subscriptions and Publications	100	100	43
Small Tools	5,500	5,500	8,382
Safety Equipment	3,000	3,000	2,845
Fuel Purchases	70,000	70,000	75,002
Office Supplies	2,500	2,500	4,969

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Bud	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Public Works - Continued			
Streets - Continued			
Commodities - Continued			
Postage	\$ 600	600	620
Snow Plowing Salt	150,000	150,000	114,901
Equipment Maintenance Materials	60,000	60,000	98,729
Street Maintenance Materials	50,000	50,000	81,135
Ground Maintenance Materials	22,000	22,000	16,391
Building Maintenance Materials	7,000	7,000	3,769
Street Light Maintenance Materials	28,000	28,000	40,230
Total Commodities	458,700	458,700	492,023
Other Charges			
Professional Development	8,900	8,900	5,884
Dues	1,580	1,580	1,346
Stormwater Maintenance	169,000	169,000	81,149
Contingencies	10,000	10,000	8,250
Total Other Charges	189,480	189,480	96,629
Capital Outlay	07.000	07.000	2 000
Machinery and Equipment	85,000	85,000	3,089
Tree Purchases	75,000	75,000	35,825
Total Capital Outlay	160,000	160,000	38,914
Central Services	125,361	125,361	125,361
Vehicle Replacement	249,528	249,528	302,821
Total Public Works	4,023,511	4,023,511	3,883,680
Daht Samiaa			
Debt Service			11 720
Principal Retirement		-	11,732
Total Expenditures	22,924,076	22,924,076	21,970,456

Debt Service Fund

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 3,122,938	3,122,938	3,188,195
Investment Income	10,000	10,000	21,536
Miscellaneous	43,900	43,900	42,952
Total Revenues	3,176,838	3,176,838	3,252,683
Expenditures Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	1,800,000	1,800,000	1,800,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,398,750	1,398,750	1,398,568
Total Expenditures	3,198,750	3,198,750	3,198,568
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(21,912)	(21,912)	54,115
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In	29,880	29,880	29,880
Change in Fund Balance	7,968	7,968	83,995
Fund Balance - Beginning			710,775
Fund Balance - Ending			794,770

Municipal Building - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Investment Income Miscellaneous	\$ 75,000	75,000	71,268
Developer Contributions	3,400	3,400	10,328
Total Revenues	 78,400	78,400	81,596
Expenditures Capital Outlay			
Other Capital Outlay	 9,288,906	9,288,906	6,080,885
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	 (9,210,506)	(9,210,506)	(5,999,289)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	2,411,250	2,411,250	2,411,250
Transfers Out	 (90,000)	(90,000)	(22,865)
	 2,321,250	2,321,250	2,388,385
Change in Fund Balance	 (6,889,256)	(6,889,256)	(3,610,904)
Fund Balance - Beginning			4,596,748
Fund Balance - Ending			985,844

Rt. 59 and Lake TIF - Capital Projects Fund

	Budge	t	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ -	-	-
Expenditures			
Public Works			
Contractual Services	48,000	48,000	-
Other Charges	5,000	5,000	-
Debt Service			
Interest and Fiscal Charges	25,000	25,000	58,699
Total Expenditures	78,000	78,000	58,699
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(78,000)	(78,000)	(58,699)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	78,000	78,000	58,699
Change in Fund Balance			-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending			

Brewster Creek Project TIF - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg Original	Final	Actual
		1 11141	1 lottuur
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 4,640,000	4,640,000	4,839,304
Intergovernmental			
Sales Taxes	10,000	10,000	4,499
Investment Income	10,000	10,000	119,998
Total Revenues	4,660,000	4,660,000	4,963,801
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	3,700,000	3,700,000	2,683,300
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	3,235,000	3,235,000	3,831,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,528,720	1,528,720	1,208,023
Total Expenditures	8,463,720	8,463,720	7,722,323
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,803,720)	(3,803,720)	(2,758,522)
Other Financing Sources			
Debt Issuance	3,700,000	3,700,000	2,683,300
Change in Fund Balance	(103,720)	(103,720)	(75,222)
Fund Balance - Beginning			4,323,239
Fund Balance - Ending			4,248,017

Bluff City Project TIF - Capital Projects Fund

	Bud	0	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 420,000	420,000	461,594
Investment Income	1,000	1,000	2,974
Total Revenues	421,000	421,000	464,568
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	1,460,000	6,383,000	6,034,665
Debt Service		, ,	, ,
Interest and Fiscal Charges	420,000	462,000	645,278
Total Expenditures	1,880,000	6,845,000	6,679,943
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,459,000)	(6,424,000)	(6,215,375)
Other Financing Sources			
Debt Issuance	1,460,000	1,460,000	6,218,210
Change in Fund Balance	1,000	(4,964,000)	2,835
Fund Balance - Beginning			602
Fund Balance - Ending			3,437

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet April 30, 2019

Capital Projects	Town Brewster Bluff Center Creek City TIF Municipal TIF Municipal TIF Totals	272,245 551,883 51,509 6,909,890 91,212 - 2,022,680	272,245 551,883 51,509 9,023,782	272,245 1,503 - 1,920,781 - 25,926 - 25,926 - - 25,926 - 25,930 - - - 115,593 - 115,593 - - - - 115,593 - 115,593 272,245 27,429 - 2,498,290 - 2,498,290 - 574,454 51,509 4,098,923 - 2,426,569 - - 524,454 51,509 6,525,492 - 2,426,569 - - - 524,454 51,509 6,525,492 - 2,426,569 - - - - - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - - - - - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - 2,426,569 - -
	Capital Developer Projects Deposits	40,830 2,485,632 - 2,022,680	40,830 4,508,312	- 1,645,753 - 1,645,753 - 435,990 - 435,990 - 2,081,743 - 2,081,743 - 2,426,569 40,830 2,426,569
Special Revenue	Motor Fuel Ca Tax Pr	\$ 3,507,791 44 91,212 -	3,599,003 4	1,280 - - 115,593 116,873 3,482,130 4 - 3,482,130 4 - 3,482,130 4
		ASSETS Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments Advances to Other Funds	Total Assets	LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Deposits Payable Other Payables Total Liabilities FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

119

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Special Revenue			Capital Projects	ojects		
	Motor Fuel Tax	Capital Projects	Developer Deposits	Town Center TIF	Brewster Creek Municipal TIF	Bluff City Municipal TIF	Totals
Revenues Taxes	÷			,	691,330	29,463	720,793
Intergovernmental	1,082,958 62 640	-	- 105 135	I		- 961	1,082,958
Miscellaneous			50,683	1 1		-	50,683
Total Revenues	1,145,607	752	156,118	1	704,885	30,324	2,037,686
Expenditures Public Works	ı	ı	Ţ	ı	590,988		590,988
Capital Outlay	1,222,362	ı	ı	·	·		1,222,362
Total Expenditures	1,222,362		1	ı	590,988		1,813,350
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(76,755)	752	156,118	ı	113,897	30,324	224,336
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out			(1,358,699)		(29,880)	ı	(1,388,579)
Change in Fund Balances	(76,755)	752	(1,202,581)	ı	84,017	30,324	(1, 164, 243)
Fund Balances - Beginning	3,558,885	40,078	3,629,150	ı	440,437	21,185	7,689,735
Fund Balances - Ending	3,482,130	40,830	2,426,569	,	524.454	51,509	6,525,492

120

Motor Fuel Tax - Special Revenue Fund

	Bud	vet	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Intergovernmental			
Motor Fuel Tax Allotments	\$ 1,095,000	1,095,000	1,082,958
Grants	1,064,958	1,064,958	-
Investment Income	20,000	20,000	62,649
Total Revenues	2,179,958	2,179,958	1,145,607
Expenditures Capital Outlay	3,298,225	3,298,225	1,222,362
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,118,267)	(1,118,267)	(76,755)
Other Financing (Uses) Transfers Out	(250,000)	(250,000)	
Change in Fund Balance	(1,368,267)	(1,368,267)	(76,755)
Fund Balance - Beginning			3,558,885
Fund Balance - Ending			3,482,130

Capital Projects Fund

	Budget			
	Ori	ginal	Final	Actual
Revenues Investment Income	\$	400	400	752
Expenditures Capital Outlay		_	-	
Change in Fund Balance		400	400	752
Fund Balance - Beginning				40,078
Fund Balance - Ending				40,830

Developer Deposits - Capital Projects Fund

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Investment Income	\$ 20,000	20,000	105,435
Miscellaneous Developer Contributions	85,000	85,000	50,683
Total Revenues	105,000	105,000	156,118
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	150,000	150,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(45,000)	(45,000)	156,118
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(1,378,000)	(1,378,000)	(1,358,699)
Change in Fund Balance	(1,423,000)	(1,423,000)	(1,202,581)
Fund Balance - Beginning			3,629,150
Fund Balance - Ending			2,426,569

Brewster Creek Municipal TIF - Capital Projects Fund

	Budge	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes	\$ 665,000	665,000	691,330
Investment Income	3,000	3,000	13,555
Total Revenues	668,000	668,000	704,885
Expenditures			
Public Works			
Personnel Services	591,997	591,997	584,522
Contractual Services	25,000	25,000	5,648
Other Charges	62,000	62,000	818
Total Expenditures	678,997	678,997	590,988
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,997)	(10,997)	113,897
Other Financing (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(29,880)	(29,880)	(29,880)
Change in Fund Balance	(40,877)	(40,877)	84,017
Fund Balance - Beginning			440,437
Fund Balance - Ending			524,454

Bluff City Municipal TIF - Capital Projects Fund

		Budge	et	
	С	Driginal	Final	Actual
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$	27,000	27,000	29,463
Investment Income		1,500	1,500	861
Total Revenues		28,500	28,500	30,324
Expenditures				
Capital Outlay		28,000	28,000	-
Change in Fund Balance		500	500	30,324
Fund Balance - Beginning				21,185
Fund Balance - Ending				51,509

Water - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budg	get	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Water Fees	\$ 10,000,000	10,000,000	10,072,311
Operating Expenses			
Personnel Services	1,388,374	1,388,374	1,249,858
Contractual Services	5,582,732	5,582,732	5,612,507
Commodities	200,606	200,606	174,115
Capital Outlay	31,691,700	31,691,700	13,015,652
Central Services	156,361	156,361	156,361
Vehicle Replacement	20,879	20,879	20,879
Other Charges	35,695	35,695	10,210
Total Operating Expenses	39,076,347	39,076,347	20,239,582
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(29,076,347)	(29,076,347)	(10,167,271)
Depreciation		-	747,327
Operating Income (Loss)	(29,076,347)	(29,076,347)	(10,914,598)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Investment Income	15,000	15,000	42,287
Debt Issuance	29,351,200	29,351,200	-
Other Income	1,000	1,000	302,487
Connection Fees	80,000	80,000	103,007
	29,447,200	29,447,200	447,781
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and			
Capital Grant	370,853	370,853	(10,466,817)
Transfers Out	(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)
Capital Grant	485,000	485,000	485,000
1	355,000	355,000	355,000
Change in Net Position	725,853	725,853	(10,111,817)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			6,429,500
Net Position - Ending			(3,682,317)

Sewer - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budg	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Operating Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Sewer Fees	\$ 4,990,000	4,990,000	5,107,574	
Operating Expenses				
Personnel Services	2,128,338	2,128,338	2,162,078	
Contractual Services	519,910	519,910	587,012	
Commodities	459,500	459,500	407,748	
Capital Outlay	1,978,558	1,978,558	134,509	
Central Services	156,361	156,361	156,361	
Vehicle Replacement	48,879	48,879	48,879	
Other Charges	67,590	67,590	63,640	
Total Operating Expenses	5,359,136	5,359,136	3,560,227	
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(369,136)	(369,136)	1,547,347	
Depreciation		-	1,263,483	
Operating Income (Loss)	(369,136)	(369,136)	283,864	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment Income	5,000	5,000	50,758	
Connection Fees	80,000	80,000	106,237	
Interest Expense	(41,405)	(41,405)	(40,776)	
	43,595	43,595	116,219	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions	(325,541)	(325,541)	400,083	
Transfers Out	(130,000)	(130,000)	(130,000)	
Capital Contributions	-	-	368,963	
Change in Net Position	(455,541)	(455,541)	639,046	
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			18,951,263	
Net Position - Ending			19,590,309	

Golf - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Golf Fees	\$ 2,306,150	2,306,150	2,045,833
			i
Operating Expenses			
Personnel Services	1,429,572	1,429,572	1,414,088
Contractual Services	198,155	198,155	194,513
Commodities	480,350	480,350	455,179
Capital Outlay	113,700	113,700	25,422
Other Charges	57,060	57,060	48,407
Total Operating Expenses	2,278,837	2,278,837	2,137,609
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	27,313	27,313	(91,776)
Depreciation	-	-	239,634
2 option mon			207,00
Operating Income (Loss)	27,313	27,313	(331,410)
Nagananding Decomposition (Economics)			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Other Income	1 000	1 000	402
	1,000	1,000	402
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	-	163,400
Interest Expense	-	-	(7,179)
	1,000	1,000	156,623
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	28,313	28,313	(174,787)
Transfers In	90,000	90,000	22,865
Transfers Out	(68,250)	(68,250)	(68,250)
Change in Net Position	50,063	50,063	(220,172)
		20,000	(220,172)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			485,762
Net Position - Ending			265,590
Tet i osition - Linung			203,390

Parking - Enterprise Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budg	et	
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Parking Fees	\$ 231,000	231,000	230,490
Operating Expenses			
Personnel Services	77,705	77,705	78,799
Contractual Services	77,727	77,727	61,687
Commodities	6,500	6,500	8,670
Capital Outlay	33,000	33,000	35,942
Vehicle Replacement	7,110	7,110	7,110
Total Operating Expenses	202,042	202,042	192,208
Operating Income Before Depreciation	28,958	28,958	38,282
Depreciation		-	9,775
Operating Income	28,958	28,958	28,507
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment Income	500	500	1,327
Income Before Transfers	29,458	29,458	29,834
Transfers Out	(15,000)	(15,000)	(15,000)
Change in Net Position	14,458	14,458	14,834
Net Position - Beginning			71,294
Net Position - Ending			86,128

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position April 30, 2019

	Central	Vehicle	
	 Services	Replacement	Totals
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 364,612	1,338,818	1,703,430
Prepaids	58,710	-	58,710
Total Current Assets	 423,322	1,338,818	1,762,140
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital Assets			
Depreciable Capital Assets	964,707	7,199,737	8,164,444
Accumulated Depreciation	(645,295)	(4,935,151)	(5,580,446)
Total Noncurrent Assets	 319,412	2,264,586	2,583,998
Total Assets	 742,734	3,603,404	4,346,138
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Items - RBP	4,277	-	4,277
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	 747,011	3,603,404	4,350,415
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	88,834	-	88,834
Accrued Payroll	8,714	-	8,714
Compensated Absences Payable	35,372	-	35,372
Total Current Liabilities	 132,920	-	132,920
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	94,410	-	94,410
Total Liabilities	 227,330	-	227,330
NET POSITION			
Investment in Capital Assets	319,412	2,264,586	2,583,998
Unrestricted	 200,269	1,338,818	1,539,087
Total Net Position	 519,681	3,603,404	4,123,085

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Central Services	Vehicle Replacement	Totals
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,160,763	647,063	1,807,826
Operating Expenses			
Personnel Services	461,780	-	461,780
Contractual Services	483,150	-	483,150
Commodities	32,464	-	32,464
Capital Outlay	120,044	-	120,044
Other Charges	16,065	-	16,065
Total Operating Expenses	1,113,503	-	1,113,503
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	47,260	647,063	694,323
Depreciation	66,095	611,578	677,673
Operating Income (Loss)	(18,835)	35,485	16,650
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment Income	5,804	21,466	27,270
Other Income	1,658	-	1,658
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	93,608	93,608
	7,462	115,074	122,536
Change in Net Position	(11,373)	150,559	139,186
Net Position - Beginning as Restated	531,054	3,452,845	3,983,899
Net Position - Ending	519,681	3,603,404	4,123,085

Combining Statement of Cash Flows - Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Central Services	Vehicle Replacement	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Interfund Services	\$ 1,160,763	647,063	1,807,826
Payments to Employees	(678)	-	(678)
Payments to Suppliers	(1,006,885)	(50,671)	(1,057,556)
	153,200	596,392	749,592
Cash Flows from Capital and Related			
Financing Activities			
Purchase of Capital Assets	(143,605)	(350,458)	(494,063)
Disposal of Capital Assets	-	93,608	93,608
	(143,605)	(256,850)	(400,455)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Investment Income	5,804	21,466	27,270
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	15,399	361,008	376,407
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning	349,213	977,810	1,327,023
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	364,612	1,338,818	1,703,430
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provid	ed (Used)		
by Operating Activities			
Operating Income	(18,835)	35,485	16,650
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to			
Net Income to Net Cash Provided by (Used in	ı)		
Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	66,095	611,578	677,673
Other Income	1,658	-	1,658
(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets	27,041	-	27,041
Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities	77,241	(50,671)	26,570
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	153,200	596,392	749,592

Central Services - Internal Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
General Fund	\$ 848,041	848,041	848,041
Water Fund	156,361	156,361	156,361
Sewer Fund	156,361	156,361	156,361
Total Operating Revenues	1,160,763	1,160,763	1,160,763
Operating Expenses			
Personnel Services	504,721	504,721	461,780
Contractual Services	603,700	603,700	483,150
Commodities	44,400	44,400	32,464
Capital Outlay	279,400	279,400	120,044
Other Charges	25,785	25,785	16,065
Total Operating Expenses	1,458,006	1,458,006	1,113,503
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(297,243)	(297,243)	47,260
Depreciation		-	66,095
Operating Income (Loss)	(297,243)	(297,243)	(18,835)
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment Income	2,000	2,000	5,804
Other Income	-	-	1,658
	2,000	2,000	7,462
Change in Net Position	(295,243)	(295,243)	(11,373)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated			531,054
Net Position - Ending			519,681

Vehicle Replacement - Internal Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Operating Revenues			
Charges for Services			
General Fund	\$ 516,902	516,902	570,195
Water Fund	20,879	20,879	20,879
Sewer Fund	48,879	48,879	48,879
Parking Fund	7,110	7,110	7,110
Total Operating Revenues	593,770	593,770	647,063
Operating Expenses	356,500	356,500	
Operating Income Before Depreciation	237,270	237,270	647,063
Depreciation		-	611,578
Operating Income	237,270	237,270	35,485
Nonoperating Revenues			
Investment Income	8,000	8,000	21,466
Disposal of Capital Assets	50,000	50,000	93,608
	58,000	58,000	115,074
Change in Net Position	295,270	295,270	150,559
Net Position - Beginning			3,452,845
Net Position - Ending			3,603,404

Police Pension - Pension Trust Fund

Schedule of Changes of Fiduciary Net Position - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual
Additions			
	¢ 1 277 155	1 277 155	1 457 502
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,377,155	1,377,155	1,457,503
Contributions - Plan Members	520,000	520,000	522,540
Other Income	500	500	35
Total Contributions	1,897,655	1,897,655	1,980,078
Investment income			
Interest Earned	2,850,000	2,850,000	479,190
Net Change in Fair Value	-	-	3,217,157
, and the second s	2,850,000	2,850,000	3,696,347
Less Investment Expenses	(132,500)	(132,500)	(145,593)
Net Investment Income	2,717,500	2,717,500	3,550,754
Total Additions	4,615,155	4,615,155	5,530,832
Deductions			
Administration	36,935	36,935	33,090
Benefits and Refunds	4,578,220	4,578,220	1,767,984
Total Deductions	4,615,155	4,615,155	1,801,074
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		-	3,729,758
Net Position Restricted for Pensions			
Beginning			40,052,870
Ending			43,782,628

Bluff City Special Service Area - Agency Fund

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2019

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances
ASSETS				
Cash and Investments Prepaids	\$ 828,095 12,297	6,448,523	6,666,618 12,297	610,000
	840,392	6,448,523	6,678,915	610,000
LIABILITIES				
Due to Bondholders	840,392	6,448,523	6,678,915	610,000

Consolidated Year-End Financial Report April 30, 2019

CSFA #	Program Name	State	Federal	Other	Totals
492-35-1161	State Tobacco Enforcement Program	\$ 1,760	-	-	1,760
494-00-0967	e	36,909	-	-	36,909
494-00-1488	Motor Fuel Tax Program	1,185,453	-	-	1,185,453
494-10-0343	State and Community Highway Safety/National Priority Safety Program	-	22,358	-	22,358
	Other grant programs and activities	-	489,721	864	490,585
	All Other Costs Not Allocated	 -	-	65,631,805	65,631,805
	Totals	 1,224,122	512,079	65,632,669	67,368,870



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

September 5, 2019

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Bartlett, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. According, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Village's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Village of Bartlett, Illinois September 5, 2019 Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bond Series of 2009 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue	December 22, 2009
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2029
Authorized Issue	\$10,980,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	2.00% to 4.125%
Interest Dates	June 1 and December 1
Principal Maturity Date	December 1
Payable at	Wells Fargo Bank

Tax Levy Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 715,000	249,481	964,481
2019	755,000	224,457	979,457
2020	795,000	196,143	991,143
2021	860,000	166,331	1,026,331
2022	900,000	131,931	1,031,931
2023	510,000	95,931	605,931
2024	325,000	75,531	400,531
2025	350,000	62,531	412,531
2026	375,000	48,530	423,530
2027	400,000	33,530	433,530
2028	425,000	17,530	442,530
	6,410,000	1,301,926	7,711,926

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bond Series of 2012 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue May 1, 2012 December 1, 2031 Date of Maturity Authorized Issue \$13,525,000 Denomination of Bonds \$5,000 Interest Rates 2.00% to 4.00% Interest Dates June 1 and December 1 Principal Maturity Date December 1 Payable at Wells Fargo Bank

Tax Levy		T / /	T. (1
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 310,000	424,818	734,818
2019	300,000	418,618	718,618
2020	305,000	412,018	717,018
2021	285,000	404,776	689,776
2022	290,000	397,650	687,650
2023	725,000	389,675	1,114,675
2024	950,000	367,925	1,317,925
2025	970,000	339,425	1,309,425
2026	1,345,000	309,113	1,654,113
2027	1,375,000	265,400	1,640,400
2028	1,415,000	210,400	1,625,400
2029	1,900,000	153,800	2,053,800
2030	1,945,000	77,800	2,022,800
	12,115,000	4,171,418	16,286,418

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Bond Series of 2016 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Denomination of Bonds Interest Rates Interest Dates Principal Maturity Date Payable at December 15, 2016 January 1, 2037 \$15,455,000 \$5,000 3.00% to 5.00% July 1 and January 1 January 1 Wells Fargo Bank

Tax Levy			
Year	 Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 585,000	600,375	1,185,375
2019	600,000	582,825	1,182,825
2020	620,000	564,825	1,184,825
2021	640,000	546,225	1,186,225
2022	660,000	527,025	1,187,025
2023	675,000	507,225	1,182,225
2024	700,000	486,975	1,186,975
2025	720,000	465,975	1,185,975
2026	740,000	444,375	1,184,375
2027	765,000	421,250	1,186,250
2028	800,000	383,000	1,183,000
2029	840,000	343,000	1,183,000
2030	885,000	301,000	1,186,000
2031	930,000	256,750	1,186,750
2032	975,000	210,250	1,185,250
2033	1,025,000	161,500	1,186,500
2034	1,075,000	110,250	1,185,250
2035	 1,130,000	56,500	1,186,500
	 14,365,000	6,969,325	21,334,325

Long-Term Debt Requirements

General Obligation Refunding Bond Series of 2017 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue	July 27, 2017
Date of Maturity	December 1, 2026
Authorized Issue	\$2,535,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	2.00% to 3.00%
Interest Dates	December 1 and June 1
Principal Maturity Date	December 1
Payable at	UMB Bank, NA

Tax Levy Year]	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$	255,000	67,650	322,650
2019		270,000	60,000	330,000
2020		275,000	51,900	326,900
2021		275,000	43,650	318,650
2022		280,000	35,400	315,400
2023		290,000	27,000	317,000
2024		300,000	18,300	318,300
2025		310,000	9,300	319,300
		2,255,000	313,200	2,568,200

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Tax Increment Financing Taxable Senior Lien Bond Series of 2007 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue	August 22, 2007
Date of Maturity	January 1, 2023
Authorized Issue	\$26,000,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	5.35% to 5.60%
Interest Dates	January 1 and July 1
Principal Maturity Date	January 1
Payable at	Wells Fargo Bank

Tax Levy Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 2,210,000	587,720	2,797,720
2019	2,645,000	463,960	3,108,960
2020	2,765,000	315,840	3,080,840
2021	2,875,000	161,000	3,036,000
	10,495,000	1,528,520	12,023,520

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Tax Increment Financing Taxable Senior Lien Bond Series of 2016 April 30, 2019

Date of Issue	October 25, 2016
Date of Maturity	July 1, 2024
Authorized Issue	\$9,200,000
Denomination of Bonds	\$5,000
Interest Rates	4.00%
Interest Dates	January 1 and July 1
Principal Maturity Date	January 1
Payable at	Wells Fargo Bank

Tax Levy Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2019	\$ 780,000	343,600	1,123,600
2020	630,000	312,400	942,400
2021	780,000	287,200	1,067,200
2022	2,900,000	256,000	3,156,000
2023	3,500,000	140,000	3,640,000
	8,590,000	1,339,200	9,929,200

Long-Term Debt Requirements

Illinois Environmental Protection Agency Installment Loan L17-4695 April 30, 2019

Date of Maturity Authorized Issue Interest Rate Interest Dates January 17, 2034 \$2,146,359 2.295% January 17 and July 17

Fiscal Year	I	Principal	Interest	Totals
2020	\$	97,955	39,195	137,150
2021		100,216	36,934	137,150
2022		102,529	34,621	137,150
2023		104,896	32,254	137,150
2024		107,316	29,834	137,150
2025		109,794	27,356	137,150
2026		112,328	24,822	137,150
2027		114,921	22,229	137,150
2028		117,573	19,577	137,150
2029		120,287	16,863	137,150
2030		123,064	14,086	137,150
2031		125,904	11,246	137,150
2032		128,810	8,340	137,150
2033		131,783	5,367	137,150
2034		134,824	2,325	137,149
		1,732,200	325,049	2,057,249

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Village's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue sources.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	 2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 102,713,637	101,892,180	102,081,127
Restricted	7,656,917	7,635,354	6,561,920
Unrestricted	 (11,568,076)	(13,975,810)	(13,680,794)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	 98,802,478	95,551,724	94,962,253
Business-Type Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	49,488,986	48,388,057	47,047,579
Restricted	120,000	120,000	120,000
Unrestricted	 6,756,476	5,831,024	5,458,020
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	 56,365,462	54,339,081	52,625,599
Total Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	152,202,623	150,280,237	149,128,706
Restricted	7,776,917	7,755,354	6,681,920
Unrestricted	 (4,811,600)	(8,144,786)	(8,222,774)
Total Primary Government Net Position	 155,167,940	149,890,805	147,587,852

Data Source: Audited Financial Statements

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
93,472,059	97,791,985	97,311,259	95,710,192	106,987,423	104,839,347	107,643,851
7,198,466	12,529,972	8,156,826	7,588,842	9,139,793	7,640,457	7,904,869
(12,005,169)	(24,375,709)	(21,344,581)	(37,438,454)	(38,974,026)	(36,472,969)	(44,877,189)
88,665,356	85,946,248	84,123,504	65,860,580	77,153,190	76,006,835	70,671,531
46,596,409	44,221,377	42,680,832	41,681,924	42,451,101	41,509,512	45,829,757
120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000	120,000
5,352,223	5,739,700	4,969,604	2,038,678	(13,055,576)	(15,746,535)	(29,690,047)
52,068,632	50,081,077	47,770,436	43,840,602	29,515,525	25,882,977	16,259,710
140,068,468	142,013,362	139,992,091	137,392,116	149,438,524	146,348,859	153,473,608
7,318,466	12,649,972	8,276,826	7,708,842	9,259,793	7,760,457	8,024,869
(6,652,946)	(18,636,009)	(16,374,977)	(35,399,776)	(52,029,602)	(52,219,504)	(74,567,236)
140,733,988	136,027,325	131,893,940	109,701,182	106,668,715	101,889,812	86,931,241

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Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

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	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses Governmental Activities										
General Government	\$ 5,635,300	5,700,497	5,914,791	5,972,013	6,138,265	6,046,499	7,039,895	5,663,642	6,099,230	5,846,318
Public Safety	10,586,169	10,985,975	11,477,473	11,717,616	11,952,742	12,056,061	14,357,320	12,809,524	12,853,084	14,348,182
Public Works	11,635,122	11,062,045	8,762,597	12,588,160	12,467,215	11,827,739	15,274,719	9,765,907	11,148,368	15,517,930
Intergovernmental	2,000,000	287,278	28,539		ı	ı				ı
Interest	2,454,745	2,377,283	2,334,618	2,619,921	2,530,397	2,399,379	2,540,144	3,087,509	2,974,959	3,382,040
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	32,311,336	30,413,078	28,518,018	32,897,710	33,088,619	32,329,678	39,212,078	31,326,582	33,075,641	39,094,470
Business-Type Activities										
Water	6,937,876	6,955,519	7,169,635	7,161,301	7,394,832	6,948,610	7,459,958	20,813,531	10,970,904	20,986,909
Sewer	4,021,446	3,968,383	4,021,976	4,034,335	4,231,628	4,584,960	5,135,132	5,578,990	4,792,625	4,864,486
Parking	159,475	251,405	322,171	286,499	354,075	242,519	205,225	205,262	229,191	201,983
Golf	2,412,008	2,541,430	2,692,762	2,562,114	2,542,609	2,397,955	2,458,559	2,710,979	2,298,982	2,221,022
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	13,530,805	13,716,737	14,206,544	14,044,249	14,523,144	14,174,044	15,258,874	29,308,762	18,291,702	28,274,400
Total Primary Government Expenses	45,842,141	44,129,815	42,724,562	46,941,959	47,611,763	46,503,722	54,470,952	60,635,344	51,367,343	67,368,870
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services	1 201 102 1						1001001		101 100	1 0/2 000
General Government	1,381,014	000,010,1	200,021	1,/19,950	1,841,422	1,/35,/24	1,994,024 494.257	80C,0U2,2	064,4/2,7	506,006,1 010 031
Fublic Safety Dublic Worlds	070,070 272,020	016,104	212 0,000	401,409 272 726	000,000	4/0,109	100,404	403,247	421,141	472,012
Fublic WOIKS Descriptor Groute/Contributions	000,070 1 773 730	1 517 087	1 207 487	001,020	1 727 165	- 1 546 169	- 1 453 417	- 1 304 047	- 1 112 571	- 1 377 781
Operating Grants/Contributions Canital Grants/Contributions	1,664,001	1 502 760	201,700,1 2778 058	1,204,044 73 7 11	1,732,103	1 100 170	1,400,442 1 880 677	1,294,042 17 057 7/0	1,410,024	107,120,1
Capital Otants/Contributions Total Governmental Activities	1,004,901	1,202,100	2,110,000	10,241	L,740,707	1,100,179	1,000,077	12,702,247		
Program Revenues	4,992,608	5,365,091	6,472,679	3,939,160	5,465,236	4,860,240	5,812,500	17,036,106	4,115,766	3,745,996
Business-Type Activities										
Charges for Services										
Water	5,415,895	6,022,768	6,500,266	7,353,979	6,862,927	6,567,482	6,567,406	6,807,458	8,282,000	10,175,318
Sewer	2,919,120	3,034,906	3,042,728	3,409,110	3,361,837	3,259,589	3,342,572	3,509,720	4,149,753	5,213,811
Parking	168,352	165,843	228,149	219,547	228,306	230,234	225,387	223,226	229,083	230,490
Golf	2,252,198	2,294,701	2,307,710	2,350,867	2,092,495	1,908,749	2,120,669	2,138,042	2,120,661	2,045,833
Capital Grants/Contributions	901,146	421,000	685,414	465,952	200,814		191,579	2,280,175		853,963
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	11,656,711	11,939,218	12,764,267	13,799,455	12,746,379	11,966,054	12,447,613	14,958,621	14,781,497	18,519,415
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	16.649.319	17.304.309	19.236.946	17.738.615	18.211.615	16.826.294	18.260.113	31.994.727	18.897.263	22.265.411
0										

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	ļ	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Net (Expenses) Revenues Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	÷	(27,318,728) (1,874,094)	(25,047,987) (1,777,519)	(22,045,339) (1,442,277)	(28,958,550) (244,794)	(27,623,383) (1,776,765)	(27,469,438) (2,207,990)	(33,399,578) (2,811,261)	(14,290,476) (14,350,141)	(28,959,875) (3,510,205)	(35,348,474) (9,754,985)
Total Net Revenues (Expenses)		(29,192,822)	(26,825,506)	(23,487,616)	(29,203,344)	(29,400,148)	(29,677,428)	(36,210,839)	(28,640,617)	(32,470,080)	(45,103,459)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Taxes											
Property		13,548,067	13,309,344	13,079,288	13,425,536	13,984,754	14, 329, 462	13,614,732	14,575,358	16,532,883	17,325,412
Telecommunications		1,558,795	1,436,271	1,424,011	1,333,104	1,249,425	1,119,305	1,009,063	919,119	822,100	753,858
Local Use		488,253	597,543	602,410	657,685	727,264	848,595	956,168	1,014,243	1,089,733	1,274,855
Real Estate Transfer		326,730	297,435	290,644	303,264	367,794	505,829	547,960	711,299	804,721	800,899
Utility		·	ı		1,482,693	1,704,373	1,589,989	1,177,731	588,143	676,819	25,289
Other		ı	ı		8,080	38,336	93,791	146,694	163,535	183,289	1,584,208
Intergovernmental (Unrestricted)											
State Replacement		42,355	47,121	42,346	41,880	48,146	46,127	47,560	50,353	38,363	43,657
State Sales Taxes		1,940,309	1,968,471	2,016,979	2,067,299	2,076,382	2,107,785	2,268,674	2,377,955	2,454,481	2,386,593
State Income		3,288,304	3,227,976	3,358,779	3,713,676	4,015,560	4,035,689	4,391,637	3,895,179	3,736,819	4,000,843
Investment Income		329,578	146,852	41,703	61,862	66,256	70,843	74,527	205,125	477,616	675,382
Miscellaneous Income		609,091	482,970	316,458	233,587	403,735	644,031	841,716	964,597	653,446	665,710
Transfers		(150, 379)	283,250	283,250	323,250	222,250	255,250	343,250	118, 180	343,250	320,385
Total Governmental Activities		21,981,103	21,797,233	21,455,868	23,651,916	24,904,275	25,646,696	25,419,712	25,583,086	27,813,520	29,857,091
Business-Type Activities											
Investment Earnings		98,181	23,596	10,026	9,717	9,500	12,146	14,312	24,346	44,850	94,372
Miscellaneous		8,218	10,792	2,019	1,360	1,960	140,453	759	118,898	176,057	302,889
Transfers		150,379	(283, 250)	(283, 250)	(323, 250)	(222, 250)	(255, 250)	(343, 250)	(118, 180)	(343, 250)	(320, 385)
Total Business-Type Activities		256,778	(248,862)	(271, 205)	(312,173)	(210,790)	(102,651)	(328,179)	25,064	(122,343)	76,876
Total Primary Government		22,237,881	21,548,371	21,184,663	23,339,743	24,693,485	25,544,045	25,091,533	25,608,150	27,691,177	29,933,967
Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		(2,337,625)	(3.250.754)	(589.471)	(5306.634)	(2.719.108)	(1.822.742)	(7 979 866)	11 292 610	(1.146.355)	(5 491 383)
Business-Type Activities		(1,617,316)	(2,026,381)	(1,713,482)	(556,967)	(1,987,555)	(2,310,641)	(3,139,440)	(14,325,077)	(3,632,548)	(9,678,109)
Total Primary Government		(6,954,941)	(5,277,135)	(2, 302, 953)	(5,863,601)	(4,706,663)	(4,133,383)	(11,119,306)	(3,032,467)	(4,778,903)	(15,169,492)

Data Source: Audited Financial Statements

150

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012
General Fund			
Nonspendable	\$ -	-	628,441
Restricted	-	-	85,059
Unassigned	-	-	11,210,216
Reserved	558,418	754,490	-
Unreserved	11,120,932	11,021,288	-
Total General Fund	11,679,350	11,775,778	11,923,716
All Other Governmental Funds			
Nonspendable	-	-	2,401,108
Restricted	-	-	18,817,495
Assigned	-	-	4,708,847
Unassigned	-	-	-
Reserved	11,592,405	11,530,895	-
Unreserved, reported in			
Capital Project Funds	2,995,486	2,246,098	-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	14,587,891	13,776,993	25,927,450
Total Governmental Funds	26,267,241	25,552,771	37,851,166

Data Source: Audited Financial Statements

Note: The Village implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for the year ended April 30, 2012.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
645 702	202 100	c > c = 1 c	1 502 646	1 526 705	1 ((2 280	1 (0) 07(
645,793	383,109	626,746	1,523,646	1,536,705	1,662,289	1,606,076
194,351	487,555	737,066	765,619	550,860	556,197	771,277
11,098,231	11,226,358	11,153,490	10,687,271	10,527,155	10,471,940	10,029,715
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11,938,375	12,097,022	12,517,302	12,976,536	12,614,720	12,690,426	12,407,068
2,464,656	2,363,170	180,823	2,994,396	2,819,078	2,814,078	-
14,499,441	11,405,747	8,884,426	8,567,772	10,614,646	9,095,201	9,145,147
5,694,134	5,537,485	8,921,118	5,437,189	20,710,496	8,225,898	3,412,413
-	-	(2,814,078)	(2,814,078)	(2,814,078)	(2,814,078)	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
22,658,231	19,306,402	15,172,289	14,185,279	31,330,142	17,321,099	12,557,560
34,596,606	31,403,424	27,689,591	27,161,815	43,944,862	30,011,525	24,964,628

Changes in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	 2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 21,192,812	20,884,162	20,814,456	23,033,216
Licenses and Permits	1,598,550	1,850,236	1,859,716	1,659,566
Intergovernmental	2,515,921	1,853,475	1,508,566	1,525,709
Fines and Forfeitures	290,765	289,740	338,709	365,120
Investment Income	329,578	146,852	41,705	61,862
Developer Contributions	6,371	10,298	4,062	4,665
Miscellaneous	1,274,870	741,866	604,006	835,467
Total Revenues	 27,208,867	25,776,629	25,171,220	27,485,605
Expenditures				
General Government	5,462,179	5,308,155	5,742,043	5,642,178
Public Safety	10,230,885	10,500,963	10,772,582	11,197,739
Public Works	3,929,247	4,097,758	3,815,287	3,756,726
Intergovernmental	2,000,000	287,278	28,539	- , ,
Capital Outlay	5,607,707	4,665,742	2,404,027	6,067,414
Debt Service	-,,	.,,.	_,	-,,
Principal Retirement	2,275,000	1,636,000	2,124,000	2,264,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	2,381,862	2,295,008	2,106,124	2,276,058
Total Expenditures	 31,886,880	28,790,904	26,992,602	31,204,115
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(4,678,013)	(3.014.275)	(1, 921, 392)	(3.718.510)
(Under) Expenditures	 (4,078,013)	(3,014,275)	(1,821,382)	(3,718,510)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Issuance	11,659,000	2,016,555	13,605,300	140,700
Premium on Issuance of Debt	238,769	-	231,227	-
Payment to Refunding Escrow	(11,086,971)	-	-	-
Transfers In	1,570,093	378,130	678,711	1,569,995
Transfers Out	(1,066,814)	(94,880)	(395,461)	(1,246,745)
	 1,314,077	2,299,805	14,119,777	463,950
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,363,936)	(714,470)	12,298,395	(3,254,560)
2	 			<u></u>
Debt Service as a Percentage of				
Noncapital Expenditures	14.60%	13.65%	15.67%	14.55%
* *				

Data Source: Audited Financial Statements

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
24,212,034	24,676,572	17,499,908	18,033,530	20,147,908	21,808,178
1,777,466	1,735,724	1,994,024	2,206,568	2,274,495	1,965,903
2,545,414	2,790,921	10,125,818	7,851,932	7,746,501	7,869,997
406,673	333,595	352,969	345,260	286,070	297,532
66,256	67,827	68,926	193,481	459,439	648,112
39,544	-	-	-	-	-
536,961	644,031	841,716	964,597	653,446	665,710
29,584,348	30,248,670	30,883,361	29,595,368	31,567,859	33,255,432
5,818,291	5,666,580	5,590,262	5,873,862	5,565,660	5,491,983
11,524,327	11,859,493	12,529,493	12,062,255	12,205,104	12,583,061
5,024,152	4,300,952	4,377,546	4,098,778	4,227,806	4,474,668
-	-	-	-	-	-
5,536,791	6,871,964	9,360,949	4,769,474	18,317,845	16,021,212
3,187,000	3,946,732	3,386,732	3,046,732	5,052,333	5,642,732
2,356,119	2,212,432	2,168,705	2,301,025	2,974,093	3,310,568
33,446,680	34,858,153	37,413,687	32,152,126	48,342,841	47,524,224
	51,050,155	57,115,007	52,152,120	10,512,011	17,321,221
(3,862,332)	(4,609,483)	(6,530,326)	(2,556,758)	(16,774,982)	(14,268,792)
446,900	640,400	5,659,300	25,681,801	4,965,500	8,901,510
-	-	-	745,425	115,156	-
-	-	-	(7,205,601)	(2,582,261)	-
386,644	380,682	681,043	981,580	703,265	2,843,079
(164,394)	(125,432)	(337,793)	(863,400)	(360,015)	(2,522,694)
669,150	895,650	6,002,550	19,339,805	2,841,645	9,221,895
(3,193,182)	(3,713,833)	(527,776)	16,783,047	(13,933,337)	(5,046,897)
(3,173,102)	(3,/13,033)	(321,110)	10,703,047	(13,733,337)	(3,040,097)
16.57%	18.58%	15.16%	29.75%	23.35%	22.03%

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property
2009	\$ 1,273,921,294	\$ 62,685,713	\$ 29,601,759
2010	1,168,706,094	74,203,549	30,191,884
2011	1,068,468,623	64,745,980	27,214,037
2012	973,691,167	59,328,296	25,853,913
2013	881,118,258	54,207,036	23,853,230
2014	877,445,263	52,440,441	19,963,064
2015	887,363,639	51,420,033	19,017,338
2016	974,050,114	54,096,566	22,927,115
2017	1,000,489,327	57,816,186	21,202,143
2018	N/A	N/A	N/A

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

N/A - Data not yet available from Counties

Note: Property is assessed at 33.33% of actual value.

 Misc. Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value Taxable Value	Estimated Actual Taxable Value
\$ 133,528	\$ 1,366,342,294	\$ 0.685	\$ 4,099,026,882	33.33%
301,200	1,273,402,727	0.750	3,820,208,181	33.33%
272,372	1,160,701,012	0.851	3,482,103,036	33.33%
133,228	1,059,006,604	0.941	3,177,019,812	33.33%
151,828	959,330,352	1.067	2,877,991,056	33.33%
189,075	950,037,843	1.111	2,850,113,529	33.33%
190,775	957,991,785	1.129	2,873,975,355	33.33%
206,757	1,051,280,552	1.112	3,153,841,656	33.33%
205,156	1,079,712,812	1.152	3,239,138,436	33.33%
N/A	1,098,395,911	1.200	3,295,187,733	33.33%

	2009	2010	2011
Village of Bartlett (Cook)			
Corporate	\$ 0.530	0.572	0.645
Bonds and Interest	0.077	0.084	0.093
Police Pension	0.078	0.093	0.113
Total Direct Rates	0.685	0.750	0.851
Overlapping Rates			
Cook County	0.394	0.423	0.462
Cook County Forest Preserve	0.049	0.051	0.058
Hanover Township	0.154	0.175	0.202
Metropolitan Water Reclamation			
District of Greater Chicago	0.261	0.274	0.320
Northwest Mosquito Abatement	0.008	0.009	0.001
Bartlett Public Library District	0.209	0.234	0.261
Bartlett Fire Protection District	0.419	0.473	0.533
Bartlett Park District	0.424	0.552	0.620
Unit School District #46	4.339	5.026	5.507
Community College District #509	0.354	0.434	0.475
Mental Health District	0.033	0.038	0.044
Consolidated Elections	0.021	-	0.025
Streamwood Park District	0.458	0.506	0.564
Total Overlapping Rates	7.123	8.195	9.072
Total Tax Rates	7.808	8.945	9.923

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Cook County- Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Note: Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
0.677	0.742	0.762	0.781	0.674	0.674	0.689
0.149	0.194	0.203	0.208	0.306	0.334	0.342
0.116	0.130	0.146	0.140	0.132	0.144	0.170
0.941	1.067	1.111	1.129	1.112	1.152	1.200
0.531	0.560	0.568	0.552	0.533	0.496	0.489
0.063	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.063	0.062	0.060
0.229	0.276	0.277	0.295	0.255	0.261	0.276
0.370	0.417	0.430	0.426	0.406	0.402	0.396
0.010	0.013	0.013	0.011	0.010	0.010	0.011
0.295	0.331	0.340	0.340	0.314	0.312	0.314
0.580	0.698	0.734	0.776	0.678	0.693	0.863
0.660	0.793	0.824	0.877	0.766	0.784	0.768
6.540	7.580	7.668	7.947	6.837	6.932	7.120
0.516	0.638	0.638	0.654	0.570	0.562	0.612
0.050	0.061	0.061	0.058	0.057	0.059	0.063
-	0.031	-	0.034	-	0.031	-
0.629	0.760	0.770	0.789	0.676	0.700	0.740
10.473	12.227	12.392	12.828	11.165	11.304	11.712
11.414	13.294	13.503	13.957	12.277	12.456	12.912
11.414	13.274	15.505	13.757	14.411	12.400	12.712

	2009	2010	2011
Village of Bartlett (DuPage)			
Corporate	\$ 0.529	0.550	0.594
Bonds and Interest	0.076	0.080	0.085
Police Pension	0.078	0.089	0.104
Total Direct Rates	0.683	0.718	0.782
Overlapping Rates			
DuPage County	0.155	0.166	0.171
DuPage Airport	0.015	0.016	0.017
Forest Preserve District	0.122	0.132	0.141
Wayne Township	0.066	0.073	0.080
Bartlett Fire Protection District	0.404	0.454	0.514
Village of Hanover Park Fire	0.708	0.748	0.807
Fox River Fire Protection District	0.186	0.006	0.224
South Elgin Fire Protection District	0.540	0.604	0.667
Bartlett Public Library District	0.209	0.224	0.263
Bartlett Park District	0.425	0.534	0.589
Hanover Park District	0.409	0.425	0.455
Unit School District #46	4.602	4.839	5.612
Community College District #509	0.376	0.392	0.490
Total Overlapping Rates	8.217	8.613	10.030
Total Tax Rates	8.90	9.33	10.81

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - DuPage County- Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk, DuPage County-Department of Revenue

Note: Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
0.663	0.692	0.631	0.635	0.594	0.570	0.550
0.143	0.177	0.166	0.166	0.265	0.277	0.268
0.114	0.122	0.121	0.114	0.116	0.122	0.136
0.920	0.991	0.919	0.915	0.974	0.969	0.954
0.193	0.204	0.206	0.197	0.185	0.175	0.167
0.017	0.018	0.020	0.188	0.018	0.017	0.146
0.154	0.166	0.169	0.162	0.151	0.131	0.128
0.081	0.098	0.103	0.101	0.096	0.094	0.093
0.574	0.657	0.629	0.629	0.607	0.600	0.705
0.979	1.129	1.320	1.445	1.217	1.188	1.158
0.250	0.266	0.275	0.272	0.268	0.267	0.269
0.762	0.821	0.848	0.811	0.766	0.751	0.931
0.292	0.323	0.361	0.333	0.332	0.298	0.311
0.649	0.752	0.710	0.723	0.682	0.671	0.622
0.561	0.567	0.583	0.610	0.561	0.542	0.519
6.605	7.852	6.413	6.833	6.338	6.164	5.975
0.536	0.692	0.501	0.567	0.530	0.506	0.516
11.653	13.545	12.138	12.871	11.751	11.402	11.539
12.57	14.54	13.06	13.79	12.73	12.37	12.49

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Kane County - St. Charles Township Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	2009	2010	2011
Village of Bartlett (Kane)			
Corporate	\$ 0.492	0.573	0.606
Bonds and Interest	φ 0.492 0.071	0.084	0.087
Police Pension	0.073	0.093	0.106
Total Direct Rates	0.636	0.749	0.799
Overlapping Rates			
Kane County	0.340	0.372	0.399
Kane County Forest Preserve District	0.636	0.220	0.261
St. Charles Township	0.340	0.353	0.038
St. Charles Township Roads	0.066	0.072	0.078
St. Charles Cemetery	0.012	0.013	0.014
South St. Charles Park District	0.461	0.555	0.553
St. Charles Library District	0.242	0.265	0.287
Community School District #303	4.165	4.604	5.018
Community College District #509	0.383	0.441	0.445
South Elgin Fire Protection District	0.540	0.599	0.667
Total Overlapping Rates	7.184	7.494	7.760
Total Tax Rates	7.819	8.244	8.558

Data Source: Kane County Tax Extension Department

Note: Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. No residential property in Kane County.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2018
0.639	0.426	0.638	0.601	0.568	0.427	0.369
0.146	0.110	0.168	0.158	0.255	0.209	0.181
0.109	0.075	0.122	0.108	0.111	0.091	0.091
0.894	0.611	0.928	0.867	0.934	0.727	0.641
0.434	0.462	0.468	0.448	0.420	0.425	0.388
0.271	0.304	0.313	0.295	0.225	0.166	0.161
0.418	0.044	0.045	0.045	0.044	0.044	0.044
0.086	0.091	0.094	0.093	0.091	0.091	0.090
0.015	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.016	0.016
0.606	0.641	0.663	0.657	0.642	0.633	0.625
0.318	0.335	0.349	0.345	0.337	0.334	0.327
5.520	5.885	6.134	6.118	5.950	5.347	5.291
0.522	0.571	0.608	0.561	0.530	0.500	0.508
0.756	0.816	0.848	0.811	0.766	0.751	0.931
8.945	9.165	9.539	9.389	9.021	8.306	8.380
9.840	9.776	10.467	10.256	9.955	9.033	9.021

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Kane County - Elgin Township Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	2009	2010	2011
Village of Bartlett (Kane)			
Corporate	\$ 0.492	0.573	0.606
Bonds and Interest	\$ 0.4 <i>92</i> 0.071	0.084	0.000
Police Pension	0.073	0.093	0.106
Total Direct Rates	0.636	0.749	0.799
Overlapping Rates			
Kane County	0.340	0.372	0.399
Kane County Forest Preserve District	0.636	0.220	0.261
Elgin Township	0.071	0.078	0.089
Elgin Township Roads	0.052	0.058	0.066
Bartlett Park District	0.404	0.555	0.557
Gail Borden Library District	0.338	0.365	0.408
South Elgin Fire Protection District	0.540	0.599	0.667
Community College District #509	0.383	0.441	0.415
Unit School District #46	4.549	5.266	5.559
Total Overlapping Rates	7.313	7.955	8.421
Total Tax Rates	7.949	8.704	9.220

Data Source: Kane County Tax Extension Department

Note: Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. No residential property in Kane County.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010
0.639	0.426	0.638	0.601	0.568	0.427	0.369
0.146	0.110	0.168	0.158	0.255	0.209	0.181
0.109	0.075	0.122	0.108	0.111	0.091	0.091
0.894	0.611	0.928	0.867	0.934	0.727	0.641
0.434	0.462	0.468	0.448	0.420	0.402	0.388
0.271	0.304	0.313	0.294	0.225	0.166	0.161
0.100	0.111	0.116	0.110	0.102	0.119	0.116
0.076	0.816	0.089	0.085	0.091	0.076	0.074
0.589	0.626	0.694	0.648	0.642	0.522	0.444
0.479	0.509	0.580	0.529	0.490	0.473	0.463
0.756	0.816	0.848	0.811	0.766	0.751	0.731
0.522	0.571	0.608	0.561	0.530	0.506	0.508
6.371	5.940	8.023	7.124	6.549	6.164	6.124
9.597	10.155	11.739	10.610	9.815	9.179	9.008
10.491	10.766	12.667	11.477	10.749	9.906	9.649

Principal Property Tax Payers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

		2019			2010	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Village Taxable Assessed Value
Exeter 1350 Munger LLC (DuPage)	\$ 5,403,090	1	0.49%			
Cref X Bartlett (DuPaage)	5,026,160	2	0.46%			
Bluff City LLC (Cook & Kane)	4,681,337	3	0.43%	\$ 4,929,345	5	0.37%
Senior Flexonics (Cook)	4,640,667	4	0.42%	6,913,337	1	0.52%
David O. Welch (Cook & Kane)	4,361,272	5	0.40%	5,729,134	3	0.43%
Cole MT Bartlett IL	3,192,200	6	0.29%			
Tube Way Driave LLC (DuPage)	3,153,340	7	0.29%			
Asphalat Operating Service (Cook)	3,088,380	8	0.28%			
Lee & Associates/Cincinnati (DuPage)	3,024,470	9	0.28%			
Brewster Creek of IL, LLC	2,981,880	10	0.27%			
DJV Activities LLC				6,429,370	2	0.48%
Bartlett Properties				5,369,201	4	0.40%
Spring Lake Estates (Cook)				4,873,550	6	0.36%
Scott Retzloff & Assoc				4,167,150	7	0.31%
Club Meadows LLC				4,140,300	8	0.31%
Northridge Holdings				3,825,288	9	0.29%
Cabot Properties	 			 3,810,240	10	0.28%
	39,552,796		3.61%	50,186,915		3.75%

Data Source: Office of the County Clerk

Note: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers contain multiple parcels, and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Tax Levy Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Tax Levy Year	Tax Extensions			Collections in 2019 for Previous Years	Total Tax Collections	Percentage of Extensions Collected	
2009	\$ 9,332,809	\$ 9,296,538	99.61%	\$ -	\$ 9,296,538	99.61%	
2010	9,301,349	9,234,264	99.28%	-	9,234,264	99.28%	
2011	9,376,569	9,295,788	99.14%	-	9,295,788	99.14%	
2012	9,829,152	9,775,608	99.46%	-	9,775,608	99.46%	
2013	9,748,195	9,672,257	99.22%	-	9,672,257	99.22%	
2014	9,379,140	9,314,305	99.31%	-	9,314,305	99.31%	
2015	9,468,078	9,425,081	99.55%	-	9,425,081	99.55%	
2016	10,766,177	10,666,355	99.07%	10,193	10,676,548	99.17%	
2017	11,157,237	11,048,878	99.03%	-	11,048,878	99.03%	
2018	11,375,026	2,299,210	20.21%	-	2,299,210	20.21%	

Data Source: Cook, DuPage and Kane County Clerk's Office

Note: Amounts exclude road and bridge taxes that are not levied by the Village.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

		Business-Type				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	TIF Bonds	Developer Notes	Capital Lease	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Lease
2010	\$ 15,185,000	24,845,000	\$ 3,083,100	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
2011	14,650,000	23,780,000	4,939,200	95,756	-	-
2012	27,635,000	22,665,000	4,550,500	84,024	-	109,924
2013	27,085,000	21,225,000	4,417,200	72,292	-	84,014
2014	26,759,648	19,740,000	3,917,100	60,560	-	57,084
2015	25,722,882	18,205,000	3,167,500	48,828	-	29,094
2016	24,651,116	16,615,000	8,086,800	37,095	-	-
2017	39,707,100	23,860,000	2,347,501	25,364	-	-
2018	37,955,374	21,820,000	3,457,401	13,631	-	-
2019	36,089,438	19,085,000	11,262,911	1,899	-	178,786

Note: Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

A	ctivities				Total		Danaanta ca	Danaanta aa	
	IEPA Loans Loan Payable		Loans Payable	Total Primary Government		EAV	Percentage of EAV	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
\$	-	\$	-	\$	43,113,100	1,366,342,294	3.16%	2.91%	1,041
	-		-		43,464,956	1,273,402,727	3.41%	2.85%	1,055
	-		-		55,044,448	1,160,701,012	4.74%	3.75%	1,336
	877,319		-		53,760,825	1,059,006,604	5.08%	3.59%	1,305
	2,107,866		-		52,642,258	959,330,352	5.49%	3.51%	1,277
	2,102,413		-		49,275,717	950,037,843	5.19%	3.34%	1,196
	2,013,003		-		51,403,014	957,801,010	5.37%	3.32%	1,247
	1,921,530		13,108,537		80,970,032	1,051,280,552	7.70%	5.06%	1,965
	1,827,945		16,013,723		81,088,074	1,079,712,812	7.51%	5.06%	1,968
	7,783,889		31,015,214		105,417,137	1,098,395,911	9.60%	6.41%	2,558

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	ss: Amounts vailable for Debt Service	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property*	Per Capita
2010	\$ 15,185,000	\$ 952,128	\$ 14,232,872	1.04%	\$ 344
2011	14,650,000	993,146	13,656,854	1.07%	331
2012	27,635,000	1,023,632	26,611,368	2.29%	646
2013	27,085,000	1,128,964	25,956,036	2.45%	630
2014	26,330,000	1,069,855	25,260,145	2.63%	613
2015	25,722,882	2,744,473	22,978,409	2.42%	558
2016	24,651,116	2,224,998	22,426,118	2.34%	544
2017	39,707,100	3,996,920	35,710,180	3.40%	867
2018	37,955,374	3,023,073	34,932,301	3.24%	848
2019	36,089,438	3,031,232	33,058,206	3.01%	802

* See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

Note: Details of the Village's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt	Percentage of Debt Applicable to Village	*	Village's Share of Debt
Village of Bartlett	\$ 66,439,248	100.00 %	\$	66,439,248
Cook County Forest Preserve District Metropolitan Water Reclamation District (3) DuPage County Forest Preserve District (1) Kane County, Forest Preserve District (1) Bartlett Park District (1) Hanover Park District (1) Gail Borden Public Library District Poplar Creek Public Library District Elgin Unit District No. 46 Elgin Community College No. 509 (2) South Elgin and Countryside Fire Prot.Dist.	3,091,151,750 2,505,011,528 132,001,129 139,615,000 21,460,000 1,270,320 8,390,000 14,580,000 237,542,304 168,661,226 9,465,000	$\begin{array}{c} .23 \ \% \\ .24 \ \% \\ 1.81 \ \% \\ .03 \ \% \\ 94.97 \ \% \\ 2.21 \ \% \\ 3.67 \ \% \\ 3.03 \ \% \\ 22.83 \ \% \\ 9.74 \ \% \\ .61 \ \% \end{array}$		7,109,649 6,012,028 2,389,220 41,885 20,380,562 28,074 307,913 441,774 54,230,908 16,427,603 57,737
Total Overlapping Debt	 6,329,148,257			107,427,353
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	 6,395,587,505			173,866,601

Data Sources: Office of the County Clerk - Cook, DuPage and Kane Counties, Illinois

- (1) Excludes principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation (Alternate Revenue Source) Bonds which are expected to be paid from sources other than general taxation.
- (2) Includes original principal amounts of outstanding General Obligation Capital Appreciation Bonds

(3) - Excludes outstanding Debt Certificates

* Determined by ratio of assessed valuation of property subject to taxation in the Village to valuation of property subject to taxation in overlapping unit.

Legal Debt Margin April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and may require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property ... (2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one per cent: ... indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum ... shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Estimated Per Capita Total Personal Personal Income of			Level in Years of	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income	Population		Schooling	Rate
2010	41,402	\$ 35,789	*	C	14	9.70%
2011	41,208	36,972	1,523,542,	176 36.3	14	9.00%
2012	41,208	35,661	1,469,518,	488 35.2	14	8.40%
2013	41,208	36,375	1,498,941,	38.2	14	7.60%
2014	41,208	36,403	1,500,094,	36.7	14	6.10%
2015	41,208	35,839	1,476,853,	500 37.8	14	4.60%
2016	41,208	37,573	1,548,308,	200 38.7	14	5.10%
2017	41,208	38,865	1,601,548,	920 38.8	14	4.20%
2018	41,208	38,865	1,601,548,	920 38.8	14	2.91%
2019	41,208	39,936	1,645,682,	588 38.8	15	3.00%

Data Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Principal Employers - Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

	Percentage of Total Village	Employment	11.25%			2.06%			3.64%	2.88%		2.50%	2.19%	8.00%	2.11%	2.00%	1.88%	38.50%
2010		Rank	1			8			С	4		S	9	0	L	6	10	
		Employees	006			165			291	230		200	175	640	169	160	150	3,080
	Percentage of Total Village	Employment	10.34%	6.25%	5.00%	4.00%	3.75%	3.75%	3.64%	2.66%	2.50%	2.19%						44.08%
2019		Rank	1	0	С	4	S	5	Г	×	6	10						
		Employees	827	432	326	310	300	300	291	230	213	200						3,429
	Year	Established Employees	1946	1902	2012	2006	2009	2015	1965	1983	2014	1992	2008	1902	1891	2000	2009	
		Product	K-12 Education	Metal Frabrication	Pasta and Sauce Products	Food Distributor	Produce Distributor	Food Packaging	Recreation	Grocery/Pharmacy	Cheese Distributor	Restaurant/Banquet Ctr.	Senior Living	Metal Frabrication	Municipal Government	Concrete	Hinge Manufacturer	
		Employer	School Dist. U-46	Senior Flexonics	Rana Meal Soulations	Greco & Sons	Get Fresh Produce	Creative Werks	Bartlett Park District	Jewel - Osco	Cheese Merchants	Cadillac Ranch/Moretti's	Clare Oaks	Senior Flexonics	Village of Bartlett	Welch Brothers, Inc.	S & D Products	

Data Source: Village of Bartlett, Illinois official bond statements; Illinois Manufacturer's Directory

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012
General Government			
Administration	7.66	7.66	7.96
Clerk/Collector	4.00	-	-
Finance	11.00	14.00	14.00
Community Development	9.27	9.27	9.00
Building	8.08	7.08	7.08
Public Safety			
Police	74.50	75.50	75.50
Public Works			
Streets	22.89	22.89	22.89
Water	12.45	12.12	12.12
Sewer	15.79	15.79	15.79
Parking	0.50	1.50	1.50
Golf			
Golf Program	8.62	8.62	8.62
Grounds Maintenance	9.70	9.70	9.70
Food and Beverage	16.23	16.23	17.23
Total Village Employees	200.69	200.36	201.39

Full-Time Equivalent Village Government Employees by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Data Source: Village Operating Budget

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
7.04	0.00	0.00	7.10	7.10	7.10	0.60
7.96	8.08	8.08	7.12	7.12	7.12	9.62
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13.50	13.50	13.50	13.50	12.50	12.50	9.50
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.50	9.50
7.08	7.08	7.08	7.58	7.58	7.80	7.80
73.50	73.50	75.50	75.50	75.50	72.50	72.00
22.89	23.88	23.88	23.88	22.88	21.05	21.22
12.12	12.12	12.12	12.12	10.62	10.54	10.71
15.79	15.79	16.79	16.79	15.29	16.87	17.04
1.50	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
8.62	8.62	8.62	7.62	7.62	8.62	8.62
9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	9.70	8.70	8.70
17.23	17.23	17.23	17.23	17.23	18.23	17.23
100.00		202.00	001.04	106.04	104.42	102.6.1
198.89	200.00	203.00	201.04	196.04	194.43	192.94

Operating Indicators by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Government				
Building and Zoning				
Permits Issued	2,101	3,857	2,083	2,128
Inspections Conducted	5,271	5,068	5,163	5,650
Business Licenses Issued	285	296	447	262
Parking Spaces Available for Metra Lots	770	770	765	765
Public Safety				
Police				
Traffic Collision Investigations	1,147	1,147	1,080	1,100
Incident Investigations	37,769	35,579	35,214	35,931
Traffic Citations	4,441	3,299	2,878	4,078
Parking Citations	5,607	5,100	3,259	4,769
Written Warnings	3,954	4,686	4,264	6,281
Arrests	1,140	2,410	1,858	2,006
Highway and Streets				
Vehicles/Equipment Maintained by Public Works	73	73	74	74
Number of Street Signs Replaced	111	121	191	203
Public Services				
Waterworks and Sewer Systems				
Number of Metered Customers	13,560	13,795	13,519	13,520
Maximum Daily Pumping Capacity (MGD)	10.25	10.25	10.25	10.25
Average Daily Pumpage (Gallons)	3,307,300	3,274,575	3,181,696	3,451,880
Gallons of Water Pumped	1,207,165,000	1,195,220,000	1,164,500,800	1,259,963,200
Gallons of Water Sold (Billed)	1,042,694,000	1,028,529,000	1,028,945,000	1,113,595,000
Water Main Breaks	17	31	16	38
Utilization	86.38%	86.05%	88.35%	88.38%
Culture and Recreation				
Golf Course				
Rounds of Golf	38,842	35,668	38,572	37,218

Data Source: Various Village Departments

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2,552	2,333	3,248	3,175	2,995	2,80
6,360	5,678	5,585	5,505	5,770	6,04
285	295	305	295	392	41
765	765	765	765	736	74
1,048	1,199	1,062	1,138	1,081	98
35,981	32,039	29,871	31,199	31,807	29,72
4,295	3,217	3,241	3,468	2,604	2,64
5,319	4,597	4,742	4,765	4,777	4,17
7,217	6,888	6,818	6,719	6,311	5,46
1,810	851	914	898	865	69
-,					
74	74	74	82	82	8
203	203	62	62	62	6
13,530	12.520	12,520	12 540	13,601	12.49
13,530	13,530	13,530	13,540 10.25		13,48 10.2
3,209,005	10.25 3,170,172	10.25 3,172,367	3,112,412	10.25 3,074,285	3,110,57
,171,286,900	1,157,112,800	1,161,086,300	1,136,030,500	1,122,114,100	1,135,359,50
,014,872,000	990,034,000	968,201,000	967,719,000	982,176,000	1,155,559,50 966,919,00
,014,872,000 41	990,034,000 27	908,201,000 22	907,719,000 14	982,170,000 40	900,919,00
86.65%	85.56%	83.38%	85.18%	87.52%	85.16
80.05%	85.50%	03.3070	05.1070	67.3270	05.10
32,833	32,253	34,013	34,707	32,216	29,79

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program - Last Ten Fiscal Years April 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013
Dublic Cofete				
Public Safety Police				
	1	1	1	1
Stations	1	1	1	1
Area Patrols	5	5	5	5
Patrol Units	37	39	40	39
Highways and Streets				
Streets (Miles)	127	127	127	127
Streetlights	1,544	1,544	1,544	1,544
Waterworks				
Water Mains (Miles)	189	189	189	189
Fire Hydrants	2,047	2,047	2,047	2,047
System Capacity (Gallons)	5,250,000	5,250,000	5,250,000	5,250,000
Sewerage				
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	163	163	163	163
Storm Sewers (Miles)	205	205	205	205
	2,639,000	2,340,000	2,376,000	2,210,900
Treatment Average Load (Gallons)				
Treatment Peak Load Capacity (Gallons)	7,407,000	7,423,000	7,423,000	7,405,000

Data Source: Various Village Departments

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	1	1	1	1	1
5	5	5	5	5	5
41	41	41	41	43	43
127	127	127	174	174	181
1,544	1,544	1,544	1,858	1,858	2,000
189	189	189	193	193	195
2,047	2,047	2,047	2,331	2,331	2,345
5,250,000	5,250,000	5,250,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	6,500,000
163	163	163	167	167	167
205	205	205	221	221	221
2,160,000	2,300,000	2,500,000	2,510,000	2,510,000	2,510,000
7,405,000	7,900,000	7,950,000	7,400,000	7,400,000	7,400,000

Hachment

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

September 5, 2019

The Honorable Village President Members of the Board of Trustees Village of Bartlett, Illinois

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

We have examined management's assertion included in its representation report that the Village of Bartlett, Illinois, with respect to the Bluff City Tax Increment Finance District, complied with the requirements of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) during the year ended April 30, 2019. As discussed in that representation letter, management is responsible for the Village of Bartlett, Illinois' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village of Bartlett, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village of Bartlett, Illinois' compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the Village of Bartlett, Illinois complied with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended April 30, 2019 and is fairly stated in all material respects.

This report in intended solely for the information and use of the President, Board of Trustees, management, and the Illinois Department of Revenue and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lauterbach & Amen. LLP

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP